THE MARION WEEKLY STAR.

VOL. XXVII. NO. 41. MARION, OHIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1912. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

KING PROPOSAL MEETS DEFEAT

Liquor License Plan Killed in Convention.

TWO SUBSTITUTES ARE ALSO DEFEATED

"Middle of Road" Contingent in Control.

Decision Today Clears the Deck for All License Proposals and Shows "Middle of Road" Delegates Are Able To Dictate Terms to Both the Extreme Drys and Extreme Wets. The Vote.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—The King license liquor proposal was killed by a vote of sixty-seven to fifty in the constitutional convention this morning after two substitutes, backed by the drys had also been killed by a closer vote.

The decision clears the deck of all license proposals and shows that the "middle of the road" contingent is in control and able to dictate terms both to the extreme wets and the extreme drys

The first Anderson proposal, which does not refer to license, but simply retains the present power of the legislature over the liquor traffic, is the only liquor measure to escape the knife It will be placed on the calendar for next Tuesday and will be the framework on which license amendments will be hung.

The decisive beating of the King proposal came after Judge King had stated that, if not killed in the convention, he would amend it so as to make it less uncertain in its terms. Even this inducement failed to rally the necessary votes

The first vote was on the second Anderson proposal, a restricted license proposal offered as an amendment yesterday The vote first stood fifty-eight to fifty-eight. Cosser, of Cuyahoga county, then arrived in the room, and voted against it, breaking the tie and killing it.

The Winn Proposal.

The Winn proposal, offered in the form of an amendment by the dry minority of the liquor committee, came next It restricted saloons to one for each 1,000 inhabitants and propided forfeiture of license for law-breaking saloons. It was killed by a vote of sixty-one to fifty-five.

Then came the vote on the King proposal, which was tabled by a vote of sixty-seven to fifty.

"The killing of both wet and dry proposals today means that the convention intends to adopt finally a proposition that will provide for restricted licenses," said Wayne B. Wheeler, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league. "Just how stringent these restrictions will be I can not say."

The liquor lobby also admitted that the proposal that will be finally adopted will contain restrictions.

Delegate Anderson, the dry leader, said his restricted license proposal which was killed today, would have passed if it had not attempted to limit the number of saloons to one to every 750 of population.

Four Plans Considered.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—The liquor debate, which lasted until 3:30 last night, was resumed at 9 o'clock this morning in the constitutional convention, with the understanding that vote should commence shortly after ten.

Four propositions are pending, two by Anderson, one by King and one by Winn. The Winn and Anderson proposals are for restricted license of the kind favored by most of the drys The King proposal for unrestricted license is favored by the wets, who admit that they lack votes to carry it in its present form. They propose to amend it before allowing it to go to vote, so as to make it less ambiguous.

The acceptance of any of these propositions today will be merely preliminary and will mean that, after engrossment, another vote must be taken next Tuesday for passage.

The committee on banks and banking has decided to recommend to the convention the passage of the proposal of Earnhart, of Warren, providing for double liability of bank stockholders. This would restore the system in vogue up to the time the law was amended.

The Initiative.

The initiative and referendum proposal, agreed upon by a conference, initiative and referendum will be given final consideration before the convention commences considering that question next Tuesday night.

The meeting of the committee at which it was decided that the report should be printed and distributed among the members so that they may be prepared to give the matter thorough consideration at that time.

Before this action was taken, charges were made that the steam roller was being used. These charges were made by Delegate Halfhill, of Allen county; Lampson, of Ashtabula county, and Evans, of Scioto county.

Delegate Bowdle's proposal to permit prosecutors to comment on the failure of a defendant to testify in a criminal case, was recommended for passage by the judiciary committee today.

The failure of a defendant to testify, says the proposal, shall be treated as a fact in evidence and shall be a proper subject of comment.

The proposal was warmly supported in committee by Delegate Woods, of Medina county, who has been prosecutor of the county.

Meteor Hits Home.

Neinah, Wis., Feb. 29.—A red hot meteor fell upon the house of Stephen Seemlock, here, and knocked a large hole in the roof. The family narrowly escaped being hit.

Gotham's 1911 Babes.

New York, Feb. 29.—Figures announced by the department of health show that 134,542 babies were born in the city during the year 1911.

900,000 MEN OUT ON STRIKE

The Coal Miners of England Lay Down Tools.

TIE-UP OF MINES IS NOW COMPLETE

More Than 1,000,000 Men May Soon Be Out.

Compulsory Legislation by Parliament Is Now Only Hope of the Officials To Settle the Trouble—The Meetings of Strikers and Employers Prove Futile—Each Side Is Stubborn.

London, Feb. 29.—Compulsory legislation by parliament is now the last hope of the officials to settle the big coal miners' strike which, up to late this afternoon, had affected more than 900,000 men and was expected to involve more than 1,000,000 before midnight.

The tie-up of the mines throughout the country is complete. Many of the men quit ahead of time, and those who remained at work did so only until their notice to their employers of intention to quit, compulsory under the law, became effective.

Today's meetings of the strike committee and the employers proved futile. Each side stood stubbornly by its original position, the representatives of the men explaining they had no choice, that the rank and file insisted on a minimum wage scale and had voted to strike to enforce it.

Troops Ready.

Meanwhile, the garrisons in every army fort and post in the country are in readiness for instant use. Troops, however, will not be called out unless absolutely necessary. So far, the temper of the men is excellent. Their leaders have urged them to remain quietly at home.

The special cabinet council adjourned without action. Premier Asquith explained that parliament would have to act to establish a minimum wage scale and a further conference will be held tonight to decide how that can be done.

The situation tonight was most serious. Few industries have a reserve store of fuel on hand and may have to close down, adding their thousands to the many already idle. This may cause rioting, as the majority of the industrial workers have little money to buy food when their wage earning ability is interrupted.

NOTED ASTRONOMER CELEBRATES TODAY

Born in 1820, He Celebrates His Twenty-Second Birthday.

Binghampton, N. Y., Feb. 29.—Dr. Lewis Swift, the noted astronomer, today celebrated his twenty-second birthday, although born February 29, 1820. He has discovered fifteen comets and 1,300 new groups of stars. His books on astronomy are standard works

A QUADRENNIAL REUNION HELD

Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 29.—Charles Crozier, ninety-six years old, celebrated his twenty-third birthday today. Six children, fifteen grandchildren and two great-grandchildren joined in reunion.

MAKE JUAREZ STORM CENTER

Vasquistas Outline Plan for Campaign.

MADERO DECLARES HE WILL NOT RESIGN

Says He Can Quiet Trouble in Few Weeks.

In the Meantime, However, the Rebels Grow in Strength and Plan To Take Ciudad Chihuahua, Plans Being Perfected for Moving 2,500 Men to the Capital—Campa Is Very Sanguine.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 29.—That Juarez will be the storm center of the Vasquista revolution in Mexico for some time to come, is indicated in advices received in this city from Mexico City today. When the Vasquistas tomorrow move the bulk of their forces upon Chihuahua, the Mexican government, it is said, will send a sufficient force to retake Juarez.

In a private dispatch from Mexico City, it is said President Madero has stated finally that he has no idea of resigning the presidency or of giving up Juarez, the chief port of entry in northern Mexico.

The Juarez custom-house has been officially closed by Madero and officially opened by order of General Ynez Salazar, one of the rebel commanders. Goods for export through it are not refused by the American custom-house on this side, but no goods are offered for export Shippers are not willing to take the chances.

Plan for March.

Plans have been pertected for moving 2,500 Vasquistas from Juarez to Chihuahua Friday morning. It is not expected the Chihuahua garrisan will resist and Vasquistas assert that General Pascual Orozco will assume command of their forces after today. A garrison of 200 men will be left in Juarez.

The Vasquista forces in Juarez are still waiting the word from Emilio Campa that will start them on the march against Ciudad Chihuahua.

Although complete quiet reigns in Juarez, Campa wishes to give his troops a few days' rest before returning southward. He declares his confidence that Chihuahua will be captured as easily as was Juarez, and then, he says, his force will march against the national capital itself. In the assault on Mexico City, it is expected that the Vasquistas will have the support of the Zapatistas and other rebel forces worrying Madero's troops in the south.

A telegram from President Madero at Mexico City insists that his troops are sufficient to restore quiet all over the republic in a few weeks.

Sails for Mexico.

Rome, Feb. 29.—Summoned by President Madero, Colonel Beppino Garibaldi sailed for Mexico today to take command of the federal army, in an effort to suppress the Vasquista revolt.

Garibaldi was one of Madero's chief lieutenants in the rebellion against the Diaz government. He is held in high esteem as a military officer, and the fact that Madero sent for him was taken to indicate here that the Mexican president believes he is facing a really serious situation.

THEATRICAL STARS IN THE MOVING-PICTURES

Bernhardt, Rejane and Sir Herbert Tree To Appear.

New York, Feb. 29.—Vaudeville, then the "movies!"

Madame Sarah Bernhardt, Sir Herbert Tree and Madame Rejane, after listening to the lure of the "two-a-day," have agreed that they will also lend themselves as attractions for the moving-pictures. At the offices of the Kinemacolor company here today, it was announced that contracts for the appearance of the three noted stars, European leaders of the dramatic profession, have been signed. Tree will appear in the vaudeville sketch he is now presenting in London music halls, but the French actresses will perpetuate their great successes, Bernhardt in "Camille" and Rejane in "Madame Sans Gene."

Charles Urban, inventor of the Kinemacolor process, who arrived here recently from India, where he portrayed the durbar, will sail for London to arrange for portraying the stars.

Shower of Worms.

Bergen Point, N. J., Feb. 29.—During a storm a shower of sand worms fell upon the deck of the ferryboat Bayonne City, Captain William Duffy swears it's true

PITTSBURGH GOATS CAUSING TROUBLE

Pittsburgh, Feb. 29.—A flock of goats in Bon Air, a South Side district, is causing so much trouble that city council has been asked to take action to compel the owners to keep them confined.

THE KNOX PARTY ABOARD THE CRUISER, WASHINGTON, ENROUTE TO CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICAN POINTS

The first photograph of Secretary Knox and his party, taken on board the United States cruiser, Washington, just before leaving Key West, Florida, for the South American and Central American diplomatic trip. The party, reading from left to right, not including the navel officers on board, are P. C. Knox, Jr., and wife, Hugh S. Knox and wife, Mrs, Philander C. Knox and Secretary of State Philander C. Knox.

DYNAMITE PLOT AT LAWRENCE

It's Another Plant, Declare the Labor Leaders.

END OF STRIKE IS BELIEVED IN SIGHT

Mayor of Lawrence and Wool Trust Man Confer.

Go to Lawrence and Do Something, Commissioner of Labor Neill Is Told by Uncle Sam and Neill Acts at Once—He Hopes To Bring Employers and Employes Together To Settle the Difficulties.

Lawrence, Mass., Feb. 29.—That the dynamite, reported from Philadelphia as found under cars in a train of goods by the American Woolen company, was "merely another plant," was the statement today of "Lawrence strike leaders. They suggested that, if the dynamite actually was found, local detectives had tied it to the cars because they had to get rid of it.

"The only dynamite so far located here," said Strike Leader William D. Haywood, today, "was that planted by the detectives employed by the mill owners. Proof of that plant, produced in court, resulted in the holding of Commissioner of Schools Breen for trial on a charge of bringing it here to discredit our cause.

"The state police reported another dynamite plot last week. When we demanded that they prove their charge, they soon quit. Then the federal officials got busy and it is decidedly probable some local detectives with dynamite on their hands had to get rid of it in a hurry. It will be easy to trace this dynamite so mysteriously 'found' to the factory and then it can be easily learned to whom it was sold."

Leaders Jubilant.

The strike leaders were jubilant today. They had learned that after eight weeks of idleness they seemed about to gain everything for which they have been fighting. The activity of the federal authorities, they said, was responsible for Mayor Scanlon's visit to President Wood, of the wool trust, in Boston yesterday, at which he suggested that the mill owners restore the old scale and grant an advance to all employes receiving less than eight dollars a week.

"We have the strike won," declared Haywood, today. "We have gained the moral victory in the minds of the people of the United States that precedes material victory. The trust knows its pet child, schedule K, is in danger at Washington, and it realizes the people of the United States are aroused to end Russian tactics here But they can not prevent the real truth of what is going on here from becoming public. The people already have found out."

What Figures Show.

Statistics compiled today show conclusively the changed attitude of the police and military since the federal investigators arrived. Saturday there were forty arrests; Monday, thirty; Tuesday, forty-two, charged with picketing, obstructing the sidewalk, and violation of city ordinances. With federal investigators in town yesterday there were two arrests and early today, none. The pickets have been much more in evidence yesterday and today than at any time since the strike started.

Less than fifty per cent. of the operatives were at work today and the vast majority were the skilled workers who have taken no part in the strike. Less than half of one per cent. of the unskilled employes are working.

Neill on Ground.

Washington, Feb. 29.—With Commissioner of Labor Charles P. Neill personally on the ground, reinforcing in Lawrence, Massachusetts, the expert investigators of the departments of justice and of commerce and labor, speedy settlement of the labor trouble was looked for by government officials today.

"Go to Lawrence and do something," was the gist of an order given Neill and, because of his success in settling other big labor disputes, the department officials hope that he will be able to bring together employers and employed in the mill city.

Meanwhile, the preparations for the hearing of the Berger resolution providing for a probe of the strike tomorrow were completed by Representatives Berger and Wilson today. The rules committee will listen to the story of 100 men, women and children from the strike-ridden town who will tell of actual working conditions.

Views of Howells.

New York, Feb. 29.—Dean of American authors and great lover of children, William D. Howells, today, feels deeply the indignities which he says were heaped upon the innocent children of the strikers at Lawrence, Massachusetts. On the eve of his seventy-fifth birthday anniversary, he today expressed his views on the situation to the United Press, as follows:

"It is an outrage. Could any one think it is anything else?

"I can not thing of any more outrageous thing that could have been done at Lawrence than for the police to prevent these innocent sufferers in the strike from being sent to places where they could be properly cared for, while the parents fought the battle for better working and living conditions.

"I can see no possible excuse for such treatment of either parents or children as that reported from Lawrence."

SANDLES PUTS THE PUZZLERS TO FARMERS

Asks All Sorts of Questions on Current Subjects.

Columbus, O, Feb. 29.—A. P. Sandles, secretary of the state board of agriculture, today mailed out questions to 2,000 farmers in all sections of the state in an effort to determine how the farmers feel toward the biggest proposals now being considered by the constitutioanal convention.

Sandles asks: Should the law permit nine out of twelve men on a jury to return a verdict?

Do you favor the state bond issue of $50,000,000 for good roads.

Do you favor saloon license? Ballot for women?

Would you favor exempting wood lands from taxation as a means of preserving our forests and climate?

Sandles also inquires if it pays to keep honey bees; if farmers' boys smoke cigarets; if farmers consider homes only as a place to eat and sleep and winds up by asking what is the best way to "boost" Ohio.

Lumber Yards Burn.

Attleboro, Mass., Feb. 29.—Fire believed to have been caused by sparks from locomotives, today, destroyed the lumber yards of G. A. Pullen & Company, in South Attleboro. Loss $175.000.

ROOSEVELT TO TAKE CHARGE

Colonel Wants To Manage Own Campaign.

OLIVER CARPENTER NOW OUT OF A JOB

Roosevelt Will Put Another Man in Place.

Carpenter Is Man Selected To Run Things in New York for the Colonel, but Roosevelt Fires Him After Half-Hour Conference—McCormick and Others See the Colonel.

New York, Feb. 29.—Colonel Roosevelt assumed charge of his own campaign here today. Arriving at his office in the Outlook, he sent for Oliver C. Carpenter, selected to manage the campaign of the "New York Roosevelt committee," and the latter had a decidedly unpleasant half hour with his new chief. The colonel demanded the reason why the names of the club supporters have been withheld from the public and ordered that they be given out as soon as possible.

Roosevelt then gathered Medill McCormick, Frank Knox, chairman of the Michigan Republican state committee, and Senator Joseph Dixon, of Montana, into a conference. It was understood that he wanted Dixon to assume personal charge of his boom and Knox to take charge of the headquarters to be established in Chicago.

Opposition Lines Up.

Before going into the conference, McCormick said that a report that he was disgruntled because Dixon was the Roosevelt choice for campaign manager, was untrue and "silly." He said that he had helped persuade Dixon to take the post as he was "the best man for the job."

While this conference was in progress, William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the Republican state committee, was conferring with his lieutenants regarding the best methods of lining up the state for Taft. It was intimated that one result of Barnes' recent conference with President Taft at Washington, was the decision that if the president is renominated, his running mate will be Vice President James S. Sherman. The New York delegation will support Taft in return for the administration's endorsement of the Utica man.

Three Busy Delegates.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—Of 279 proposals intrduced to date in the constitutional convention, three men have introduced a total of seventy-four. The records show that thirty-seven delegates have not fathered a single proposition.

Hard on the Birds.

Mt Vernon, Ills., Feb. 29.—Game Warden Wood states that twenty-five per cent. of the quail and forty per cent. of the song birds froze to death or starved during the recent cold spell.

SELLS MUSTACHE TO HELP CHURCH

Murrayville, Ills., Feb. 29.—George McAllister sacrificed his long, silky mustache for $10, auctioning it to the highest bidder to boost the building fund of the local Methodist church.

VETERAN BEEF PACKER'S TALE

Told to Chicago Court in Trial of Meat Men.

BRIEF HISTORY OF PACKING INDUSTRY

Battle of Competitors One of Cut and Slash.

Real Veteran of the Packing Business, Ferdinand Sulzberger, Takes Stand and Explains to Jury How He Had To Fight for Existence in His Battle with Swift, Armour and Morris Interests.

Chicago, Feb. 29.—Declaring that year in and year out, he had fought the beef combine; that ever since he started in the packing business in 1868 he had borne the brunt of the combined attacks of allied interests, Ferdinand Sulzberger, seventy-two years of age, the real veteran of the packing industry, today, continued his story before the jury in Judge Carpenter's court where ten men, heads of the alleged beef trust, are on trial.

"I fought the other concerns at every turn," declared the veteran, when asked if he had not sought agreements that would protect his territory. "We held many conferences and I opposed them in conference as well as in the market. I lost many battles. I received many scars and my power was weakened by the failure of those I considered loyal to me."

Then Sulzberger described some of the compromises he was forced to enter into when he found himself on the defense before the allied interests of the industry.

With the glam of battle still in his eyes, the veteran told how he had been brought into the conferences in 1900 when the Veeder dream for a $1,000,000,000 meat combine was being planned. His company was to be merged with the others. The moment the scheme failed, and he saw there was a chance for him to operate alone, Sulzberger declared he again took the field, single-handed, to fight for business against the Armour, Swift, Morris and Cudahy interests.

Changes Plans Often.

"We made all the money we could. We charged high prices when we thought we could get them and we lowered our prices when business grew slack. Yes, I changed my plans often. I varied prices to suit the needs of the moment. Often, I changed my whole plan of business at night when my competitors were asleep and I thought I could get an advantage over them," he said.

Then he told of the first serious blow that was dealt his company which forced him to agree to a reorganization. He learned that Frederick Joseph, vice president of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company, had sold his interest to Edward Tilden and Louis H. Swift, his most bitter rivals. This interest was sufficient to prevent him carrying on the business as he desired. The Josephs were discharged and a reorganization perfected in Tilden and Swift got non-voting stock.

Sulberger declared that he used the same general methods of computing costs and selling prices as those described by employes of the allied concerns. He declared, however, that he never figured on a fictitious basis by disallowing credits to his beef department for hides and other by-products of cattle.

PLEADS GUILTY AND GETS A $500 FINE

George L. Ruggles, of Columbus, Is Broken in Health.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—Broken in health and tottering under the weight of his advanced age, George L. Ruggles, sixty-eight, former member of the Ruggles-Gale company, stationery and blank book supply house of Columbus, entered a plea of guilty to one of the several indictments pending against him for two years for bribing state and county officials. In view of his plea of guilty, his poor health and advanced age, Ruggles was let off with a $500 fine.

The specific charge to which he plead guilty was of bribery in giving William Ball, clerk in the state fire marshal's office, $100 in 1904 to influence that department's selection of a place to buy stationery.

Judge Pays the Fine.

Chicago, Feb. 29.—Patrick Conroy got a job with a packing company and stole six lamb chops for his starving family. They had eaten no meat for weeks. Judge Rooney fined him one dollar and paid the fine himself

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AN INTERESTING TALK ON ROAD BUILDING

Engineer Seitz Talks to the Local Road Officials.

OFFERS GOOD REASONS FOR BETTER ROADS

Good Roads Increase the Value of Farms and Benefit Merchants by Enlarging the Radius of Trade. The Meeting Proves Profitable for All in Attendance.

A number of Marion county officials, who have something to do with road building, including county commissioners, township trustees and pike commissioners, were instructed on the subject of "Good Roads," Thursday, in the county commissioner's office, at a meeting called for the purpose by the state highway commissioner. Although the attendance of the various road officials was not as large as had been anticipated the small room was overflowing. In the audience was a number of contractors. Before the meeting, which was called to order by President Henry Seiter, of the board of commissioners, shortly after 10 o'clock, material salesmen thronged the corridors.

The various road officials were instructed by Division Engineer D. W. Seitz, and Constructing Engineer Clifford Shoemaker, of the state highway department.

Division Engineer Seitz, at the outset of his address, said the main purpose of the state in holding similar meetings over Ohio was to correlate and harmonize the efforts of all organizations working for road improvement, and to strive for wise, equitable and uniform road construction. He declared the campaign for better roads in Ohio has only begun, and that it is proposed to bring the people to a full realization of the necessity and value of good roads everywhere.

The speaker complimented Marion county's manner of road-building, and was greatly pleased to know that the county boasted of nearly 400 piked roads. At considerable length he pointed out how good road construction will benefit the farmer, because it will increase the value of his farm, by reason of the fact that his crops will be more profitable, the cost of hauling to market reduced.

Good roads will benefit the merchants, he said, because good roads enlarge their trading radius and make it possible for purchasers to reach them daily, thereby increasing their sales, and because good public roads are commercial feeders. Every improvement to them means greater prosperity to the city through increased agricultural production and greater stimulus to industries, he declared.

It was further pointed out how good roads will be of great benefit to the banker, the hotel proprietor, the manufacturer, the automobile owner, the horse owner, etc.

Division Engineer Seitz gave many statistics of an interesting nature. Following his address, Constructing Engineer Shoemaker and Mr. Seitz answered questions asked by those interested.

The meeting was declared to have been very profitable.

So much interest was manifested that it was decided to extend the meeting over until that afternoon, when the two representatives from the state highway department continued their instruction on road construction.

Marion county this year, will receive $7,500 from the state for road building. This amount can be used for building a new road or rebuilding an old one, as the commissioners see fit. The work, however, must be done under the supervision of the state highway department. The local commissioners will make application for the state aid before May 1, the date set by the state department, when they will specify how and where the money is to be used in the construction work.

Strong opposition developed to the new state bonding scheme for the building of roads at the afternoon meeting of county road officials being conducted by Division Engineer D. W. Seitz and Constructing Engineer Clifford Shoemaker, of the state highway department, in the courthouse Thursday.

A number of leading farmers, who are connected with Marion county road building in an official capacity, wanted to know if it would be right for this county to help build roads in other counties when it must pay on its duplicate a return equal to that of any other county with a duplicate of similar size, while other counties in the state have expended little or nothing for pike construction will get the greater part of the state expenditure.

The opposition became so pronounced that one man was taken from the room when he persisted in interrupting Engineer Shoemaker, who was trying to explain away the objections made to the state bonding scheme.

"You can't convince me that it is right for us to pay for construction of roads in Meigs county or any other backward road building county when we have built so many good roads at our own expense," said one man.

It was at this point a man in the audience became greatly excited and called Shoemaker a "four-flusher" and a few other names equally as flattering.

After the excitement had died down as a result of this incident, Engineer Shoemaker proceeded to say that the state unit system of road building was a good thing and insisted that Marion county or other counties like it ought not to be selfish in the matter. He declared road building was one of the most important questions before the country today. He said that it would be a question of only a short time when the government itself would lend its financial aid. He could see no reason why the rich counties should not aid the poor counties of the state in road building.

MEEKER NOTES OF THE PAST FEW DAYS

People Visiting at Village and in the Vicinity.

Meeker, O., Feb. 30.—[Special.]—Marie Davis returned home from a visit with her sister, Mrs. C. G. Davis, of Marion.

Lawson Borland spent Monday in Richwood.

Mr. and Mrs. William Deal, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Luvisi and Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Thomasson were entertained Sunday at Ferris Day's home.

Miss Wanda Hedges, of Marion, returned home, Sunday, after visiting her sister Mrs. George Kennedy.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey McIntire spent Saturday with friends in the country.

E. E. Mason returned, Saturday, after making a trip to Columbus.

Mrs John Hogan is slowly recovering from an attack of paralysis.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cookston made a business trip to Cleveland last week.

Revival meetings are being held at the Paw-Paw church by the pastor.

Donald Cookston visited, Saturday, with his grandparents Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moon.

Robert Hedges, of Marion, was a guest, Sunday, at the Wagner home.

Charles Mort, of Marion, was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Kennedy, Sunday.

Thomas Moon, Jr., of Marion, visited friends in Meeker, Monday evening

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Davis and daughter, Gladys, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Rhoads, west of town.

William Mears went to Marseilles, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Baer and children, of Morral, spent a couple of days this week with Mr. and Mrs. James Guthrie.

Mr. and Mrs. James McIntire, of Marion, were guests at the McIntire home west of town, several days this week.

Charles Guthrie and sister, Mrs. Earl Thomas, were at Marion, Monday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. George Shearer entertained a few guests, Sunday.

The Epworth league social which was to have been held February 27, was postponed.

The sale held Tuesday on the McIntire farm was largely attended. The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church furnished lunch and dinner, and realized a neat profit.

REFORMED CHURCH SOCIETY MEETING

Mrs. Dora Corbin Is Hostess to the Members.

Waldo, O., Feb. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Dora Corbin entertained the Ladies' Aid society of the Reformed church at her home, Wednesday afternoon.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Thursday, March 7, at the Home of Mrs. John Shroats.

Friends from out of town attending the funeral of Mrs. Charles P. Groll, Monday, were: Mrs. Maggie Kenny, Mr. and Mrs. William Kenny and daughter, Inez, of Marion, and Mrs Elizabeth Lott and daughter, Lorena, of Tiffin.

Miss Ruth Watson has returned home after a three-months' visit with friends in Indiana.

Dr. and Mrs B. D. Osborn were Marion visitors, Wednesday.

Mr. F. M. Francis, of Marion, visited at Waldo, Friday.

Miss Lettie Schaaf and Walter Cole, of near Ashley, were guests, Saturday and Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Schaaf.

Mrs. Meigs Selanders and Mrs John Selanders were Marion visitors, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McKinsey were guests, Sunday, of Delaware friends.

Mrs. Nathan Luellen returned the latter part of the week from Kirkpatrick, where she was called by the death of the infant child of Mr and Mrs Welcome Leuellen.

Homer place spent Saturday at Marion

The folowing out-of-town relatives and friends were here, Monday attending the funeral of Mrs. Jacob Akron John Akron, of Columbus Grove; Charles Shroats, of Vanlue; John Shroats, Camden, Michigan; Lewis Akron and daughter, Mr and Mrs Clement Emery, of Prospect; James Shoats and family, of Westfield; Mr. and Mrs Marion Shroats, of Ashley; Mr. and Mrs Hugh Akron Mr. and Mrs Vernon Shoats, Mr and Mrs Roscoe Oborn, and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Oborn, Mrs. J R Smith, Mrs Charles Hostetter, Mr and Mrs. Wesley King and Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Hipple, of Marion

Mrs. Jasper Jones fell, while going out of the back door of her home, Tuesday, and broke her right arm

Mr and Mrs George Cook were Marion visitors, Tuesday

Marc Klak, of Klaw & Erlanger, has a French farce called "The Little Cafe," which will be made into a musical play like "The Pink Lady."

THE MORRAL MUSICAL CLUB IS ENTERTAINED.

Evening Is Given to Music and Social Diversions.

THE SCHULTZ HOME IS SCENE OF AFFAIR

Leon Garwood Is Kicked by a Horse and Suffers Injuries That Require Surgical Attention—Some Notes of Interest Gathered During Week at Morral.

Morral, O., Feb. 29.—[Special.]—Miss Hazel and Mr. Harold Schultz entertained the members of the Musical club, Friday evening. Music and various social diversions were enjoyed. Refreshments were served.

Ernest Collins spent Sunday in Marion, the guest of his brother, William Collins.

Miss Inez Snider, of Harpster, spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. V. Retterer.

Mr. and Mrs. Black, of Carey, were guests at the home of their son, Irwin Black, Sunday.

Miss Mary Fish spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in Green Camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Justice spent a few days this week with the latter's sister, Mrs. Frank Barr, south of here

Ola Landon spent Sunday with Harold Schultz.

William Baldwin attended an automobile show in Columbus last week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Cookston, of Marion, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Horsch.

Fred Neff, of Big Island, spent a few days last week at the home of his uncle, William Miller.

Leon Garwood, living on the C. H Halsey farm, was badly injured by a kick from a horse, last Friday. Dr. J. W. Jolley rendered surgical aid

Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor is visiting relatives at Portsmouth and Raredon.

William Crawford, of Marion, was a guest at the F L. Berry home, Sunday.

Miss Alice Crow, of Marion, spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs Ambrose Baldwin.

Jesse McWherter and little son, of Marion, visited Mr. and Mrs. George Drake, Sunday.

Mrs. Elijah Case visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Newland near Harpster, last week.

Charles Hoch visited relatives and friends in Findlay from Wednesday until Monday.

Mrs B. M. Jones spent a few days last week at the home of her sister, Mrs. Vernol Young, at Big Island.

Mr. and Mrs. C F. Ritter returned home, Wednesday evening, after an extended visit with friends in Missouri and Florida.

Harold Schultz and George Lowe were Marion visitors, Friday.

Mrs. Earl Warner was a Delaware visitor, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cook and sons, Carl and Harold, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clinger.

Grant Lynn returned to his home in Columbus, Sunday evening, after a two-week's visit at the J. T. Ballinger home.

Miss Edith Miner, of Marion, was a week-end visitor at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Miner.

Mrs Adelia Pierce, Mrs. Bertha Fisher and daughter, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Stouffer, Sunday.

Master Raymond Cookston, of Marion, visited his grandmother, Mrs W. H Horsch, from Friday until Sunday

Mr and Mrs George Caskey, Mrs P. M. Swihart, Mrs. G. W. Mahaffey, and Dwight Stouffer were Marion visitors, Monday.

Mr and Mrs Ross Miller, of Upper Sandusky, were guests at the Henry Clinger home, Sunday

Mr and Mrs Earl Herr, of Marion, spent Saturday night and Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs James Parker.

George Davis, of Meeker, was a business visitor here, Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr and Mrs. W R Hoistand, Sunday.

Miss Sarah Loudenslager is visiting Mr and Mrs T. J. Lucas.

C C. Cline was a Columbus visitor, Saturday

J P. Brady, C D. Hudson, Leonard Swihavel, W W Morral, Dwight Stouffer, Harry Hall, George Swihavel, F Hall, Miss Verdella Brady, Mr and Mrs S M Stouffer were Marion visitors Saturday

Mrs A Martin is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs William Gump, south of here

Mrs C C Cline and son, Paul, visited from Saturday until Monday with Mrs Cline's sister, Mrs. Harvey Alheim, of Nevada

Joseph Blosser, of Wyandot, was a visitor here Tuesday

Mr and Mrs Pearl Parker and children Gertrude and Paul, spent Sunday with Mr and Mrs James Parker

Mr and Mrs. S C Baker and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs E E Newland, near Harpster.

Carl Lewis is attending a hardware dealers' convention in Cleveland this week

Mrs Eugene Harman and daughters, Mildred and Beatrice, spent Monday and Tuesday wth Mr. and Mrs Iden, near Harpster.

Mrs F H Wiley is ill.

Mrs Carl Lewis spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. Herman, at Marion, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Alkire attended a birthday party for R. O. Riley, at Marion, Saturday night.

Finger Crushed.

Frank Baldwin, an employe of the Marion Steam Shovel company, had the index finger of his right hand crushed in an accident while he was at work about 6:30 o'clock Thursday morning.

Miss Alice Temple, the eight-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Temple, of Weed street, who has been seriously ill of pneumonia, is slightly improved.

HARRINGTON HOME SCENE OF GATHERING

Club Members Pass a Pleasant Evening.

THREE CANDIDATES ADMITTED TO CLUB

Caledonia Knights of Pythias Confer Rank on One Candidate—An Important Session of the Odd Fellows — A Universalist Church Affair—Some Village Notes.

Caledonia, O., Feb 29.—[Special.]—The Misses Gertrude and Emma Harrington were hostesses to the X Y Z club, last Saturday afternoon. Three candidates were initiated during the business session, after which light refreshments were served. Those present were the Misses Georgia Waugh, Margaret Underwood, Ethel May, Ethel Nufer, Fern Rinker, Alice Hinds and Irene Rinker.

George Glathart, of Cleveland, was the guest of his sisters, Misses Margaret and Winifred Glathart, the first of the week.

The knight rank was conferred on one candidate by the Knights of Pythias, Monday evening. The page rank will be given one candidate next Monday evening, and a stag social will be enjoyed.

J. C. Irwin began his duties in the Caledonia Deposit bank Monday morning.

Mrs. M. T. Hart has been seriously ill the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kreis and Miss Stella Stark, of Marion, were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Kring, last Sunday.

Two candidates were given the second degree by the members of the I. O. O. F. lodge, Tuesday evening. The initiatory degree will be conferred on three candidates at their meeting next Tuesday evening. A large number of Odd Fellows were present to witness the work.

Mrs. G. W. Glasco and daughter, Greeta, of Lancaster, are guests at the home of G. B. Stewart since Wednesday.

The ladies of the Universalist church will give a social and bazaar in the town hall Saturday, March 9. A small admission fee will be charged, which will be used for the benefit of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Irey and son, Edwin, were guests of relatives in Cleveland from Monday until Wednesday

The "Yankee Detective" will be played in the opera-house here, Friday evening, March 8, by the Bunker Hill theatrical troupe, a company of young people from near Galion.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Shrontz, of Utica, were guests of Rev. and Mrs. C. A. R. Edgington from Thursday until Saturday.

George Crow, a former resident of this place, but now of Hamilton, Indiana, is visiting with old friends here this week.

William Gist and family have moved from the Tedrow property on south Water street to the residence they recently purchased on north High street

John Resler was in Cleveland several days last week on business.

Miss Coral Douce was entertained by friends in Delaware several days last week

Mrs Bertha Ehlers visited friends and relatives at Marion a few days last week

Miss Mary Carpenter, of Bellefontaine, was the guest of her uncle, Matthew Fields and family, of south of town, from Friday until Sunday.

A box social will be given by the young men's Junior club in the town hall, Friday evening, March 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Otha Campbell, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Campbell and Mrs. Louise Osborn, Monday.

The Twentieth Century club gave a box social at the Memorial church parlors Friday evening. The attendance was good and a very enjoyable evening was spent. The club is composed of the young boys of Mrs A M Dilts' Sunday-school class.

Miss Wave Baker was the guest of relatives in Delaware, several days last week

Misses Virginia Underwood and Gertrude Seckel left for Cleveland, Monday, where they will attend the millinery openings and buy new spring goods.

Mrs J H. Dana was called to Cardington last week by the serious illness of a brother.

Mrs Nora Burt left, Monday morning, for Shelby, after a three-weeks visit with friends here

Mrs Louise Dunton and son, George, of Marion were the guests of Rev and Mrs. C. A. R Edgington, Saturday and Sunday.

Washington's birthday was fittingly observed by appropriate programs in the various rooms at the public school, Thursday afternoon. A number of visitors were present.

THE RICHWOOD BOARD OF EDUCATION MEETS

Matter of Erecting a New High School Building.

AN IMPROVEMENT IS BADLY NEEDED

The Will of Clarence Snowden Is Probated—The Funeral of the Late David H. Kyle—Number of Relatives from a Distance Are in Attendance—Richwood Notes.

Richwood, O., Feb. 29.—[Special.]—The Richwood board of education held its regular meeting, Thursday evening, in Dr. H. C. Duke's office and transacted routine business, paying a number of bills. The board will soon be compelled to consider the question of erecting a new High school building, as the present building, which was erected in 1875, is badly crowded. The old heating system proved very inadequate during the past few months and it is believed that it will soon be necessary to install new heating apparatus.

Mrs. J. L. Horn and Mrs. Charles Shipley have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Albright, of Columbus, since Tuesday

Mrs. T. P. James and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, are visiting friends in Radnor.

The will of Clarence Snowden, late of Richwood, has been probated. He died February 6, 1912. All of the property, both real and personal, including moneys, notes, credits, certificates of stock, securities, household goods, etc., goes to the widow, Ethel Snowden, who is named as executor without bond. The will was executed January 25, 1912, a short time before testator's death and was witnessed by F. M. Wurtsbaugh and W. D. Cameron. The estate is valued at $3,000. The deceased was married to Miss Ethel F. Wheeler, March 20, 1910. The appraisers of the estate are John Moore, Elmer Hall and A. J. Miller.

Mrs. Elzina Cheney and Miss Maude Hough spent Saturday and Sunday with the former's daughter, Mrs. J. W. Jolley, of Marion.

The following relatives were called here from a distance, last week, by the death of the late David H. Kyle, of south Franklin street: Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Larcomb and Mrs. Harry Compton, of Columbus; Mr. and Mrs. Imbody, Kyle Little and Paul Kyle, of Marion, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Little, of Prospect.

Glenn Pettey, a student in Ohio Northern university, Ada, spent a few days during the past week, with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Pettey, north of Richwood.

Alvin LaRue, of Marion, was the guest, Sunday, of A. N. LaRue and family.

Paul M. Warren, a former Richwood boy, who spent the past two years in the Philippine islands, as a private in the United States army, arrived in Monterey, California, a few days ago, on the transport Thomas. He will be stationed at Monterey for the present and at the expiration of his term of enlistment, will visit in Richwood.

Miss Maude Dean left, Sunday, for Galion, where she is enjoying a week's vacation from her duties in Carmean's store.

O. W. Ullom was the guest, Sunday and Monday, of his mother, at Marysville.

Miss Marie Moore has returned from a visit of several weeks with friends in Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Fifer have been the guests of relatives in Salem, since Monday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Kirt Dixon, of south Clinton street, Monday.

Harry E. Peet is in Cleveland, this week, in attendance at the state convention of retail hardware dealers of Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Schertzer and son, Merrill, visited relatives in Columbus from Saturday until Monday.

Walter Evans, of Chicago, and Mrs. W. P. Penry, of Radnor, were the guests, Saturday, of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Roberts.

Ralph Peet, of Buchannon, West Virginia, has been the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Peet, during the past week.

Mrs. W. D. Cameron, of east Bomford street, has been quite ill, during the past few days.

Mrs Hylas Moore moved, Tuesday, into the Mary Smith dwelling on west Ottawa street. Mr. and Mrs. Clement Cahill have rented Mrs. Moore's property at the western extremity of Ottawa street

Miss Alpha Phillips returned, Sunday, from Cleveland, where she spent several days on business

Mrs. B. P. Hall was called to Westerville, Monday, by the death of her oldest brother, Edward Price His death occurred Sunday morning and was due to heart trouble. Funeral services were held Wednesday. The deceased had frequently visited in Richwood

Mrs. S. V. R. Young fell on the ice at her home on west Ottawa street, Tuesday morning, and fractured the bones of her left arm, near the wrist. Dr. B. P. Hall was called to reduce the fracture and the patient is resting as easily as could be expected.

Mrs. N. E. Smith left, Sunday, for her home in Los Angeles, California, after a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. W. H Lyons Mrs. Smith was on her way home from New York City.

Ivan R. Weaver is lying very low at his home on west Ottawa street. He is ill of pneumonia and there is slight hope of any improvement in his condition.

O. E. Ledley was on the streets of Richwood, Tuesday, for the first time in several months, having been critically ill of a complication of diseases.

Mrs. Maggie Hard, of west Ottawa street, quietly celebrated her birthday anniversary, Sunday, receiving 148 postcards and seventeen letters from relatives and friends residing at a distance. The remembrances came from former school friends, acquaintances in the Woman's Relief corps and in the Rebecca lodges throughout the country. The following states were represented: Florida, Illinois, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Oklahoma and South Dakota. The shower was a surprise to Mrs. Hard and was planned by her daughter, Mrs. Anna Maddex.

Rev. Franklin W. Swift, of Dayton, arrived in Richwood, Tuesday, to assist the pastor, Rev. W. M. Warjon, in a series of evangelistic meetings in the First Baptist church.

Mrs. Daisy Black has been absent from her duties at Carmean's store, during the past week, by reason of illness.

Archie Sparks and Charles Adams have opened a harness shop in the Jordan room on east Blagrove street.

AGOSTA HAPPENINGS OF THE LAST WEEK

Mrs. S. E. Carey Entertains Party at Dinner.

Agosta, O., Feb 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. S. E. Carey entertained at dinner, Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Tobias, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Prettyman and Mr. and Mrs. Clark Longshore.

Charles Jenkins, of Xenia, spent the week end with his sister, Mrs. E. Culbertson.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Williams are visiting in Cleveland this week.

Mrs. W. G. Miller and daughter, Ferne, were LaRue callers, Saturday.

George Jenkins, of Fremont, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. E. Culbertson, from Saturday till Monday.

Mrs. Jane Mason was calling on friends in Marion from Saturday till Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Dutton and daughter, Edna, were called to Indianapolis, Monday, by the death of their cousin, Mrs. Michael Dean. They will return home, Wednesday.

W. G. Dutton left for Galion, Saturday, to visit his daughter, Mrs. David Sousel.

William Postle, of Marion, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

Ruth Tron and Mrs. H. Young made a business trip to LaRue, Wednesday.

E. G. Grimm went to Columbus, Wednesday, to visit relatives.

Mrs. Jesse Hosler is visiting friends in Marion.

BLOOD-POISONING IS THE CAUSE OF DEATH

William F. Griffith Passes Away Tuesday.

Blood-poisoning caused the death of William F. Griffith, aged fifty-eight years, who died at the home of Mrs. Irene McWherter, No. 261 Barnhart street, where he boarded, Tuesday. The deceased was a plasterer and quite well known. He is survived by four children, who are Asa, LeRoy and George Griffith, all of whom live in Texas, and Mrs. Bertha Young, of this city.

The funeral services were held at the undertaking parlors of M. H. Gunder, No. 116 Blaine avenue, Friday morning at 9 o'clock, Rev. J. P. Currin officiating. Interment was made in the Marion cemetery.

THE LODGES.

The initiatory degree was conferred on one candidate at a special meeting of Wayside Lodge, No. 864, I. O. O. F., Monday night, when the attendance was quite large. The second degree was conferred at a regular meeting, Thursday night.

Arrangements for a farewell social for Mrs George Smeltzer and Mrs. William Coler, two very active members, were made at a meeting of Sosnowski Rebekah lodge, Tuesday night. Mrs. Smeltzer will make her future home in Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Coler expects to soon move to Plymouth.

The farewell social will be held by the lodge at the next meeting in two weeks

Twenty condidates were initiated at a largely-attended meeting of the Eagles, Wednesday evening. Fifteen applications for membership were balloted on and this class will be given the degree at the meeting next Wednesday night. An auditing committee composed of Medwin Lehman, Frank Ritzhaupt and John Abel was appointed to audit the books of the lodge. Following the business session, a banquet was enjoyed Frank Ritzhaupt presided as toastmaster and during the spread a number of the old and new members responded to toasts. The committee on arrangements for the banquet was composed of Ernest Roecker, S. C. Baker and S. N. Abel.

The routine business was transacted at a regular meeting of the Knights of Columbus, Wednesday evening. The attendance was quite large. The social committee was authorized to arrange for an entertainment to be given, March 17, in celebration of St. Patrick's day. Owing to services being held at the church, Tuesday evening, during the lenten season the lodge will meet on Wednesday evening.

The next meeting will be held the second Wednesday in March.

THE PEOPLE'S COL

FREE FLORIDA HOMEST
There are some choice tra
Government land in Florid
we have lately resurveyed
same kind the land compani
at $50 an acre. We can
you on this Government
Free Land Bureau, C
Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE—Barred Plymouth
eggs for hatching from m
bition and laying strain.
have some fine cockerels.
Fies, 345 south Prospect.
X-1036. 70-s-wed-

FOR SALE—A farm at a b
Nice farm of 120 acres, 2
from good town, 1 mile fro
pike. Has good 8 room
barn, granary and other bu
Good orchard, good well of
About 70 acres in cult
Balance in pasture and
Close to school. This is a b
Price $45.00 per acre. Good
Might take some trade for
property if good value. J. W
phone 640. 38-w

FOR SALE—Modern homes
locations for $2,100, $2,3
500, $2,800, $3,000, $3,3
500, $3,700, $4,000, $4,2
500, $5,000 and on up to $
Also homes not modern, fo
$1,000, $1,200, $1,500,
$2,000, $2,200, $2,500 and
as high as you want to g
member I have over 100 ho
sale and you may have your
Also farms of all sizes and
Come and see. Philip Bauer
south Main street, Marion
76-3-

HORSES—Team of 3-year-ol
geldings, well mated. Also
old general purpose mare,
broke, fine driver and goo
er. G. M. Cookston, Mee
Phone 35-Y. 77-mtts-4

FOR RENT—Farm 80 acres,
north of Meeker; good
barn, outbuildings, 2 we
tern and splendid orchard
rent. W. E. Davis & Son
Marion, Ohio. 7

PUBLIC SALE—March 8, o
pher ave., north of Mario
ball grounds, known as t
pincott farm. 1 gray m
years old; 1 bay gelding,
old; 1 black mare, 13 ye
1 Standard bred driving m
years old; 4 fresh and 3
fresh cows; 2 spring ca
shoats; 1 brood sow w
Farm implements. 1 Deeri
er, 1 corn cultivator (D
1 J. I. Case corn planter,
gang plow (breaking), 1
12 foot cut; 1 two-horse
1 rubber tire top buggy,
ton-Merkel build; hay
good set of dump boa
stone bed. 1 four-horse
engine. Other articles.
credit with approved
A. C. Berry. Auctione
Reed. 80-t-s-

FOR SALE—Extra fine R.
Island Red Cockerels fr
winning stock. Now is
to mate up your breedi
E. O. Uncapher, 225 Orc
8

FOR SALE—Fresh cow.
ing, Madison avenue. 7

PUBLIC SA
Dissolving Partne

Slack & Skinner who have
specialty of breeding the
Percheron Horse and Record
Hog, will hold a Public Sal
Lew Slack farm 1½ miles S
Ashley, on Tuesday, March
at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp.
Horses and hogs will not b
before 1 p m 4 mares, weig
1700 to 1950 lbs., regular bree
in foal to Liban 25582 (44642)
2200 1 mare, foaled 1910, we
sired by Liban. 1 filly and
colts, foaled 1911, sire Liban.
foaled 1911, sired by Jules
32437 (42178). These are a lot
class heavy drafters, record
Percheron Society of America
mare in foal to Moca, 31566,
sows, sired by Col. Gladnes
Col Chief 2477, Orion Chief 1
to S & S. Gold Bond 28773, an
Pal. 31901 S. & S Gold F
sale. 20 Fall gilts. 20 Bar
Delaine ewes. 1 fresh cow
ers and young cattle. A ful
farm implements, harness,
and grain. The 100 acre farm
vate sale, $90 per acre. For
information write Lew Slac
ware, Ohio. Lunch on grou
TORRY SKIN
LEW SLACK.

OBITUARY.

Hill—Lorain Hill was b
her late residence, eigh
northeast of Marion, M
1853. She died February
of pneumonia, after an il
only five days, aged
years, eleven months a
days. Mrs. Hill was the
of the late Joshua and
Seckel. June 19, 1870,
united in marriage to
Hill, who survives her.
union were born eight chi
boys and two girls, Ada, J
Stephen dying in infancy.
left to mourn her death
band, four sons and one
Delphos, of near Caledoni
and Ray, at home; Mrs.
Meter, of Santa Rosa, Miss
Lester, of Bucyrus. She al
one brother, Thomas Se
Caledonia; one half sis
Josephine Faulkner, of
and three grandchildren
many friends and acqua
who will miss her ever help
in times of need and sorro
Hill united with the
church at Kirkpatrick in
which she has been a mem
since. The deceased had
disposition and lived a use
serviceable life, which is te
by a host of friends.

The under sides of the
trunk that a Florida man ha
ed are padded and open out
a bed for use in emergencie

An attachment for a gas
will cook almost anything a
a gas range would do it has
vented by an Englishman

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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MANLEY MUST SERVE TEN YEARS IN PRISON

The Penalty for Ravishing Little Ethel Van Lear.

JUDGE W. E. SCOFIELD TALKS TO PRISONER

Some Things To Think About in Such Cases—Thomas Hart Loses Suit Against Ignatz Bender—Hart Seeks To Recover Heavy Damages—Court Directs a Verdict.

Arch Manley, twenty-nine years old, unmarried and a former convict serving time for horse stealing, was sentenced to serve ten years at hard labor in the Ohio penitentiary by Judge W. E Scofield, Thursday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock. Manley was convicted last week on a charge of criminally assaulting fourteen-year-old Ethel Van Lear, November 22, 1911, when his little victim was enroute to her home in an isolated district in the extreme northern part of the city some distance from the right-of-way of the Columbus, Marion & Bucyrus railway.

Only that I am not guilty," Manley said a little tremulously when the judge asked him if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed upon him. Then, in passing sentence, the court said that he had been convinced at the conclusion of the evidence of the prisoner's guilt and that his conclusion has been strongly fortified later when the jury, composed of twelve good citizens, had returned a verdict of guilty as charged. The judgement of any one of these twelve jurors was better than his own, the court added, because each had heard all the evidence and had given it that attention that is fully expected of a juror

Judge Scofield spoke feelingly of Manley's little victim—how her life's prospects had been blasted through no fault of her own, yet the sting would remain with her forever. Should she ever marry, the judge said in the low-voiced, quiet-mannered way characteristic of him, she would be compelled to tell her husband that she once had been ravished, thus causing the man she loved probably to lose respect for her, and if she did not tell him she would live always in the fear of him discovering her secret

Manley received the court's sentence calmly. He grasped the back of a chair, but there was no outward sign of any emotion when he heard the words of "ten years at hard labor in the Ohio penitentiary."

Judge Scofield further said that any gap in the evidence as to the whereabouts of the prisoner on the morning of the assault was closed by the defendant himself. Manley had admitted in the trial that he was there, the court said. Attorney John C. McNally's motion for a new trial was overruled at 3:30 o'clock and Manley was arraigned for sentence a short time later

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At 3:20 o'clock Thursday afternoon, Judge W. E. Scofield, on the motion of Attorneys Mouser & Moloney, counsel for the defendant, directed the jury to return a verdict in favor of the defendant and against the plaintiff in the suit of Thomas Hart against Ignatz Bender, an action to recover $7,500 damages for personal injuries alleged to have been received by falling down a dark passageway at Hotel Bender.

Bender's motion to direct a verdict was based on the ground that the plaintiff's petition did not state a cause of action in that it did not specifically set up whether he, the plaintiff, had exercised due care and caution, as required by the statutes, and that the accident was caused by the defendant's negligence. Judge Scofield sustained the motion and directed the jury to return a verdict, as stated

Hart, the plaintiff, gives his home at Ironton, this state, and Newport, Kentucky. He was represented by counsel from Louisville and Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery, of this city.

A supplemental petition setting up that since the filing of the petition Amel T. Leffler, one of the plaintiffs in the suit to quiet title of Harry A. Leffler and others against Harrison G. Leffler, has died, leaving a will, in which he bequeathed his interest in the Leffler property to a sister, Mrs. Florence Miller, and her husband, Martin Miller, was filed in the court of common pleas by Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery, Friday afternoon.

"I am not guilty of burglary and I ask your honor to be lenient with me," declared Carl McClain, convicted of burglarizing the Streitz clothing store, when arraigned for sentence before Judge W. E. Scofield, Friday morning.

Judge Scofield sentenced McClain to serve four years in the Ohio penitentiary and commented on the fact that he had been convicted for similar offenses both in Marion and Crawford counties. The court pointed out that, under a former Ohio law, the third offense made the prisoner an habitual criminal, who must be sentenced for life for the protection of society That law had been changed, however, the court said, and he gave the prisoner the leniency for which he had asked.

McClain was a former inmate of the reformatory in Mansfield.

In the matter of John Hanley against William Holler, a former judgment obtained by the plaintiff in 1903, has been revived in the sum of $181.40.

An action to recover judgment for $101.86, with interest, from the American Castings company was begun in the court of common pleas by the Columbus Die Tool & Machine company, through Attorneys Copeland & Bartram. The suit is on an account for labor performed and material furnished by the plaintiff as the owner of the Crooks Pattern company of Columbus.

It took Judge Scofield only a few minutes to grant Maud M. Rowe a decree of divorce from Grant Rowe on the statutory charge of three years' wilful absence. The plaintiff was represented by Attorney Louis E. Myers and her action was uncontested. The Rowes were married March 10, 1901.

Praying that the judgement rendered by a jury of three freeholders in the probate court in the LaRue Beal law election contest be reversed and held for naught, Charles H. Allen, a former LaRue saloonist, through Attorneys Scofield & Durfee, Saturday afternoon, filed a petition-in-error in the court of common pleas. Gilbert N. Myers, mayor of La Rue, and the village of La Rue, are named as defendants.

Six alleged erors are set up the first of which is that the court erred in overruling the contestor's motion to set aside the decision, the finding and the verdict of the freeholders, and in confirming and rendering judgement on the verdict as returned.

The court is also declared to have erred because he failed to charge the jury as requested and because he failed to also direct the deliberations of the jurors, leaving them to deliberate on all questions of law and the evidence without instructions.

A bill-of-exception was filed at the same time.

In the damage suit of Thomas Hart against Ignatz Bender, the plaintiff in the court of common pleas, Saturday, filed a motion for a new trial, through Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery. He sets up that the court erred in directing a verdict for the defendant and for "other errors appearing on the face of the record."

Ralph C. Stoll, defendant in an action in divorce brought by Lucretia Stoll, Saturday, filed his answer in the court of common pleas, through Attorneys Mouser & Moloney.

The much-discussed mother-in-law problem enters into the situation, Stoll claims, setting up that during his married life the influence of his mother-in-law was such that he was unable to persuade his wife to perform her marital duties and to treat him as a wife should.

The defendant blames all his troubles upon his mother-in-law, who he claims treated him in such a manner that he left her home, where he and his wife resided, and went to live in a house of his own, March 20, 1911. He says that in their own home they continued to live happily together till September 20, 1911, when his wife returned to her mother.

Stoll prays that his wife's petition be dismissed and that he be awarded a decree of divorce and the custody of their one child. He sets up a general denial of all his wife's allegations.

A $400 piano, over the ownership of which a daughter and her parents precipitated a court fight, was determined to be the property of Mrs. Bessie Bender, the daughter, and the plaintiff in an action against her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Van H. Messenger, after the family troubles of the Benders and the Messengers had been fully aired in the court of common pleas, Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Messenger, the parents, not only lost possession of the piano, but the jury decided that they should be made to pay the sum of five dollars to the daughter for having taken it away from the Bender home and keeping it for a month. The Messengers must also pay the costs, amounting to about $35.

It took the jurors just twenty-five minutes to render the verdict, after the court had sent them out to deliberate on the evidence adduced. The daughter, who is the wife of Frank M. Bender, a photographer, claimed that the piano had been given to her by her father. Depositions by Mr. and Mrs. Messenger, now residents of Texas, denied her claim, but the daughter's testimony was corroborated by several of her witnesses.

According to the father's deposition, he got the piano about ten years ago by "trading a span of horses for it and giving $75 to boot."

Frank Phillips and Joseph Martin, who are alleged to have blown the safe in the office of Drs. A. and H. S. Rhu, and committed other crimes in this city, will be tried jointly in the court of common pleas, their trial being set for Tuesday, March 12. The two prisoners, Friday afternoon, elected to be tried jointly for the crimes for which they are charged.

The locally-celebrated injunction suit of John W. Klinefelter, former police chief, against City Auditor Harry E. Mason and City Treasurer G. F. Larie, to prevent the payment of the salary of Klinefelter's successor, John F. McDonough, was dismissed by Judge Scofield on the plaintiff's own motion, Saturday. The costs were assessed against the plaintiff.

The answer of William P. Moloney, guardian of Estella Priester, the answer and cross-petition of Jennie Ebert and the answer of Twilla Priester have been filed in the partition suit of Bertha Priester, guardian of the property of Florence Priester, against Jane Priester, widow of John C. Priester, Twilla Priester and Estella Priester, a minor. The two answers and the answer and the cross-petition were filed by Attorney Charles L. Justice. The answer of Estella Priester asks that her interest be protected and Jennie Priester Ebert prays that her reasonable dower in the premises described in the petition, as the former wife of John C. Priester, may be decreed to her, and that an asignment of her interest be made. In her answer Twilla Priester asks that an order be made setting off her interest in severalty.

CHRISTIANITY.

By William T. Ellis.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for March 3 Is, "The Call of the First Disciples," Mark 1:14-28; Luke 5:1-11.

The political pot is boiling in the United States just now, and the party leaders are busy with the work of getting delegates to the national conventions. Except a candidate have followers who can be counted on when nominations are made, his chances of success are nothing. The methods and motives were vastly different, yet it is perhaps not irreverent to describe this episode in the public work of Jesus as his enlisting of delegates. He was beginning to build up an organization, and these first disciples were to be the leaders of his party.

Some persons may be shocked at the idea of Jesus forming an organization. He did far more than that, but He did that, too. His group of immediate followers were the nucleus of the Christian church. Upon them He depended for the carrying out of His work after He should be gone. They were simply indispensable to Him in His mission. That they were only the average sort of men was no mere chance: Jesus let it be known that He depended upon the rank and file of mankind, men whose mediocre talents became mighty, when transfused by His spirit, for the carrying out of His ideals. This is a great story for the commonplace man.

The Hills of Home.

Nearly a year elapsed between the temptation of Jesus and His calling of the first disciples. Jesus had turned His face back to Galilee, His boyhood home. Amid the excitement of life in Jerusalem His human heart often turned longingly toward the sweet hills over which He had ranged in boyhood. He longed for a sight of the wild flowers that He loved, and for the fresh breezes that blow over Galilee. The heart of man is hungry for home; no other spot on earth ever seems quite so attractive as that in which he spent his boyhood.

An out-of-doors, close-to-nature spirit was that of Christ He loved the sparkle of Galilee's waters in the sunlight, and the lashing of its surface into great waves when winds arose. The gentle green hills of the Mount of Beatitudes, the towering dignity of snow-capped Hermon, and the hazy brown of the hills on the eastern shore of the lake, all were beautiful in His eyes. Capernaum, the noble city at the head of the lake, was a second home to Him He knew these people, and loved them. They were His kind of folk—sturdy brave, loyal, out-of-doors men. It was most natural that He should go to these for His advisers and fellow workers. He could understand and count upon them. There is nothing strange about the fact that Jesus went to the haunts of fisherman and peasants rather than to a theological seminary, when He sought members for His cabinet.

Team Work That Wins.

The big heavy boats of Galilee—I have ridden in them, and I have seen them half filled with fish—could not be handled by one man; they needed team work. Jesus called to His service men who were used to working with men. That is a first quality for success in organized service. The ability to get along with fellow workers, and, to help and be helped, neither overrating nor underrating an associate, is a talent which often counts for more than genius.

"We have come to the era of organization; and it is as distinct a period in church history as many of the history epochs of the older days. Not doctrine, but service engrosses the thought of church councils today. The men and religion movement is a more typical expression of the sentiment of our times than any new creed formulation. Whether we welcome or deplore it, the fact remains that we have entered upon the organization age. The temper of the times demands machinery Cooperation for the common welfare is the dominant thought. The disciples of Christ, today, must learn how to pull together in large enterprises for the service of the world.

By this men will now judge the church. As Christians, what are we doing to ameliorate the unbrotherly conditions in the world, and to propagate the life of Christ? Such fundamental considerations as these are what make important the massing of the men of the land at the Christian conservation congress of the men and the religion movement in New York city next April. We shall then see whether the modern Johns and James and Peters and Andrews are equal to their task.

In the Hour of Crisis.

What if James and John, with approved business sagacity, had replied to the invitation of the Master.

"Can't you see that it is obviously impossible for us to leave our nets. Business is business, and it must come first." They certainly did not realize the uniqueness of the opportunity that had come to them in the voice of Jesus. They could not see ahead. But they were willing to follow the best that beckoned. They put religion above revenue, belief above business, the Prophet above profits. They saw a gleam of new life, and by following it they became transformed and transformers.

There is evidence to warrant the statement that many Christians, *today, are being confronted with a* crisis which means as much to them as the call meant to the Galilean fishermen. New summonses to new service in new ways are being sounded by Providence. This is not only a day of organization, but also of reorganization, in politics, in economics, in the social order and in religion. The need is claimant for steadfast spirits who will stand true to the service of Christ, and who, in fresh and varied ways, will apply the message of Jesus to our own time.

Just as these peasant friends of our Lord found a great career for themselves by an act of apparent renunciation and self-sacrifice, so we today may win to worth in the kingdom by daring to lead out in Christ's work in our own time. It is my firm conviction that the best contribution that any man can make to the solution of the perplexing social problems of the twentieth century is to devote his energies to bringing the spirit of Jesus to bear upon just so much of the world as he can in anywise reach. The "fishers of men" program is in the long run the most statesmanlike and effective.

"Jesus calls us, o'er the tumult
Of our life's wild restless sea;
Day by day his sweet voice soundeth
Saying, 'Christian, follow Me;'
As, of old, apostles heard it
By the Gallilean lake
Turned from home and toil and kindred,
Leaving all for His dear sake."

Proving the Preaching.

One of the great spots of earth for the Christian traveler is the site of the city of Capernaum. The excavators have uncovered the ruins of the synagogue where Jesus taught. I have stood on the very marble porch where He stood, and looked out over the beautiful waters of Galilee. Up these same steps his blessed feet climbed. Somewhere near these carved marble pillars He sat when He spoke new words of authority to His fellow townsmen. These stones once echoed to the cry of the demoniac, who first cried out the protest which certain misguided capitalists in America tried to make a political slogan—"Let us alone!" In this identical room arose the murmur of the astonished hearers, who contrasted this clear, original voice with the echoes of the scribes

Two great proofs of His preaching were given by Jesus. He spoke an assured message. His word carried its own warrant of authority. The truth He uttered was truth for the times, and vibrant with life. Then, secondly, He overcame evil and did good. That latter test may be recognized by the stupidest. His words drove the devils to cover, and restored hampered, suffering men to liberty. These signs He designed always to accompany the words of His disciples.

Of course this was an advertisement of Him. Speak great truths and do great deeds, and the world will give wings to your name. The fame of Jesus ran all about Galilee. His message and His ministry commended Him to the people. Soon He would have need of His organization to meet the situation created by His popularity.

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following unclaimed mail remains uncalled for at the local postoffice.

Men—C. A Bryan, F. E. Bombarger, *Frank Beltz, Evart Bailey,* Samuel Blumo, George Clemons, Frank Collins, Ingu Frank di Ciro, F. L. Drinnell, H. C Everley, F. W Fellmuth, Tirizzatti Giovanni Fuluigi, John Gurin, Clarence Hoy, R. James, Ezra Matterson, A. F. Maynard, J. B. McBurney, Arthur R. Milks, J. C. Myers, Frank Patton, care The Easiest Way Company, Joey Pheine Phelps, Irvan Phillian, Robert Stickney, care Polly of the Circus Company, *Fred C. Schaum,* Hallett Thompson, care The Easiest Way Company, Wilson J. W. Ubernath care The Easiest Way Company, Mr. Winslow

Women—Ella Bemen care Smart Set Company, Mrs T. Buchanan, Helen Barrett, Flossie Baker, Hazel Carlyle, Tillie Cathmin care Smart Set Company, Mrs Vernie Carmichael, Mrs. Susan Dalton, Mrs E Dellinger, Mrs. J Edgington, Mrs. R. O. Gibson, *Mrs. Bessie Jones,* Mrs. S. A. Lawrence, Mrs H. M. Marvin, Mrs. Mary E. Phillips, Mrs. J Pierce, Lucy Pickerel, Mrs. Martha Silliman, Mrs. Mary Smith, Miss Mary Smith, Minna Suffler.

Firms—Marion Engineering company.

Packages—Mrs. N J. Givens, Mrs. Edward Burke care Mrs. W. R Kentz, Eva Primmer care Edward Primmer.

Foreign—Salvatore Di Angelis, Romano Quicgivaro, Francesco Mannardi, Salvatore Bontempo Di Rosario, Michele Di Girolamo Di Antonino.

Notice—When calling say that mail was advertised.

M. B. Dickerson, P. M.

It doesn't take a very large trouble to worry a small mind.

RICHWOOD NOTES OF SOME INTEREST

An Interesting Debate in the Village Schools.

THE HAMILTON HOME SCENE OF GATHERING

Miss Carrie Hamilton Is Hostess to a Society—Richwood School Band Plans To Give a Concert—A Big Class To Graduate from Richwood High School.

Richwood, O., Feb. 27—[Special.]—Washington's birthday was very generally observed in Richwood, last week. Friday afternoon, the pupils of the public schools rendered patriotic programs, the rooms being attractively decorated in the national colors and emblems of the father of our country were in evidence on every hand. The primary grade, taught by Mrs. Gertrude Millar, gave a nice program, having as guests the members of the Woman's Relief corps. In the eighth grade, taught by Elmo E. Seig, an exceptionally fine program was rendered, the pupils honoring Washington, Lincoln and McKinley. The feature of the program was a debate, "Resolved, That it is right to steal to keep from starving." The affirmatives were Edgar Allgower and Donald Spangler and the negative side of the question was argued by Richard Langstaff and Keith Williams. The judges were Rev. J. R. Lloyd, Rev. M. R. Stover and Edward Montross They decided in favor of the negatives.

The Woman's Home Missionary society of the M. P. Church held its regular meeting, Friday afternoon, at the home of Miss Carrie Hamilton, on south Franklin street. A nice program was rendered and business was transacted.

Ivan Weaver, who came home from Toledo, four weeks ago, suffering of pneumonia, contracted after having been overcome by gas in that city, is in a precarious condition, at the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Martha Weaver.

The Richwood school band will give a concert in the opera-house, Friday evening, March 1. The young musicians will be assisted by local talent.

Infirmary Director Orville Marriott, who has been dangerously ill at his home southwest of Richwood, is greatly improved in health.

Mr and Mrs Joseph Linscott, of Columbus, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. George O. Williams, during the past week.

The largest class in the history of the local High school will be graduated Wednesday, May 22, and already the young people are planning for commencement week exercises. Nearly all of the class members have selected the subjects for their orations and several of the young people have them committed to memory. Although plans for the week have not yet been completed, it is certain that the large class will leave nothing undone to make the exercises very interesting throughout. The class includes the following: Misses Addie Spratt, Doris Hubbard, Vada Fish, Pearl Boyd, Katie Staley, Kathryn Speyer, Irene Bell, Lillian Miller, Ada Brown, Roxie Snyder, Margaret Spangler, Messrs. Llewelyn Jones, Ralph Fackler, William Hayden, Walter Scott, Earl Moss, Milford Glick, Gilbert Beem, Perry Adams and Robert Graham. Mr Graham has been in Citronelle, Alabama, for the winter, on account of his health, but will return to Richwood in time for commencement

Mrs. Bent Cahill was hostess to the Ladies' Aid society of the Presbyterian church, Friday afternoon, at her home on south Franklin street, this being the annual business meeting of the society. The attendance was good and the ladies spent some time in talking over the work accomplished during the past year and in making plans for the future. The society has enjoyed a prosperous year and will continue its good work. The election of officers resulted as follows: president, Mrs C. B. Snowden; vice president, Mrs. S. A. McNeil; secretary, Mrs. J. A. Shipley; treasurer, Mrs. Addie Rapp At the close of the business session, the members enjoyed a social hour and the hostess served a fine lunch. Mrs H. V. Spicer, of Delaware, was a guest of the society

Miss Julia La Rue spent Friday and Saturday with friends in Columbus and heard the opera "The Girl of the Golden West."

Mrs C M Schmelzer was called to Delaware, Friday, by the illness of her brother, Paul Hinton

J. S. Hausen, of Lowell, Massachusetts, has been in Richwood, during the past few days, buying horses for the eastern markets.

Mrs. Anna Vaughan spent a few days, last week, with Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Yoste, of Galion.

Mrs. H. V. Spicer and daughters, Alice and Clara, of Delaware, were the guests, Friday, of Mrs. B. C. Humphreys, of Beatty avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Roberts visited the former's brother, Thomas Roberts, and family, of Marion, last week

The salespeople at Carmean's store enjoyed a spread and a jolly social time, Thursday evening, after business hours The lunch was prepared and served by the ladies of the store and the little affair proved very enjoyable

Two hundred people assembled in the old and historic "Half-Acre" schoolhouse, half way between Richwood and Magnetic Springs, Friday evening, and indulged in an old-fashioned spelling match. Pupils from the Richwood schools and "Half-Acre" pupils spelled hundreds of words, the contestants dropping out one by one until John Dungan, of the rural school, was the only student on the floor, he being the champion speller of this section The words, some of which were jawbreakers, were given out by Mr. Carey O'Brien, the "Half-Acre" teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. McNeil had quite an exciting experience with fire, Saturday morning at 4 o'clock, at their home on south Franklin street. The former was awakened by the smoke and gas coming up the stairway and into an upstairs bedroom. Mr. McNeil aroused his wife and on investigation they found a blaze in the kitchen, where a pile of kindling wood had caught fire.

About thirty members and friends of T. J. Williams' Sunday-school class of the M. E. church were delightfully entertained at the home of Mrs. C. P. Gill, Friday evening, the assisting hostesses being Mrs. B. F. Hodge and Mrs. Ralph Case. The guests took their sewing and spent a portion of the evening over their work. Mrs. Paul E. Hutchinson rendered a number of piano solos which were much enjoyed The lunch suggested Washington's birthday, the paper napkins being decorated in cherries and miniature heads of Washington and the refreshments consisted of cherry ice and cake. The guests were later invited to the dining room, where coffee and wafers were served.

The Young Married People's Embroidery club was delightfully entertained, Friday afternoon, by Mrs. J. P. Brooks, at her home on south Fulton street. The ladies spent the hours chatting over their fancy work, there having been several guests present, aside from the members of the club. As a pleasant diversion during the afternoon, the hostess served a lunch.

FIFTY THOUSAND PIGEONS FOR SHOOT

The Clay Pigeon Substituted for the Live Pigeon.

The inhuman slaughtering of live pigeon by sportsmen is now a thing of the past, a substitute having been found for the live birds in the little clay pigeon now used in all trap-shooting contests throughout the country. The traps and targets have been perfected to such a degree as to make the flight of the clay pigeon a perfect imitation of that of the live bird.

The popularity of this sport is demonstrated by statistics, which show that the annual production of clay pigeons in this country is fifty thousand.

To show the variety of clay products manufactured, a clay pigeon contest will be a daily feature at the clay show in the Coliseum, March 5 to 12

Prominent shooters from Chicago will participate in these contests, including C. V. Graham, who holds the local record and ex-national championship. Other cities will also be represented.

ENGINEER AND PYRAMIDS.

Mankind has long looked upon the Pyramids as structures of inimitable magnitude as well as unfathomable mystery. Their location, their age, their strange proportions unite to produce an obsession of awe that never fails to grip the mind of the observing traveler.

Modern science, however, which has no sentimental obsessions, doesn't hesitate to turn the searchlight on the huge wonders. A New York writer in a recent communication to the press rudely breaks through the glamour and declares the Pyramids in their construction would offer no difficulty whatever to modern engineering. He asserts that any competent engineer would undertake to duplicate a pyramid if the necessary funds were provided. He says there are a half dozen jib-cranes in New York City that could handle the largest stone known to exist in the Pyramids, and there are fifty traveling cranes in the United States capable of handling simultaneously any two stones in any of the structures The writer declares that the engineering problems of the Panama canal are far larger and more difficult, and the time less than one-half of that supposedly used in building the smallest of the Egyptian marvels. Either of the great dams in process of construction for the extension of the New York waterworks system is many times larger than the largest of the Pyramids, and the engineering problems involved in their construction are incomparably greater than those necessitated by old Cheops and its companions. And the writer, with a touch of local pride, declares that the New York aqueduct is a bigger and more difficult work than the Panama canal.

In fact, according to this authority, the only puzzle to engineers about the Pyramids is to know with what appliances the builders of that ancient date contrived to accomplish their remarkable results—and here modern science admits itself baffled. But this modern observer evidently regards the ingenuity of the Egyptian contractors as wasted He declares a more useless work than the Pyramids never existed, emphatically characterizing the structures as big and worthless.

Nevertheless, these huge monuments of a forgotten time will continue to draw the marveling tourist, and arouse in the imaginative mind strange conceptions of their meaning and their purpose.—Ohio State Journal.

The wise guy who knows it all is usully the first to get stung.

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The difference in merchandise if you visit this store. You will notice the superior quality of the goods we handle, as compared with the others. Come, satisfy yourself.

50c and 60c stone slop jars..39c
$1.25 white china slop jars..89c
$1.00 white china bowl and pitcher 75c
45c brooms, each 35c
35c brass wash boards.....29c
35c heavy tin buckets.....29c
25c enameled coffee pots....21c
50c steel knives and forks, per set 35c
25c white metal tablespoons, per set 19c
15c white metal teaspoons, per set 9c
25c granite pans, each.....19c
25 per cent. off on Underwear, Comforts and Blankets.

The ARK.
Cor. Church and Main Streets.

PUBLIC SALE.

On account of sickness and death in family must sell my farm stock and implements, at the old Huber Farm, 4 miles north of Richwood, 1 mile east of Essex—Wednesday, March 6, 9 a. m. Eight horses, 14 cattle, 56 shropshire ewes; 15 sows, 50 fall shoats. 150 bu. Sensational seed oats; 15 ton timothy in mow; 500 shocks corn, 500 bu. corn in bin; 35 bu. potatoes. 200 chickens. Empire cream separator. Complete stock farm implements. Terms—9 months, 4 per cent. cash.

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77-m, wed, s, 4-wky1

The cup that cheers today is always responsible for the morning after.

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Inquire of Agents, Hocking Valley Ry. for information.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—*7:28 a. m.; 10:05 a. m.; 4:05 p. m.; †6:10 p. m.; 11:15 p. m.
South—6:55 a. m.; 7:20 a. m.; 10:30 a. m.; *1:18 p. m.; 7:20 p. m.
*Daily except Sunday.
†Runs to Marion only. A half hour later on Sunday.

ERIE.

Southwest—10:27 a. m.; 5:18 p. m.; 1:30 a. m.
East—6:38 a. m.; 12:53 p. m.; 11:55 p. m.; 5:57 p. m.

CHICAGO & ERIE.

West—10:26 a. m.; 12:05 a. m.; *7:08 a. m.; *5:10 p. m.
East—5:38 a. m.; *†9:55 a. m.; *5:10 p. m.; 5:57 p. m.
*Daily except Sunday.
†Runs to Marion only
‡Runs to Ohio City only.

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—8:00 a. m., local; 9:20 a. m.; 12 32 p. m.; 7:33 p. m.; 10:45 p. m.; *5:27 p. m.
Westbound—5:42 a. m.; 9:55 a. m.; 1:55 p. m.; 7:13 p. m.; *3:10 p. m.
*Daily, except Sunday.

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—6:52 p. m.; *12:20 p. m.
South—10:20 a. m.; *3:00 p. m.
*Daily except Sunday.

C., D. & M. ELECTRIC.

Depart Southbound—6 a. m.; 7 a. m.; 8 a. m.; 9 a. m.; 11 a. m.; 12 m.; 1 p. m., 3 p. m. 4 p. m.; 5 p. m.; 6 p. m.; 7 p. m.; 9 p. m.; *11 p. m.
Arrive Northbound—*5.55 a. m.; †6.33 a. m.; †7.55 a. m.; 8.55 a. m.; 9.40 a. m.; 10.55 a. m.; 12.55 p. m.; 2.39 p. m.; 2.55 p. m.; 4.55 p. m.; 5.40 p. m.; 6.55 p. m., 8.55 p. m.; 10.55 p. m.
*Goes to Delaware only. †From Stratford only.
Hourly service Sundays and holidays.

C., M. B. ELECTRIC.

Northbound—Cars leave for Bucyrus at 6 a. m., 8 a. m., 10 a. m.; 12:05 p. m.; 2 p m.; 4 p. m., 6 p. m., 9 p. m.
Southbound—Cars leave Bucyrus for Marion at 7 a. m., 9 05 a m., 11:10 a. m.; 1.05 p. m., 3:05 p. m., 5:05 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 10:20 p. m

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SATURDAY - - - - MARCH 2

We haven't a doubt but what the so-called Republican progressive press would have many unkind remarks to make about Secretary Wilson were it not for the fact that it realizes that the secretary was handed down to Mr. Taft by his predecessor in office.

A New York orator asks: "Has the age of great men gone?" Guess so. Colonel Roosevelt admits he's the only one left.

The issue is joined. It's Roosevelt and promises or Taft and performances.

If the fates should decree that it is to be Roosevelt on one side of the political fence, we wouldn't mind seeing Bryan on the other, if for no other reason than to discover who would get the votes of the people—the fellow who wears the clothes or the fellow who made them.

Quite naturally, a man, whose uncontrollable ambition leads him to look longingly to a life job in the White House, wouldn't be overly strong for the recall.

It is said that 300,000,000 lead pencils were manufactured in the United States last year. Looks like a case of over-supply, till one recalls how many it takes to supply the legislators.

Since the Outlook, of which Colonel Roosevelt is the contributing editor, has been attempting to show a difference between three terms and three consecutive terms, the suspicion must have come to some that the colonel deliberately put up Mr. Taft for the purpose of knocking him out when the situation met the distinction now being pointed out. Such a proceeding wouldn't have been any more cold-blooded than that of the colonel's friends—Pinchot and the other malcontents—who induced poor Bob La Follette to make the running for their distinguished chieftain and then slipped their knives into his back when their purpose had been accomplished. If this were the colonel's plan, he has probably realized, by this time, that it's something of a job he has on his hands—that of knocking out Taft. Taft is proving a fighter, and the Republican party is fast coming to an appreciation of the height of folly it would be to repudiate Taft to appease the unquenchable ambition of Roosevelt.

Should Colonel Roosevelt succeed in being nominated and elected to a third term, "to save the country," of course, it's understood that he will have to have a fourth, fifth, and so on, to keep it saved.

We have not a doubt but what Colonel Roosevelt was absolutely honest and sincere, back in 1904, when he said that he looked upon the three years which he had served as president as his first term, and that the one upon which he was about to enter would be his last. We haven't a doubt but what he was equally honest and sincere, when, in December, 1907, he stated that he had not changed his mind, and that the term which he was then serving would be his last. But after he had been out of the presidential chair for a time, discontent came to him. His ambition began to work. His love of power refused to down, and now we have him asking for a third term to gratify it. The colonel's explanation of his repudiation of his promises is too puerile to be considered seriously. Ambition calls, and his good resolutions are swept away. The popular idol, supposedly of gold, discloses its feet of clay. If there were some assurance that a third term would forever satisfy the colonel's cravings, the menace would not be so great. But does any thinking American citizen believe that a third term would satisfy his lust for power? Is it not more reasonable to believe that a third term would but serve to augment it? Is it not more reasonable to believe that each added term would increase the force of ambition's call and find the colonel less able to resist it? And is it beyond the possibilities that the time may come, when this ambition, fed upon the powers which come with each added term, will not be satisfied with a mere presidency?

Socialist Victor Berger having introduced a resolution in the house to investigate the plan to close the San Francisco mint and turn its work over to the smelter trust, has now run up against the fact that such a plan was never for a second considered; that the entire story related by him to the house was founded on a lie told by a discharged employe and printed in the papers. One trouble with Mr. Berger seems to be that he takes for the truth any ridiculous lie carried by a news association known to be unfriendly to the administration without giving the slightest apparent thought to the possibility that it may be otherwise than true.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY

It was expected. The ambition of Colonel Roosevelt to be a third-term president, and perhaps a fourth and then a dictator for life, has been apparent for weeks, but it heretofore has not taken the form of a positive expression. But the declaration made Sunday, has not increased his strength. A popular hero putting aside the crown possessed no little fascination, but a man ambitious for political honors that Washington declared dangerous to the republic and the party of Roosevelt denied to a hero like Grant, makes an entirely different picture. Roosevelt denying, riveted a strange admiration; Roosevelt seeking breaks the spell.

There is no denying his widespread popularity. It has out-lived an assumption of self-importance that would have sent most men into oblivion. There is no denying his marked ability and exceptional vigor. But the Republican party is not a one-man party. He won the acclaim of the American people more through his preachment of the square deal than anything else, and he will lose it by forsaking that very doctrine, because the Roosevelt candidacy, aimed to defeat President Taft, who has righteously earned his second term, is the most flagrant violation of the square deal in the history of American politics.

A devoted Republican, accustomed to party regularity, is reluctant to enter into unrestrained discussion. One dislikes to write before convention time the things that might be very annoying reminders when the Republican hosts go forth to fight a common enemy. But Colonel Roosevelt and his insistent friends, who put the prospects of victory far beyond the importance of principles and party consistency, have little concern whether the Republican party is rended or not, and since a fight is asked for there is nothing to do but have it out We should hope in conflict with our judgment to expect this contest to end with the Chicago convention.

We can see nothing to it except the attempted political capitalization of an inexplicable personal popularity. President Taft is as unfailingly honest as the hero worshipped. President Taft is as unalterably courageous. In statecraft President Taft is much the greater man. Colonel Roosevelt has the faculty of saying much, President Taft has the distinction of doing much Two big questions before the people will illustrate. Take the tariff question, sure to be a paramount issue Colonel Roosevelt stood hitched as a protectionist, as every real Republican must be, but did nothing in seven and a half years toward solving the tariff situation. President Taft has advanced his party and the American people to a clear vision of the first sane solution we have ever contemplated. Then the trust problem. Colonel Roosevelt said much and did stir the American conscience, and had great suits at law inaugurated. President Taft sped them on to a conclusion, brought convictions, made the law supreme, and cleared the atmosphere. He has made campaign promises sacred things, and given his talent and energies and conscience to their fulfillment. He accepted responsibility at a time when the country was on the verge of a Roosevelt panic, and restored confidence and prosperity while he emphasized and reestablished the supremacy of the law.

And there is another great difference. Colonel Roosevelt is the advocate of the big stick and glories in war, President Taft is the apostle of world-wide peace and international arbitration. Colonel Roosevelt had seven and a half years of opportunity and there is not a noteworthy administrative reform to his credit, but President Taft's three years of administration are conspicuous for unostentatious reform and astonishing economies. All these things will be developed and understood in the contest within Republican ranks. The glamour of the hero faded when the declaration of a candidacy was penned. That portion of a discerning public that claims Republican allegiance will measure the two men, their policies, their promises and performance, and weigh their merits, and decide between them. We have a confidence that the discriminating sense that has quite always been manifest in popular, representative government will give President Taft the victory he has earned

It has wonderfully helped the situation, from the view-point of a Taft supporter, to have the colonel come out into the open. While he maintained a public silence, and men who still believe in political gratitude and the importance of principles rather than men, held that he was too wise to take the step of third-term seeking, his friends were seeking the party machinery and trying to undermine the Republican organization in all parts of the country. And the public, at the some time, was more or less attracted by the pretensions of progression. Now the light is on. The fight is in the open. The pretended progression is not something to be fought for, it is only a mask under which to enter the Republican household. There will be no misunderstanding any longer. Every Republican has a right to his preference, but we discount in advance the influence of the disaffected and disgruntled who proclaim the impossibility of President Taft's reelection. It is seldom allowed men to name a party candidate who are committed to rebellion before the candidate is chosen.

THE OUTLOOK HIT BY A BOOMERANG

The Outlook is most unfortunate in its endeavor to show that George Washington refused a third term purely for personal reasons, and particularly so since the injection of Washington's stand into the third-term discussion brings so stinging a rebuke to the so-called progressives who hold out that the nomination of Roosevelt is the one and only avenue to escape Republican defeat at the polls this fall.

A letter written by Washington, August 30, 1799, after he had twice served as president—in fact, three years after his farewell address—to Governor Jonathan A. Trumbull, of Connecticut, makes his position on the third-term proposition certain beyond all question.

Young Trumbull—his father had been governor before him—had been Washington's first aide-de-camp from 1780 until the close of the revolution. It is easy to understand how intimate would be the friendship between the young governor and the general under the circumstances, and how the latter would talk to the former with an open heart.

Young Trumbull, it seems, like some of the governors of the present day, was a great believer in the policy of creating a "spontaneous demand" for a third term, and broached the matter to Washington. In the letter to which reference is made, Washington rejects the proposition that he become a candidate for a third term, saying: "None except those who might be solicitous to fill the chair of government would do it," and then, in answer to young Trumbull's plea that, if he did not become a candidate their party would go down in defeat and their political enemies score a victory, Washington replies:

"I must again express a strong and ardent wish and desire that no eye, no tongue, no thought may be turned toward me for the purpose. For, besides the reasons which I urged against the measures and which in my judgment and by my feelings are insurmountable, you yourself have furnished a cogent one.

"You have conceded, what before was self-evident in my mind, namely that not a single vote could thereby be drawn from the (opposition) candidate. You add, however, that it might be a means of uniting (the factions of the party). Here, then, my dear sir, let me ask, what satisfaction, what consolation, what safety should I find in support which depends upon caprice?

"It is too interesting not to be again repeated, that if principles instead of men are not the steady pursuit of the members of my party, their cause soon will be at an end—if these are pursued they will not divide at the next election of a president, if they do divide on so important a point it would be dangerous to trust them on any other, and none except those who might be solicitous to fill the chair of government would do it."

Thus Washington, in his own hand, not only utterly refutes the claim of the Outlook in the matter of his position on the third-term idea, but he offers, also, a stinging rebuke to those who would place a man above his party, policy above principle: who would surrender all for expediency and spoils.

One might almost imagine that the letter was written by the "Father of His Country" to those who were to come over a century after him, so apt is it as a rebuke and warning to those whose cry is: "Roosevelt or defeat."

It is announced that the farm at the state tuberculosis hospital is to be worked by convicts from the penitentiary We had presumed, in our unenlightened lay mind, that one object in having a farm in connection with the hospital was to give the moderately affected inmates a chance for the out-of-doors life and work said to be so essential to their treatment and recovery. Then again we presumed that a sentence to the penitentiary was certified by a mittimus commanding the warden to keep in custody, within the walls and under guard the person guilty of abusing his liberty and wronging society. But the board of administration has a perfectly Rooseveltian contempt for precedent and laws, as, witness, the purchase of Chicago meats for state institutions, which is contrary to the written law.

There can be no question as to Mr. Roosevelt's nerve. It is said that he didn't so much as change color when he learned that Senator Bourne had come out in support of him.

It's rather remarkable how much talking about wanting "all the people to rule" is being done by these fellows who want four per cent. of the voters to override the action of all the people.

THE TOLEDO BLADE AND POPULAR GOVERNMENT

The Toledo Blade severely criticises President Taft's defense of representative government and says that in his New York speech "he struck a note so discordant in the present-day tendency toward a broader participation by the people in all government activities that his most sincere friends will find difficulties in framing plausible apologies." All of which is tommyrot. What the president said—and it is well to repeat it—was in part as follows:

"With the effort to make the selection of candidates, the enactment of legislation, and the decision of courts depend on the momentary passions of a people necessarily indifferently informed as to the issues presented, such extremists would hurry into a condition which could find no parallel except in the French revolution or in that bubbling anarchy that once characterized the South American republics.

"Such extremists are not progressives—they are political emotionalists or neurotics who have lost the sense of proportion and that clear perception of the necessity for checks upon hasty popular action which made our people who fought the revolution and who drafted the federal constitution the greatest self-governing people that the world ever knew."

There is not a word in the above for which any friend of the president or his country will ever desire to apologize. Every word is true and the Blade, in its happier, stronger days, under the abler editorial direction of its founder, would have endorsed every word of the utterance. The president insists that the safety of the republic demands a check upon the hasty, unconsidered action of those too indifferent or too indolent to properly inform themselves upon the questions involved in any public movement or policy The Blade, itself, has seen many reforms, for which it declared valiantly when embraced in propositions for constitutional amendments, go down to defeat because the electors refused to take time to become informed upon them. In the last year the Blade buried its ancient differences with Walter Brown and supported him for delegate to the constitutional convention upon his proposition—"not to permit the people to participate in governmental activities" but to compel them to participate, whether they were possessed of information or not, by penalizing them under the law for failure to vote. The president does not seek to deprive the people of any rights they have or care to have. He asserts simply what all know to be true—that the "unconsidered judgment of the people is the verdict of the mob." It is the heighth of demogogy to assert that the many can bring to the consideration and discussion of subjects the same attention, information and deliberation as the selected few, such as should find a place in all representative bodies.

The Blade, for example, might consent to have its editorial and business policy discussed and determined by a committee of its readers, but if it attempted to run its business through the initiative and referendum directly from the whole mass of its readers the slump in its shares would precede by but a few days the disappearance of the paper itself.

To follow the Blade's contentions to their logical end, the present constitutional convention is a violation of the rights of the people. Why should we have a constitution at all when the people are qualified by birthright and inspiration to rule upon all matters wisely and well by direct vote as occasion arises? But if we must have a constitution, why delegate certain persons to draft it; why leave to a mere major fraction of 119 the right to say what, or in what form proposals shall be made? Why not throw down the bars and invite the "broadest participation" of the people in this governmental activity, by permitting each citizen to prepare and submit any proposal he sees fit?

All this would not be so aggravating if there was not back of all this pretense upon the part of the Blade and allied journals such obvious insincerity and selfish purpose. They know that even in the most liberal republic the world ever saw it was necessary to impose trust in some one; that the wisest have to specialize in the study of economic and sociological questions: that no man may have universal knowledge or limitless capacity. And they know, whatever they may claim, that this has been a governmen. of the people, by and for the people, and that there has been no failure of government due to the people being deprived of any right of participation in the activities of government. Where the people have been wronged it has been because of their indifference, neglect or indolence.

It is unfortunate for Colonel Roosevelt that the report of the Stanley committee, investigating the steel trust, should be filed at this time. It will not greatly advance Colonel Roosevelt's cause to have it shown that his chief backer, the United States Steel corporation, for the organization of which J. P. Morgan received $70,000,000 in stock, controls eighty per cent. of the steel business of the country and is conducting its business in restraint of trade.

Ex-Governor Campbell has a genial way of fitting past experiences—and he has had many and various ones—to present-day developments. He tells of a friend who once wrote him: "My friends are trying to induce me to run for lieutenant governor and I wish you would help them" As Captain Cuttle used to remark, "the force of the observation is in the application on it."

It is shown by statistics just compiled and verified that last year Ireland showed the greatest gain in exports in all her history with a corresponding decrease in imports. Prosperity has come to the "little green isle" and this is even more remarkable for the last year was one of depression in England. Perhaps it is not so strange that less attention is being paid to the largely sentimental question of home rule under these conditions The reform of the land laws as well as the reform of landlords, already pretty well accomplished, has been of much more vital importance than the holding of a native branch parliament. And all these things are pleasant thoughts for the approaching St. Patrick's day.

It puts our old friend, Nick Longworth, in something of a hole to decide between family and party.

Visitors have been so scarce in New York this winter that the New Yorkers are robbing each other.

Champ Clark will bear a lot of watching in the next few months. In the struggle for the Democratic nomination he holds a fine strategic position. He has always steered a middle course when possible, and has no pronounced enemies. In speaking, he has "generally generalized" and there is nothing serious in his record against him. Coming to congress from a country district, he has no special alliances with the big interests and has done nothing to make them specially afraid. Then his Chautuaqua stunts have made him widely known the length and breadth of the land. In addition, he is satisfactory to Bryan. Underwood is an abler man, but lacks his acquaintance and popularity. Wilson is a man of broader culture, and a better speaker, but lacks political experience and conviction. The others are naturally behind Clark in all points of availibility.

Every bald-headed man gets a lot of satistaction out of the thought that it's the energy produced by an excessive amount of grey matter under it which caused his hair to fall out.

Apropos of the utterances of some of our distinguished politicians, we give it as our opinion that no true champion of the "square deal" would ever resort to the petty trick of endeavoring to put an opponent in a false light by quoting a sentence from one of his speeches without at the same time quoting the next sentence which explains and modifies it.

In the event that the fates favor Roosevelt and Wilson as the two old-party nominees, we can, in anticipation, see that life-long veteran of Democracy, Colonel Henri Watterson, making a dash for the woods.

Now the distinguished gentleman of Oyster Bay says that he did not mean that he favors the recall of judges, but rather the adoption of measures which would prevent the necessity for the recall of judges. That may help the colonel with the trusts and other big interests, but it's hard to understand how it will advance his cause with the ultra-progressives.

Did you ever come upon a finer degree of quiet than "Uncle Jud" Harmon is maintaining these days?

Dr. Wiley's solicitude about learning the definition of mincemeat may be prompted by a desire to correctly describe the La Follette remains.

There's no denying that Mr. Taft has had more than his share of flarebacks.

THE SQUARE DEAL.

To give the "square deal," not merely "holler" about it, we should not forget that the "plain people" owe to President Taft and his administration the enforcement of the law limiting hours of labor on railroads; the extension of the free rural delivery mail service; the postal saving bank, the strengthening of the interstate commerce law; the investigation by commission of the over-issue of railroad securities; the affirmation by the United States supreme court of the employers' liability law for railroads; the creation of a federal bureau of mines, with its life-saving devices; the nonpartisan tariff board; and last, the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Nor should it be forgotten that had Colonel Roosevelt never hedged on this measure, for which he so loudly spoke and on which he never acted during his own administration, his name as a presidential candidate would never have been heard. It is for trying to enforce laws enacted by their party that the present administration is in the bad graces of those who have broken such laws and who are now furnishing the sinews of war that the pie-hunters may return to power this political acrobat, who "swatted" swollen fortunes with one hand and with the other "called loudly" to Harriman for financial help.—Toledo Times.

TAFT, THE PROGRESSIVE.

Republicans who advocate President Taft as a "progressive" candidate for the presidency find new argument in a presidential message which includes an advanced program for Alaska, and recommendations for an international inquiry into high food prices and a commission to study the labor situation. To the Tacoma Ledger, Republican, the message testifies that "Taft is a statesman," to the Pittsburgh Gazette-Times, Republican, that he is "a real progressive intelligently alert to the public welfare." The Democratic Buffalo Enquirer sees in the president's recommendations "distinct recognition of new thought," while the progressive Republican Topeka Capital looks upon the message as evidence that the president is "swinging into" the progressive movement. Certainly, says the Kansas daily, "the administration is more progressive at the close of the term than it has been at any period in the term; it is headed all right at the present time."

Taking up the subjects of the message geographically, the Boston Transcript, Republican, notes that they range "from high prices, through the industrial situation into Alaska, and thence sharply southward to the consideration of the condition of the Colorado river." Most important of these, in the Chicago Tribune's, Progressive Republican, opinon, stands the call for a commission to investigate industrial relations. Consideration of the effects of strikes among employes of the government or public service corporations on normal communal activities had brought the Brooklyn Citizen, Democrat, to hope that some of our American statesmen" would take the initiative in bringing the question to the attention of our lawmakers, to the end that such strikes in the future shall be made impossible." Thus it is gratifying to the Citizen and "much to the president's credit that he alone among American statesmen has observed with anxiety the dangers to society that follow discord in the relations between capital and labor, discord inging in its train all the evils of the general strike."

The New York Evening Post, Boston Herald and Chicago Record-Herald most emphatically agree with Mr. Taft that the time is now ripe for taking this step.—Literary Digest.

REAL ESTATE.

Sarah J Amrine to Jacob Miller, two lots in LaRue, $175.

Frank G. Bender to Henry F Reiff, part of lot in Marion, $1,600.

Ezekiel Browne to W. W Morral, 160 acres in Salt Rock township, $21,000.

John W. Barnam, of Allen county, to Harry A. Leffler, part of lot in Marion, $15.

David Bauer to Martin G. Smith, lot in Marion, $2,500.

Nelson S. Dixon to Ida M. Clay, lot in Marion, $1,650.

Jennie Ebert and others to Harry A. Leffler and others, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

Albert Gulledge to Jonathan Lyon, one and one-third acres in Claridon township, $1,200.

F. E Heldman and others to Henry Stauffer, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

Michael Hannegan to Maria Pretyman, part of lot in LaRue, $60.

Vesta A. Huber to Alma E. Herr, lot in Marion, $300.

Cynthia N. Hart to Harvey B. McPeek, lot in Marion, $1,000.

Harrison G. Leffler and others to Harry A. Leffler, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

Harry A. Leffler to Herman Feidner, lot in Marion, $9,000.

Harvey Leonard to Bertha E DeWitte, lot in Marion, $300.

J. W. Jacoby to J. H. Bain, lot in Marion, $665.

A. S. Somerlott to W. B. Beaver, part of two lots in Green Camp, $3,000.

William Strawser to W. C. Beatty, two lots in Marion, $285.

T. J. Selders to W. E. Rosen, about one acre in Marion, $1,800.

Ella B Strawman to Harriet B Osborn, part of lot in Caledonia, $3,000.

The Grand Opera-House company, by sheriff, to Marion Lodge, No. 32, B. P. O. Elks, part of lot in Marion, $15,000.

G K. Canfield to C. S. Lippincott, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

The Marion Real Estate company to H. W. Merriman, lot in Marion, $700.

Julia K. Mann, by administrator, to John H. Bain, lot in Marion, $52.

Julia K. Mann, by administrator, to Hoke W. Donithen, lot in Marion, $52.

Ella Monnette to Ethel G. Barnd, two lots in Marion, $600.

H. W. Merriman to the Marion Real Estate company, part of lot in Marion, $1,300.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Luelle Grace Fell and James I. Morton, both of Caledonia.

There is a prophecy of plain effects in everything fashionable.

LADIES' SOCIETY OF PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

An All-Day Session at Home o Mrs. W. L. Cox.

TIME IS PASSED IN DOING SEWIN

Mrs. L. R. McNeill Is Hostess to th Members of the Mothers' Club— Number of Guests Are Pleasant Entertained — Some Prospe Notes of Interest.

Prospect, O., Feb. 29.—[Special —The members of the Ladies' s ciety of the Presbyterian church he an all-day session at the home Mrs. W. L. Cox, Wednesday. T time was spent in sewing, and a ni dinner was served at the noon hou

The members of the Entre No club enjoyed a delightful indo picnic at the home of Miss Ed Stockwell, Thursday.

Mrs. L. R. McNeill was hostess the Mothers' club and a few frien Thursday. After a season of needl work and conversation, a dain lunch was served. Aside from t members, the guests were Mrs. C. Flowers, Mrs. J. G. Steman, M R. A. Wilcox, Mrs. Ira C. Kell Mrs. A. L. Graham and Mrs. Char Beery, of Indianapolis.

Earnest Stuckey, of Heidelbe university, spent Saturday and S day with his parents, Mr. and M J. G. Stuckey

Mrs. Harey Wolfley delightfu entertained a company of lit friends at dinner, Thursday, honor of the ninth birthday of daughter, Ruth. The table was v pretty in its decorations of r white and blue. Those present we Dorothy Kuehner, Mary Finefro Florence Beavers, Dorothy He Helen Johnson, Elizabeth and R Halliday, of Delaware.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Stif shipped their goods, Wednesday, departed Thursday with their li son for their new home at Bella Michigan. Will Boger and fan moved from Marion and will live the Christ Stiffler farm vacated Clarence Stiffler.

Mrs. Louise Wottring has ren her farm, two miles south of P pect, to Charles Hedges. She hold a sale of her stock and ho hold goods in March. She will t move to Delaware and make home with her mother.

Harry Prouse arrived from Angeles, California, Saturday, will spend some time at the hom Mrs. H. D. Beavers.

Mrs. Simon Blue and Mrs. F Kirby were called to Rocky Ri Thursday, by the serious illness their sister, Mrs. W. F. Almendin

Mrs. Elmer Wottring and dau ter, Marguerite, were Marion v ors, Saturday.

Revival services are still in gress at the M. E. church under pastorate of Rev. M. D. Baumg ner. Much interest is manife and the meetings are well atten

Mrs. Percy Codding, Mrs. R Pace and daughter, Evalyn, retu to their homes in Cleveland, Fri after a week's visit with relative

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Freeman daughter, Helen, attended the nual alumni banquet of the O. W in Delaware, Thursday.

Miss Mary Finefrock was guest of her friend, Miss Mary dine, at Radnor, from Friday Sunday.

Frank Behrns and family entertained at the home of Fritch, Sunday.

Fred Schilling, of Marion, calling upon Prospect friends, T day.

DELIGHTFUL AFFAIR AT KNIFFIN HO

Sunday-School Class Enjoys an i ing.

LaRue, O., Feb. 29.—[Specia Thursday evening, Mr. and Mrs F. Kniffin entertained their Su school class at their home in L of Mr. and Mrs. Starling Tilton, expect to make their future hom Mansfield. Music and games enjoyed and refreshments served.

Miss Vilas Delauder entertain company of young people at home on north High street, F evening, at a farewell party. and games were enjoyed until a hour.

The Knights of Pythias lodge families gave a farewell recepti the hall, Monday evening, in h of Mr. and Mrs. O. O. Alspach, will soon leave for their home Prairie Depot.

The Twentieth Century club entertained by Mrs. G. T. Bo man, Tuesday afternoon.

Mayor G. N. Myers, who has confined to his bed by heart tr for the past week, is able to a to his duties again

Marcus Sager and family m to Kimbleton, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Vanatt Marion, spent Sunday with Mr Mrs. Harry Vanatta.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hathaw moving to Mt. Victory this we

No School at La Rue.

No school has been held at La for the past three days on ac of the high waters flooding basement of the school building condition was such that building could not be heated expected, however, that the may resume their work next

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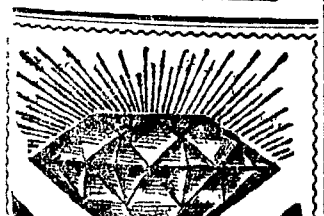

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Diamond Ear Rings.

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HOKE DONITHEN

Attorney-at-Law.

THE HEAVENS IN MARCH ARE MOST BEAUTIFUL

Summer Stars Are Beginning To Appear Once More.

STAR ECLIPSES WILL BE COMMON NEXT MONTH

They May Be Seen on the Evenings of the Sixth, Ninth and Twelfth. Some Partial Eclipses—The Zodiacal Light as It Is Explained by the Scientists.

With the arrival of this, our first spring month, the eastern sky already begins to be dominated by the faint constellations of summer. We already see the advancing portion of the long, faint summer zone, which is occupied by the very large and interesting group of the Virgin, while above this there shines out the great, reddish Arcturus, a sun thousands of times brighter and hotter than our own. If we had no calendars, the first entrance of these stars into the evening sky would tell us that the end of winter is at hand.

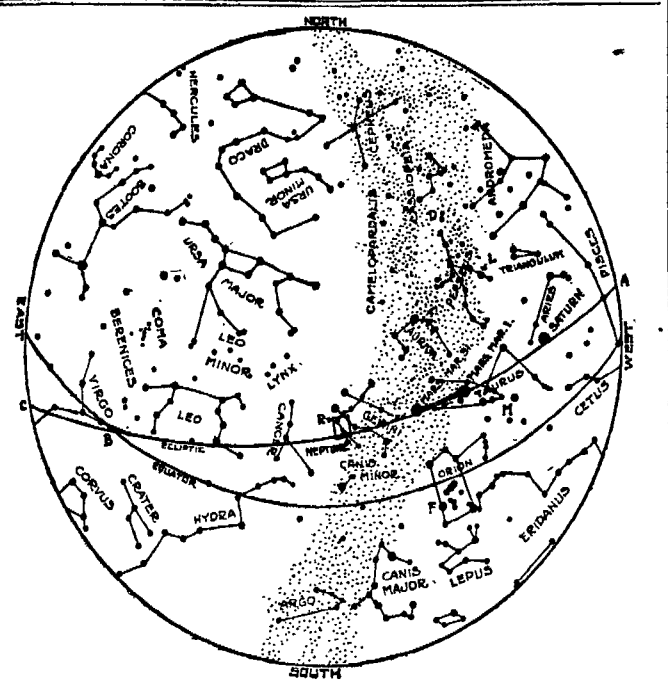


Figure 1. The Constellations, March 1, at 9 p. m. (If facing south, hold the map upright; if facing east, hold "east" below; if facing west, hold "west" below; if facing north, hold the map upright.)

The observer of the heavens would read this welcome news no less clearly when he observed that the winter branch of the Milky Way, which for so many months has passed through the highest point of the sky, has now begun to perceptibly sink toward the ground, although it will not entirely disappear until the end of April, nor will the summer branch rise sufficiently high to be noticeable in the early evening until June.

All of these changes are, of course, caused by the apparent motion of our sun, which appears to us to move forever around the sky along the path AB, Figure 1, passing over one constellation after another, and by his overpowering brightness blotting out all the stars in the regions of the sky which are near him, so that for a time they can not be seen by us. On this year, in his steady, eastward motion, he will reach the point, on the round heavens which is exactly opposite to B, and so cross the celestial equator at twenty-nine minutes past 6 o'clock in the evening of March 20, and therefore this day and the following night will be of equal length.

The March Stars.

No one who goes out of doors on one of the clear, moonless nights which will occur during the first half of this month, and who stands under the wonderful heavens, can fail to be struck by the remarkable brilliance of the whole western sky. Hrere are all of the winter constellations together—the blue Dog stars in the south, the magnificent Orion, the Bull and the Twins toward the West, and northward from these he will see the golden Capella, with the interesting groups of Perseus, Andromeda and the bright Cassopeia below. With an opera glass he can examine the beautiful double cluster of stars at D, Figure 1; the wonderful nebulas at E and F, and throughout the whole region an exploration will be rewarded by the discovery of many star clouds and star clusters immersed in the Milky Way, and by many double stars, some showing an interesting contrast in color.

The observer who is already familiar with the bright and well-known stars may prefer to study the four faint and delicate little groups which border the Great Bear on the south. The first of these is the Lynx, or Tiger, which is remarkable for the number and beauty of its double stars; east of this is the Lesser Lion, and still farther east is the filmy, delicate cluster of many stars which forms the Maiden's Hair. Above this, in the hollow of the Dipper, are the Hunting Dogs, whom Bootes leads in his leash of sidereal fire. The positions of the wonderful spiral nebulas and of striking double stars to be found in this region are shown at the points marked H and K, respectively, in Figure 2.

The bright star at L, Figure 1, whose light is periodically hidden from us by the passage of a darker companion, will be seen at its faintest on March 6, at ten hours fifty-four minutes p. m.; on March 9, at seven hours, forty-three minutes, and on March 12, at four hours, thirty-two minutes. As the eclipse progresses slowly the light occupies about four hours in fading away, so that the star will first be seen to be growing dim about four hours before the above times, while the full brightness will not be reached until about three and one-half hours after them.

There are many other eclipsing stars of this same kind in the sky. That at M, Figure 1, loses two-thirds of its light at a constant interval of three days twenty-two hours fifty-two minutes. This star will be seen at its faintest on March 26, at about 2 a. m., and on March 30 at about 1 a. m. It is a somewhat more difficult star to observe, however, than the star at L, for the time elapsing between when it first begins to grow dim and its time of greatest faintness is no less than ten hours.

Figure 2. The Constellations of the Hunting Dogs and the Lesser Lion.

The Planets.

On March 2, at 9 a. m., the little planet, Mercury, will pass to the east of the sun and become an evening star. If we could see both bodies at once at that time we would see the little world moving steadily along in its orbit and passing below the sun from the right to the left side of it at a distance away from the lowest point of the sun's disc about equal to the diameter of the disc itself. On the evening of March 27 the planet will reach its greatest distance east of the sun, and may be seen shining out in the twilight glow, very near the ground, a little south of the west point, for nearly an hour after sunset.

Venus is still a brilliant object in the modning sky, rising about one hour forty minutes before sunrise on March 1, which time is diminished to one hour ten minutes by the end of the month. On March 16, at 2 a. m., the moon, in its monthly journey around the heavens, passes to the east of Venus, but at a distance of nearly four degrees away. The planet is moving so rapidly over the sky, however, that at their next meeting, on April 14, the center of the moon will pass almost squarely over the center of Venus and the planet will be hidder from view. Very unfortunately, this occurs almost exactly at noon, Eastern time, and the sun will therefore be shining so brightly to all observers in the United States that they will be unable to witness this interesting occurrence.

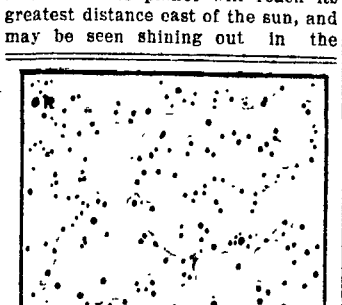


Figure 3. The square of Figure 1 enlarged, to show the position of the planet Neptune. The faint stars shown are of the 9.5 magnitude.

Mars and Saturn still shine brightly in the evening sky toward the west. The former planet, in its eastwardward motion, will, during the month, pass almost wholly out of Taurus and into almost the exact center of the Milky Way. The latter, though it is still in good position and its rings are well widened out, is, nevertheless, sinking so near the ground that the evenings of this month will furnish about the last opportunities for viewing it until next winter

Jupiter, which is moving very slowly westward in the constellation of the Scorpion, is drawing ever nearer to our evening sky, but will not actually enter it until the end of April. On March 1 it rises about 1 a. m. and on March 31 about two hours earlier. It is still so near the bright red star Antares that the two objects form an interesting figure in the morning sky.

Neptune is in Gemini, in nearly its best position for observation during the year. A small map is therefore added, Figure 3, to enable the possessor of a small telescope to find it without difficulty. Though a great, hot, vaporous ball, no less than 35,000 miles in diameter, it will appear in the telescope merely as a small, greenish star. Unless, however, the night is an unusually poor one for observation, the observer will notice that it does not shine like a star, its radiance being more steady and constant, like that of a bright nebula.

The Zodiacal Light.

If there are any readers who tried without success to see this interesting object during February, they will have excellent opportunities to find it as soon after sunset as darkness appears during the moonless nights of the second and third weeks of the present month. It will be seen as a faint pyramid of light stretching upward from that point of the western horizon in which the sun was seen to set. It is brightest near the sun, both because the countless particles of which it is composed are doubtless more numerous nearest its center and because they are there more strongly illuminated by sunlight, and it may stretch past Pleiaes all the way to the zenith, though its boundaries are defined with difficulty. In the tropics it may sometimes be seen encircling the whole sky, and its central, rounded portion has been seen extending above the northern horizon at midnight near the times of the longest days in summer. Its form is believed to be approximately that shown in Figure 4.—Eric Doolittle, Professor of Astronomy in the University of Pennsylvania.

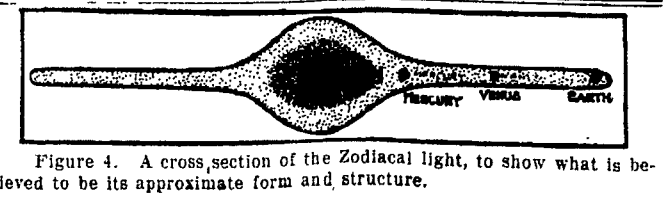


Figure 4. A cross section of the Zodiacal light, to show what is believed to be its approximate form and structure.

Notice of Stockholders' Meeting.

A meeting of the stockholders of The Morral Llumber and Elevator company will be held at the office of the said company at Morral, Ohio, on the 15th day of March 1912, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors and transacting such other business as may come before it.

E. Browne, President
S. S. White, Secretery-Treasurer.
Morral, Ohio, February 15, 1912.
70-s-4 wk 43-1-c

The Wall Strete Journal asserts that the reclamation of swamp lands would add $1,500,000,000 to the land values of the United States.

imaginary injuries.

THE ONLY WAY

Many Marion Citizens Have Discovered it.

Just what to do when the kidneys are affected, is a question that concerns both young and old. Weak kidneys neglected in childhood lead to life-long suffering. People of advanced years, with less vitality, suffer doubly. In youth or age, languor, backache, urinary irregularity, dizziness and nervousness make life a burden.

There is one remedy that acts directly on the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills owe their world-wide fame to the fact that they have cured thousands of cases of sick kidneys and cured them permanently. Follow the example of this Marion citizen.

Mrs. Edward Watts, 456 Owen St. Marion, Ohio, says: "I know Doan's Kidney Pills are a fine kidney medicine. I have used them with the very best of results. Whenever my back has troubled me or I thought my kidneys were not acting right, I have always looked to Doan's Kidney Pills for the removal of the trouble. They always have my highest endorsement, as they live up to the claims made for them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

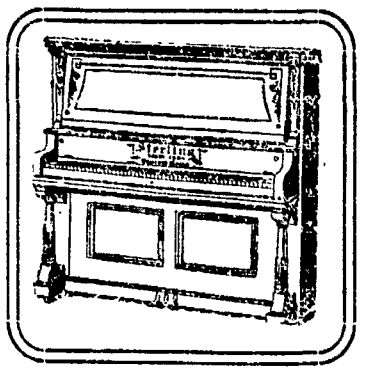
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE SWEET TONED

STERLING PIANO!

More than 300 Satisfied owners in Marion County.



It's Popularity is ever on the increase everywhere.

It has made a reputation for itself; has gained place at the pinnacle of piano popularity by its own merits, its sweet tone, its easy and responsive action. By its beauty of design shown in the cases, by its durability and everything that goes toward making piano perfection.

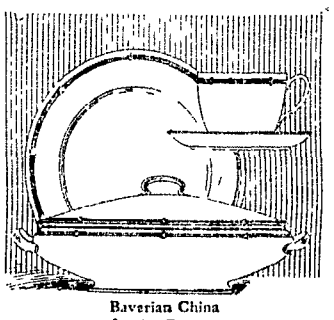
May we show you this handsome piano?

G. W. BAKER.

Distributor for Northwestern Ohio.

Along with the best stock of Furniture in this section of the state we show you a SPLENDID STOCK of

DINNERWARE



Bavarian China
Louise Pattern

With the exception of two or three domestic designs at $3.00 to $4.75 per set, everything is in open stock. This cut illustrates our new Louise decoration, a dainty pink and green and gold conventional, in Bavarian china. The cut, of course, cannot do justice to the exquisite color effects. You must see it to appreciate and enjoy it. Come and look through the big line of Haviland, Bavarian, Austrian, English and Domestic ware, and see how easy it is to start a set of high grade Dinnerware.

SCHAFFNER'S Dependable Furniture House

208 and 212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

MRS. JACOB AKRON DIES FRIDAY EVENING

Death Comes at Home of Daughter, Mrs. Roscoe Oborn.

Mrs. Emily Mandy Akron, aged fifty-three years, one month and eleven days, wife of Jacob Akron, died from complications of heart disease and dropsy at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Roscoe Oborn, No. 252 Orchard street, Friday evening at 7 o'clock. She had been ill for five months and her death was not unexpected.

Mrs. Akron was born at Waldo and had always lived in Marion county. She came to make her home with her daughter last October. She was a woman of noble character and a life-long Christian.

Mrs. Akron was the daughter of Samuel Shroats, of Waldo. She is survived by her husband and two children, Mrs. Roscoe Oborn, of this city, and Pearl Akron, of Waldo. One child is dead.

The deceased was a member of the M. E. church at Waldo, and up until the time of her illness was an active worker in the Ladies' Aid society of her church. She belonged to the Pythian Sisters at Waldo.

Following short services at the Oborn home on Orchard street, Monday at noon, the remains were taken to Waldo, where the funeral services proper were held ta the M. E. church, Rev. George Parker officiating. Interment was made in the Waldo cemetery.

A Sandusky Visitor.

Lewis Flocken, of Marion, a well-known democrat of the Thirteenth district, and a candidate for district delegate to the Democratic national convention at Baltimore, was in the city, Thursday, meeting friends and party men, and securing signatures to his nominating petition. Mr. Flocken is not yet ready to declare himself either for or against Governor Harmon, but has said he will issue a statement at the proper time, or as soon as other candidates declare themselves.—Sandusky Star Journal.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Bader, of the Boulevard, are the parents of a son, born Friday.

It will pay you to order

CHICKEN FEED

AT MOZIER'S

We have every kind that's good and the price is right.

CHICKEN CHOWDER—made of Alfalfa Meal, Barley, Kaffir Corn, Maize, Flax, Millet, Buckwheat seed and Beef Scrap.

A 25c package will work wonders toward making hens lay.

If the hard coal is running low try an order of our famous

Sunburst Hard Coal

No higher in price, but much better.

E. S. Mozier's.

Coal and Feed

NORTH STATE STREET. PHONE 139

MRS. CHARLES GROLL DIES OF PNEUMONIA

An Aged Resident of Waldo Is Claimed by Death.

Waldo, O., Feb. 24.—[Special.]—Mrs. Charles P. Groll, aged seventy-three years, nine months and ten days, died of pneumonia after a two-days illness, at her home in Waldo, Friday night at 10 o'clock. She had been a sufferer of asthma for years.

Mrs. Groll was born at Windfall, Morrow county, in 1838. Her maiden name was Margaret Akom. She was the mother of nine children, five of whom with her husband survive. They are Mrs. Maggie Kenny, of Marion; Charles Groll, Jr., Henry, William and Frank Groll, all of Waldo. She had resided in Waldo for the past eleven years but still retained her membership with the Windfall Lutheran church.

The funeral will be held at Windfall, Monday at 11 o'clock.

F. A. Stengle, optician, S. State St. 42-e&wk-tf

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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.
Case No. 12455.

The Home, Building, Savings and Loan Co. Plaintiff, vs. Clara Hanawalt, Defendant.

Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio:

In pursuance of an Alias Order of Sale from said Court to me directed I will expose to sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Marion, Marion County, Ohio, on Saturday the 9th day of March A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, situate in the County of Marion and State of Ohio, and in the Village of Prospect to wit:

"Known as part of lot number forty-six (46) in the village of Prospect (formerly Middletown) in the County of Marion, and State of Ohio, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the Northwest corner of a portion of said lot which was deeded to William Eversole by M. W. Petty and wife; thence south along said Eversole's west line 57 and ½ feet; thence west parallel with the north line of said lot about 25 and ¾ feet to an alley way which is mentioned in certain deed by O. S. Hopkins and wife to Joseph Cratt and W. W. Gast; thence north along the east line of said alley way and parallel with the east line of said lot to the north line of said lot; thence east along the north line said lot to the northwest corner of the William Eversole portion of said lot, and being the place of beginning of the premises herein described and intended to be conveyed, and the right in common with others to use said alleyway, 57 and ½ feet from north to south. Said premises are located on the south side of Water Street in said Village of Prospect, between Main and Elm Streets.

Said Premises Appraised at $933.00.

Terms of Sale: Cash.

JOHN G. STARK,
Sheriff Marion County, O.
By C. Breen, Deputy.
Copeland & Bartram Attorneys.
60-tu-wk-5

Commissioner's Office, Marion County, Ohio.
Marion, Feb. 14, A. D. 1912.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by and at the office of the County Commissioners of said county until Saturday, March 16th, 1912, at 12 o'clock, Noon, for furnishing all the labor necessary for the erection and construction of concrete sub-structural masonry for the Little Scioto River bridge on the Morris Pike in Green Camp Township, in said county, in accordance with the plans and specifications for said work on file in the County Commissioners' Office of said county.

Estimated cost for concrete masonry complete $1424.00. Each bid must be accompanied by cash or a certified check on a bank in Marion County, Ohio, for One Hundred ($100.00) dollars, made payable to the County Commissioners which will be forfeited by the successful bidder in case he fails to enter into a bond and contract within five days from date of sale. All bids must be on blanks furnished by the County Surveyor.

Contractor will be required to give approved bond for fifty (50) per cent of the estimated cost of said improvement for the faithful performance of his contract.

Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of County Comissioners.

Per V. PERLE GARFIELD, Clerk.

69-f-wk-4

Legal Notice.

Earl Cosgrove whose place of residence is unknown will take notice that on December 4, 1911, Lois E. Cosgrove, his wife, filed in the office of the Clerk of Court of Marion County, Ohio, her certain petition in case number 13226, and against the said defendant Earl Cosgrove, praying for a divorce, custody of their minor child, and alimony. That said divorce is asked for upon the grounds of failure to provide and adultery.

Said defendant, Earl Cosgrove is required to answer said petition by March 25th, 1912.

LOIS E. COSGROVE,
By H. Edmund Hill, her Attorney.
79-s-wk-6

Administrator's Sale.

Probate Court Marion, County, Ohio. Estate of Davidson McWilliams deceased.

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of March A. D. 1912 at 2 o'clock P. M. at the West door of the Court House in Marion, Ohio in said county pursuant to an order of sale to pay debts issued to us out of said court we will offer for sale free of dower at public vendue the following real estate situated in the City of Marion, County of Marion and State of Ohio, to wit: The South one hundred and seventy feet of residence lot of the said late Davidson McWilliams, bounded and described as follows, to wit: beginning at the intersection of the north line of Center street with the east line of McWilliams Court the southwest corner of said residence lot; thence east along the north line of Center street to the south-east corner of said residence lot; thence north along the east line of said lot one hundred and seventy feet; thence west on a line parallel with the North line of Center street to the East line of McWilliams Court and the West line of said residence lot; thence South along said East line of McWilliams Court one hundred and seventy feet to the place of begginning.

Appraised at $12375.00.

Terms of sale: One-third cash in hand and the balance in one and two years from date of sale. Deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the premises sold and to bear interest at six per cent. per annum from date of sale payable annually.

MAY R. FLICKINGER,
SUSAN P. HODDER,
Executors of the last will of Davidson McWilliams deceased.
68-th-wk-4

Sheriff's Sale.

Joseph A. Miller, vs. Loveda J. Layman et al.

In Court of Common Pleas, Marion, County Ohio. Case No. 13200.

By virtue of Vendi Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County Ohio, and to me directed and delivered in the above named case, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court house in said Marion County Ohio, on Saturday the 2nd day of March A. D. 1912, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day the following described real estate situate in the City of Marion, County of Marion and State of Ohio to wit:

Situated in the County of Marion in the State of Ohio to wit: Being known as being lot number Six thousand and twenty-six (6026) in the Fairfax Place Addition to the City of Marion, Ohio.

Appraised at $75.00.

Terms of sale, Cash.

Dated at Marion Ohio this 22nd day of January A. D. 1912.

JOHN G. STARK,
Sheriff M. C. O.
by C. Breen, Deputy.
J. W. Jacoby, Plaintiff's Attorney.
54-tu-wk-5

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio, will meet for the examination of teachers at the Central school building, Saturday,
March 2.
April 6.
May 4.
June 1.

Examinations commence at 8:00 a. m. and no application will be received after 10 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination and each applicant will furnish an envelope, stamped and addressed to him or herself, in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded. Applicants will be graded on a scale of 100. No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 50. An average of 75 with a minimum of 70 secures a certificate for one year. 85 with a minimum of 80 and twelve months' experience secures a certificate for two years. 90 with a minimum of 85 and twenty-four months' experience secures a certificate for three years. 85 with a minimum of 90 and thirty-six months' experience secures a certificate for 4 years. An average of 98 with a minimum of 95 and sixty months' experience secures a certificate for 5 years.

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate.

R. E. Bell, Pres.
W. P. Moloney, Vice Pres.
S. W. Almendinger, clerk.

The Chinese pen is a brush made of soft hair, which is best adapted for painting the curiously formed letters of the Chinese alphabet.

Of thirty-one ocean steamers with a speed of twenty knots and over, fourteen are flying the British flag.

THE QUESTION OF TOLLS ON THE PANAMA CANAL

Many Reasons Why Congress Should Consider Plan.

A CAREFUL STUDY OF THE SENTIMENT

Some of the Ideas Suggested as to Why and How Tolls Should Be Collected—Senator Bristow Fixes Rate That Many Believe To Be All Right.

There are many reasons why the subject of the management of the Panama canal should receive the most thoughtful attention of congress. Particularly is this true of the all-important question of tolls, and we are glad to note that there is promise of its settlement upon a basis at once statesmanlike and commercially prudent, in the fact that there is a growing conviction that the success of the canal will depend first and last upon the wisdom of such toll legislation as may be enacted.

A careful study of prevailing sentiment in congress, in the press, and as expressed by the average citizen, reveals a growing conviction that the Panama canal, because of its magnitude and cost, must be considered by itself, and that it is unwise to apply too closely the arguments which have determined the policy adopted for other canals of less importance.

As between the extremes of a canal absolutely free to the world, and a canal burdened with a rate of toll that would cover the fixed charges, and even yield a clear revenue, we believe the wiser course will be found in a compromise—the imposition of a system of tolls, for instance, which, while paying for the cost of maintenance and operation, would not be so onerous as to discourage such trade as would be drawn to the canal by the advantages of shorter sailing routes which it offers.

We believe that any attempt to levy and maintain a toll which would make the canal yield an actual profit on the investment, would be doomed to certain failure. Those people who are unable to regard this great enterprise from a broader standpoint than that of an investment made for what it will return in cash, should remember that by making our fleet quickly available in two oceans the canal will practically place at the disposal of the United States a new fleet, of a value of two or three hundred million dollars—a return on the outlay which should surely satisfy the most exacting.

Granting that the imposition of a moderate toll will be consistent with the best interests of both of the canal and the general ocean-borne trade of the world, we believe that the United States would be justified in doing everything possible, consistent with treaty and other obligations, to make the canal a powerful factor in stimulating our own moribund merchant marine. Hence, we are inclined to look favorably, at least, upon the spirit of the bill, recently introduced by Senator Bristow, for fixing the rate of tolls for the canal.

According to this bill a general rate is fixed for all shipping of one dollar per ton. But all American ships, whose owners agree that such vessels shall be at the service of the United States in time of war as auxiliary cruisers will pay only fifty cents per ton, while all ships engaged in the coastwise trade, under the same stipulations as to their use as auxiliaries, shall have the benefit of a rate of twenty-five cents a ton.

The canal is to be safeguarded against hostile combinations between railroads and steamships, made for the purpose of diverting commerce from the canal, by levying upon the shipping of such interests a toll of two dollars. And, furthermore, the bill makes it unlawful for any railroad to own or control ships that will regularly make use of the canal.

Now, although there may be some difference of opinion upon the last-named provision, there can be none as to the wisdom of the section which declares that all routes from the interior points of the United States to ports of the United States which are made through the canal are to be regarded as through routes, and the Interstate Commerce commission is to control the rates and to prescribe the proper division of these rates between the water line and the railroad.

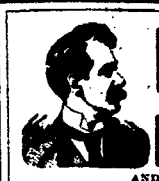
Senator Bristow, it should be mentioned, holds that our treaty with Great Britain does not forbid such reductions for American vessels as are suggested above, and if this be true, we consider that the bill, if enacted into law, whether as it stands or in some modified form, would prove to be a powerful factor in the double work of upbuilding our merchant marine and providing the United States navy with the various auxiliaries of which it stands so greatly in need.—Scientific American.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE IN JUSTICE'S COURT

Miss Stella B. Bush and Mr. Samuel Justice Wed.

Miss Stella Blanche Bush and Mr. Samuel Justice, both of near Morral, were united in marriage by Justice Charles E. Gompf, in his office about 2 o'clock Saturday. They were unattended.

The young people will reside near Morral.



PILES FISTULA
AND ALL
DISEASES OF THE RECTUM

Dr. McClellan announces to the profession and the public that he makes a specialty of these diseases and has had 20 years constant experience. No pain and no detention from business. Bladder, Kidney, Blood and Skin Diseases and Diseases of Women. WRITE FOR BOOK ON RECTAL DISEASES (FREE) and indorsements of patients cured. Established 1890.

DR. J. J. McCLELLAN
Outlook Building, 44 East Broad Street COLUMBUS, O.

THIEVES STEAL TWO HOGS FROM A FARM

Frank Reber Loses Two Porkers Friday Night.

THE LOCAL POLICE SEARCH FOR FELLOWS

The Local Police Chief Receives an Order To Close a Local Church Because of Failure To Comply With State Law as to Building. Some Police Notes.

When Frank Reber, a farmer, residing about three miles northwest of the city, on the Hillman-Ford road, went to his barn lot, Saturday, he saw streaks of blood in the snow leading from the hog pen to the road, a distance of about two squares. A hasty investigation revealed that two of his porkers, weighing about 150 pounds each, had been killed during the night and carried away by thieves.

The police and Sheriff John G. Stark were notified. The thieves, who had evidently used a spring wagon, were traced from the Reber farm almost to Marion, when the wheel tracks became lost by reason of other travel.

The authorities are convinced that the theives live in Marion, but they have no clew.

Fire Chief McFarland served an order on Police Chief McDonough, Saturday, to close the First Wesleyan M. E. church, located on north State street. Some time ago Carl Wilcke, deputy state building inspector for this district, made an inspection of the church. After his report to Chief Inspector T. P. Kern, the mayor and fire chief received copies of an order sent to the pastor and trustees of the church. The order required that the exit doors of the church be changed to swing out, that the place of worship be equipped with a fire extinguisher and the chimneys be repaired.

The order required that this work be done within thirty days. As more than that time has elapsed and nothing has been done by the trustees of the church, Chief McFarland decided to have the place closed until the order is complied with.

MRS. ERASTUS MOON DIES AT CALEDONIA

Death Is the Result of a Stroke of Apoplexy.

Caledonia, O., Feb. 23.—[Special.]—Julia Anne Moon, widow of the late Erastus Moon, died at her home at this place, this morning at 4 o'clock. Her death was due to apoplexy.

Mrs. Moon, who was well known here, was found in an unconscious condition in her yard by a granddaughter, Miss Eva Moon, Wednesday afternoon. She never regained consciousness.

Mrs. Moon was born near Denmark, Morrow county, September 18, 1840, and is survived by the following children:

Mrs. W. G. Smith and Charles Moon, of Marion; August and George Moon, of Barberton, and William Moon, of Osborn, near Dayton. She is also survived by one sister, Mrs. Hattie Hobson, of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and two brothers, James May, of Auburn, Indiana, and John May, of Louisville, Kentucky.

The Smeltzer Pike.

A petition for the Smeltzer pike, which is to begin at the Waldo and Prospect pike in Pleasant township and extend to a point near the old Smeltzer blacksmith shop on the Prospect pike, was granted by the county commissioners, Wednesday afternoon. The commissioners are H. F. Behner, J. H. Thibaut and B. F. Klinefelter.

Property Sold.

A house and lot at Green Camp, appraised at $500, was sold for $509 by Auctioneer J. A. Reed at sheriff's sale, Saturday, at 2 o'clock, the highest bidder being Joel B. Patton. The property was ordered sold as a result of a suit in foreclosure brought by James D. Chard against E. L. Anderson and others.

Increase in Capital.

The Slanser Lumber & Coal company, of this city, increased its capital stock from $25,000 to $50,000. Some few improvements, including the erection of a large shed at the plant are contemplated, and it is aimed to handle the work to the best advantage possible.

Statistics of the increased cost of living in England show that while one pound sterling would have purchased eighty pounds weight of family groceries in 1898, its purchasing power was reduced to 71¼ pounds in 1910.

THE TRANSFORMATION OF SAGEBRUSH DESERT

The Desert Changed to the Scene of Fine Homes.

SOME RESULTS OF THE IRRIGATION OF LANDS

Hazardous Farming Is a Thing of the Past in the Countries Where the Irrigation Plants Are Properly Operated—Some Hints on Irrigation of Lands.

The transformation of a sagebrush desert into a compactly settled intensively cultivated agricultural community is what has been accomplished by irrigation in the Salt River valley in Arizona. Here is probably the oldest irrigated region in the United States. Parts of its canals were constructed centuries before the nation's history began.

From 1867, the beginning of irrigation by the white settler, up to 1904, all irrigation here was by private enterprise. The erratic and insufficient flow of Salt river and the occurrence of severe annual floods put a limit upon development and made farming so hazardous that the growth of the valley was practically at a standstill if it was not actually going back. Large areas planted in orchards and vineyards perished through drought, and the desert began to encroach upon the fertile farm lands.

Recognizing the importance of obtaining a permanent and assured water supply, the settlers in the valley raised the funds required to make a preliminary investigation of the storage possibilities of the headwaters on Salt river. Before the work was completed the reclamation act by congress was passed and upon request of the people the Salt river irrigation project was initiated.

Active work began in 1903. Since that time the great Roosevelt dam, with its enormous storage of flood water, has been completed, hundreds of miles of canals have been excavated and enlarged, most of the systems have been consolidated and unified and last year 115,000 acres were irrigated. The crops of 1911 had an estimated value of more than $5,000,000, or an average of forty dollars an acre. The increase in land values during the past six years has been great. In 1905 the assessed valuation of the taxable property in Maricopa county, which is practically the Salt river valley, was $10,866,435, and in 1910 it rose to $21,478,734, or nearly double.

The Salt River Valley Water Users association, composed of the land owners on the project, now has a membership of 2,657, an increase of 829 members in two years. Since 1908 there have been 3,343 transfers of farm property on the books of the association which illustrates the rapidity with which the large holdings are being subdivided as well as the increased demand for homes since an abundance of water has been assured. This association in a few years will assume full charge and management of the project, will operate and maintain the elaborate canal and pumping system and a large power plant, costing more than a million dollars, which is now delivering power to all the municipalities of the valley. These public utilities, the irrigation system and the power plant are to become the property of the farmers, to be managed by them for their benefit and profit.

The large surplus of power which is being developed is already in demand for trolley systems, which are now being extended to all parts of the project, and by manufacturing enterprises. Several of the municipalities are now being lighted from this plant.—New York Sun.

MOTHER SAVES LITTLE DAUGHTER SATURDAY

Little Miss Jacoby Has a Narrow Escape from Burning.

Mary Louis, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Jacoby, of south Prospect street, had a narrow escape from being seriously if not fatally burned, shortly after 11 o'clock Saturday morning. It was the prompt and daring action of the little child's mother that saved the little one from being terribly burned.

Mrs. Jacoby was doing some work in an upstairs room, her six-year-old son being with her, while the little girl was playing down stairs. Mrs. Jacoby was attracted by the screams of the little girl, and when she reached the downstairs room found the child enveloped in flames. The outer garments of the tot had been burned off and Mrs Jacoby tore the remainder of the burning clothing from the child. The child suffered but a small burn on the back, while Mrs. Jacoby's hands and wrists were terribly burned. Dr. C. T. Wiant was summoned and rendered the necessary attention. How the child started the fire in her clothing is unknown as there was no fire in any of the rooms, the house being heated by a furnace.

His First Paper.

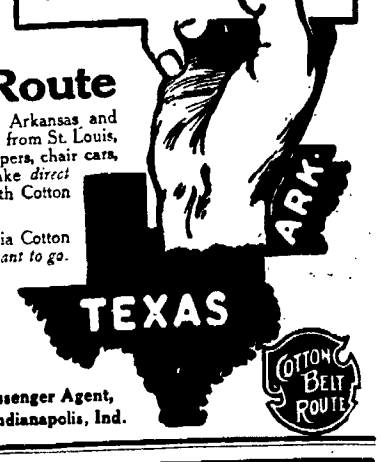
Everhart Huffmaas took out his first naturalization papers, Friday, just two years to the day following his arrival in this country from Germany. Huffmaas is twenty-six years old, and is a draughtsman employed by the Marion Steam Shovel company.

Draped toques of satin and changeable taffeta are extremely fashionable.

On the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month

you can make a round trip through the *best* sections of Arkansas and Texas at a *big* saving over regular cost of fare—you can stop over at any point *free* and be gone 25 days. Every day you put off your trip Southwest *lessens* your opportunity there—*go now!* Take advantage of the *next* excursion via

LOW FARES Southwest



Cotton Belt Route

—the quick and the *direct* line to Arkansas and Texas. It runs splendid trains daily from St. Louis, Cairo and Thebes, with through sleepers, chair cars, and parlor cafe cars. You can make *direct* connection in one of those cities with Cotton Belt Route trains to the Southwest.

Ask your ticket agent to route you via Cotton Belt Route—or tell *me where you want to go.* I will plan your *whole trip* for you, lay out schedule, give you exact fare from your town, and send you our *fine new books*, full of farm facts and the finest of crop and stock scenes Southwest. *All free*—write today.

L. O. SCHAEFER, Traveling Passenger Agent, 616 Traction Terminal Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

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Office men, clerks, railroad employees and others who receive their pay but once a month will find a check account most convenient. Many deposit their months' pay and they check out a weekly allowance. Your account is welcome, no matter how small.

THE MARION NATIONAL BANK
J. E. Waddell, President C. N. Phillips, Cashier

No Guesswork

about your money matters when you are a depositor here.

If Your bills are all paid by check. Your check, when returned, becomes a receipt. No trouble about change, no disputes about payments, no question as to where your money has gone, or how much you have received. Your pass book and the stubs of your check book always tell the story.

BE ON THE SAFE SIDE AND OPEN AN ACCOUNT AT

The Marion County Bank Co.,
Cor. Main and Center Sts., Marion, Ohio.
Capital and Surplus $350,000.00.
W. H. SCHAFFNER, President C. D. SCHAFFNER, Cashier

Our Plan of Making Loans

The terms and conditions upon which we make mortgage loans on real estate security is giving universal satisfaction.

The privilege of making partial payments on long time loans before maturity is well worth considering.

It will pay you to see us if you are thinking of investing and need funds or desire to change a loan you already have.

The Citizens Building & Loan Company
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West Center St. Phone 493.

Protect Your Feet
WITH A PAIR OF
Starr's Good Rubbers.

LADIES' RUBBERS.....37c, 49c, 65c, 75c
MISSES' RUBBERS.....50c, 55c and 60c
MENS' GOOD RUBBERS.....90 cts and $1.00

STARR SHOE STORE.

Sandwiches prepared in advance of serving time can be kept as fresh as when made by wrapping them in a napkin wrung out in hot water and then placing in a cool place.

Some men get busy and tell their troubles for the purpose of getting into the game ahead of others who want to tell theirs.—Chicago News.

An international exhibition in Liverpool has been planned for this year from May to October. Facilities will be given for the display of exhibits connected with manufacturing, shipping, machinery, textile, weaving, electricity, furnishing and other industries, as well as science, arts and crafts.

Canadian fire losses in 1911, according to the Monetary Times, of Toronto, reached $21,459,575, or $3.02 per capita, against an average loss in leading European countries of only thirty-three cents per capita.

Western Canada has not been able to supply its poultry demand for many years; and the eastern provinces, as well as the United States and even China, have been requisitioned to supply the deficiency.

It's easier to know what to do than it is to do what you know.

THE ROOSEVELT RECIPE.

The following is Mr. Roosevelt recipe for the compounding of s constitutions:

"The way to make a constitut is simply to go ahead and make Measure out carefully one squ real for the frightfully plain peo Repeat same measure and ingred for Big Business. Mix them up til neither can tell what he is get till he gets it. This process has b called 'playing both ends against middle, but if you are an adept unscrambling eggs you should perience no trouble in 'getting a with it.' Flavor strongly with " R.," cover with a thin icing of re and cook over slow fire, since recipe appeals most to those who their mental pabulum half-baked

Provided with these explicit structions we may expect to hear more agonized cries for help f the Constitution-mixers. They know who's who to do.—To Times.

Many of the new skirts are t med. Some show the tunic with der-petticoat: others have side t mings, and some have loops and tons.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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SCIENCE COMING TO ASSISTANCE OF FARMER

One of the Newest and Most Striking Features.

INSECT BATTALIONS AGAINST THE PESTS

The Science of Parasitism Saving Various Kinds of Crops and Thousands of Dollars for the Farmers. The Business of Breeding Insects Found Lucrative.

One of the newest and most striking ways in which science is coming to the assistance of the farmer is by the enlistment of insect battalions to fight the devouring horde of insect pests. This peculiar activity represents the science of pasasitism, the very latest of the applied sciences. The object of parasitism is the control of insect pests by the introduction of their natural insect enemies. These are always small, and sometimes microscopic, in size. To find them, breed them in confinement in commercially important numbers and distribute them wherever agricultural or horticultural pests are found is the task set for the parasitologist.

This strange business of breeding insects for no other purpose than to put them to work fighting other insects is carried on in the California state insectary on a much larger scale than anywhere else in the world. Millions of insects of many kinds and of various sizes are here reared for distribution to the orange and olive groves, peach, apple prune and apprlcot orchards, cantaloupe and watermelon fields and other gardening and orchard specialties.

The California state insectary is located in Capitol park, Sacramento. The building is a one story structure of glass and concrete. Most of the rooms have walls entirely composed of glass. These are arranged around a central court, in which are growing trees, shrubs and plants of many varieties. Each room is heated and ventilated independently of all the others and so arranged that the air can be pumped out and fresh air supplied from the basement at any temperature desired. It is therefore possible to regulate the temperature to the fraction of a degree. It is recognized the world over that the artificial breeding of beneficial insects is carried on in California more successfully than anywhere else, largely as a result of the perfect arrangement of the state insectary. For that reason that institution has been visited by scientists representing France, Italy, Japan, Germany and several other foreign countries, with a view to the adoption of ideas embodied in it in their own entomological work.

The breeding of beneficial insects on any scale desired is simply a matter of supplying an abundance of the right kind of food with the proper conditions of light, heat and ventilation. Some beneficial insects are parasitic. That is to say, they deposit their eggs in the grub of other insects and as the young hatch and develop they feed upon the surrounding tissues, and the victim, technically known as the host, is killed long before it reaches maturity. Others are predaceous; that is, they pounce upon and devour certain other species. Of this nature are the ladybird beetles, of which there are upward of 2,000 species, which are the natural enemies of all kinds of plant lice and scale insects. Strictly speaking, the science of parasitism is concerned only with the parastic foes of insect pests As a matter of fact parasitologists concern themselves with all insects that destroy insect pests whether predaceous or parasitic.

The only food upon which parasitic insects flourish is the "host" that nature designed them to hold in check. Similarly the only food adapted to the taste and digestive organs of predaceous insects is other smaller and weaker insects that feed upon vegetable tissues and are therefore dangerous to farmers, fruit growers and gardeners. In an insect breeding establishment, therefore, it is necessary that an abundant supply of pest infested leaves, branches or fruit be kept always on hand in order that the beneficial insects may be assures of a plentiful food supply

Most insects, whether injurious or beneficial, parasitic or predaceous, may be kept in a dormant condition, of practically suspended animation, for an indefinite period, simply by keeping them in a room with a temperature too low to promote their development. In this way the breeding operations of the state insectary at Sacramento are reduced to the lowest possible terms The moment notice is received that a particular pest has broken out in any part of the state the parasitic or predaceous foes of that particular pest are taken to an apartment where the proper conditions of heat, light and ventilation may be supplied and an abundance of the appropriate food is furnished Almost immediately the dormant insects begin to awaken to activity Soon the females begin to deposit their eggs; and in a very few days in some instances within twenty-four hours, the scientists in charge of the insectary are ready to make shipments of thousands of insects to the pest stricken regions. The beneficial insects are sent to farmers and orchardists free of charge, and one of the express companies delivers packages containing them and returns the empty shipping cases to the insectary free of charge within the limits of the state.

Breeding is carried on in breeding cages, made by covering a light wooden frame with insect netting. When the matured insects issue they alight upon the walls of the cage. The parasitologist then opens the door of the cage, and quickly places a wide necked vial over the tiny insect. The insect instinctively flies back into the vial; and the operator repeats the process again and again until he has as many in the vial as he desires. Usually about twenty-five constitute a "colony," but in case of a particularly destructive pest much larger colonies are shipped One or more of these colonies is taken to a pest infected orchard, garden or truck patch, and there the insects are released Finding their appropriate food present in abundance, they multiply with the amazing rapidity characteristic of insect forms of life, so that in a short time each colony of twenty-five shipped from the insectary is represented by millions of progeny, continuing to muptiply in geometrical progression, and each individual waging bitter and relentless war upon the pest It is truly a Battle of the Bugs," with insect armies numbering billions on each side The result is always the same The vegetarian cohorts of the pest army are invariably conquered, subdued and all but exterminated by their enemies.

It is estimated that insect pests levy an annual toll in America equal to one-tenth of the value of all products of the soil Superficial observers sometimes think that nature surely made a grave mistake in permitting the existence of these terrific insect scourges However, the mistake is not of nature's making. The trouble is all due to man's blundering interference with nature's plan.

In every life zone nature has established a balance between vegetable tissues and the parasitic and predaceous foes of such insects. As long as this balance established by nature is undisturbed the insects that are capable of developing into pests, and this means all insects that feed upon vegetable tissues, do no appreciable damage owing to the activity and efficiency of their natural checks. But man disturbs the equilibrium established by nature in various ways. By the introduction, planting and cultivation of fruits, vegetables, cereals and forage crops he provides a food supply that encourages the enormous increase of insect life By cultivation and irrigation in regions that have been desert he entirely upsets nature's plans for such regions. By exterminating many species of insectivorous birds and seriously reducing the numbers of almost all species he has directly encouraged the enormous multiplication of the numbers of all manner of insects

But the disturbance of the life equilibrium established by nature that has resulted most seriously is due to the importation of foreign insects. Practically all the serious pests that worry farmers, gardeners and fruit growers have been brought to America from foreign countries.

Usually these foreign insects have been introduced unnoticed. A new tree, shrub or flower is brought from China, Australia or South America. It is quite possible that the almost microscopic eggs of some injurious insect are present on it. The plant takes root and grows, and the insect eggs hatch. Years may pass before the imported insect becomes accustomed to its new environment and increases in numbers sufficiently to become a menace to any form of vegetation Then it is recognized as a pest and dusting with insect powders, fumigation with poisonous gases, dipping, spraying and other mechanical means of control are resorted to California neglects none of these old style methods of combating the enemy, but in addition the scientists of the insectary begin an immediate search for the natural check of the new pest.

In its natural home that particular insect probably did little or no damage, because of the presence of its natural check. In its new sphere of activity, with no foe to limit the increase in its numbers, and an abundant food supply at hand, it may in time develop to such an extent as to threaten the existence of important agricultural and horticultural industries.

After such a pest has gained a footing it is often a matter of very great difficulty to trace it to its original home, to identify the natural foe that prevented it from doing damage there, and to introduce it to America To search for beneficial insects California employs an entomological explorer, George Compere, who has visited every country in the world as an incident of his peculiar calling When he finds an insect of possible or probable value he conveys it by any means possible, often by personal journeys of many thousands of miles, to the state insectary at Sacramento There it is taken in charge by E K Carnes, the superintendent of the insectary, or by Frederick Maskew, his able assistant They breed and study the insect in captivity to make sure that it is really beneficial in its operations, and to satisfy themselves that it is not infested with a secondary parasite, to limit its increase in numbers, which would of course defeat the very object of its introduction When thoroughly satisfied on these points the parasitologists count the newly introduced species an addition to the pest fighting resources of the institution, and make suitable preparations to breed it on as large as scale as may be desirable

Sometimes nature breeds beneficial insects on so large a scale that it is found to be the most economical plan to collect them and place them in cold storage until they are needed. This is true of a native California ladybird beetle, Vedalia cardinglis, which breeds in inconceivable numbers in certain canons of the Sierra Nevada Mountains This little ladybird is the natural foe of all kinds of scale insects, of the melon aphis that infests watermelon, cucumber and canteloupe fields and of plant lice that work destruction in apple, peach, apricot and prune orchards. So in January, February and March the field agents of the State insectary visit the high Sierras, seek for sunny spots where the snow has melted and scrape away the accumulation of leaves and pine needles that litters the ground Here and there they will find a spot where there is a great accumulation of hibernating ladybird beetles These they place in bags and ship by express to the State insectary, where they are placed in cold storage to await the time of need, in April, May and June.

The first great ladybird hunt took place in the opening months of 1910, when three-quarters of a ton of ladybird beetles were collected That means something like 13,000,000 "bugs" They helped the growers of apples, peaches and other deciduous fruits to fight the San Jose scale and other scale and aphid pests, but they performed their most spectacular stunt in the canteloupe fields of the Imperial valley In one shipment the scientists of the insectary sent eighty-one cases, each containing 60,000 ladybird beetles, a total of approximately 4,860,000 insects, to Brawley, in the heart of the canteloupe growing district Those little insects saved the canteloupe crop of 1910 Furthermore, they relieved the growers of all fear for the future. Whenever the melon aphis makes its appearance in the canteloupe fields in the spring, a telegram to the insectary results in the despatch of relief by the first train But for the ladybirds the canteloupe growers of the Imperial valley would have been driven out of business. What that means may be guessed from the fact that last year's shipments of canteloupes from this single valley amounted to 2,950 carloads, worth $2,225,000 at the shipping points

Among other pests that have been subdued by insects bred and distributed by the scientists of the state insectary was the cottony cushion scale A little more than twenty years ago this seemed destined to ruin the citrus fruit growing industry Shipments of oranges fell from 8,000 carloads one year to 600 the next Infested orange groves looked as if they had been visited by a severe snowstorm. Many groves were dug up and the trees burned, but even this heroic treatment proved futile, as the pest attacked forest trees and every green thing, until it was feared that a large part of California would revert to desert conditions. This terrible pest was subdued by predaceous and parasitic foes introduced from Australia, the country of its origin. Similarly the black scale that threatened the ruin of the olive orchards and spread to other fruit trees was subdued by a ladybird beetle and a small internal parasite. The San Jose scale has spread from ocean to ocean, and is everywhere a terror to fruit growers except in California, where it is controlled by insect foes bred in the state insectary The soft brown scale on citrus fruits and the brown apricot scale on deciduous fruits are controlled by Encyrtus flavus and Comys fusca, two minute internal parasites Pulvinaria innumerabilis, once considered a menace to the apple growing industry, has been completely subjugated by Coccophagus lecani In fact there are few insect pests in California that are not fought with more or less success by means of insect checks bred at the state insectary It is the confident belief of the parasitologists in charge of that institution that there is a natural check for every insect pest in existence They mean to find those checks, introduce them and thus save to agriculturists and horticulturists the millions of dollars now destroyed by insect pests and the other millions of dollars spent in the application of insecticides

In the development of the science of parasitism California leads all other states in the union—a fact due, no doubt, to the overshadowing importance of its fruit growing industries. Nevertheless, it may be regarded as a certainty that every other state in the union will sooner or later be compelled to follow the California example, and enlist beneficial insects to fight the destroying hosts of insect pests The use of "bugs to fight bugs" is nature's way and the only way that gives wholly satisfactory and permanent results New York Sun

BROCKETT-GORHAM COMPANY'S PLANS

The Company Has Fine Outlook for New Business.

The private partnership of Don E. Brockett and Sands K. Gorham manufacturers of automobile accessories recently incorporated as the Brockett-Gorham Company, with a $25,000 capital stock, bids fair to become one of the very promising little industries of the city, according to those who are in touch with the corporation's future prospects

The newly-elected officers of the company are George D Copeland, president, Don E. Brockett, vice president and general manager, and Sands K Gorham, secretary.

The company is established in the old Huber building on north State street, in the same quarters occupied by the partnership and is doing a thriving business Already several government orders have been turned out by the partnership and the new company has many huge government orders in view

EDUCATIVE VALUE OF STUDY OF AGRICULTURE

Discussed by Professor Earl Barnes in St. Louis.

THE GOOD IT HAS ON SCHOOL PUPILS

A Child Can Go into a Man's Heart Through History and Literature and into His Dreams Through Philosophy, Music and Arts, Declares Mr. Barnes.

St Louis, Feb. 28.—That the rural schools of America are the most inefficient part of our entire educational system, was the declaration of E T. Fairchild, superintendent of public instruction in Kansas, in his address at a session of the joint conference of the National Council of Education, this morning.

This fact is especially deplorable," said Mr. Fairchild, "in view of the fact that these schools directly serve the greatest percentage of our population. The country school needs assistance, it needs the help of the educational expert, it needs the help of the philanthropist, and business man; it needs the help of the press, it needs the assistance of all institutions of higher learning and the union of all social forces for its betterment."

Professor Earl Barnes, the noted educational lecturer, delivered the principal address at this afternoon's session His subject was the "Educative Value of the Study of Agriculture calls into use a very wide range of mental powers, forces measures and comparisons upon the child and compels him to pass judgment upon his own observations

"Although it gives scope to his artistic impulses, and offers ample opportunity for cooperation, as well as for emulation," said Professor Barnes, "agriculture as a training for life, has very definite limits. It trains for persistence, frugality and imagination and sympathy. It teaches boys how to work, but they should also learn how to play

"In fact, for all the larger and freer visions of life, the child must leave his garden and go to the mountains and the sea, into the man's heart through history, biography and literature, into his dreams through philosophy, music and the arts."

WILLIAM ADAMS TAKES HIS OWN LIFE

Shoots Himself Through Heart in Detroit.

When the body of William Adams, who died at his home in Detroit, arrived in Marion at 1 35 o'clock over the Hocking Valley, Wednesday, the suspicions of the dead man's friends that he had committed suicide were verified by the accompanying death certificate. Adams shot himself through the heart with a thirty-two caliber revolver in the bathroom of his home, Monday, shortly after dinner. He is believed to have been demented, as he has frequently complained of a terrible roaring in his head and a sensation that gave the effect of his head almost bursting.

Mr. Adams was employed as a constructing engineer in a large automobile works in Detroit. He is survived by his widow, and eleven year-old daughter, Lucile, and his parents, Mr and Mrs. Martin Adams, of Adelaide. The remains were accompanied to this city by the widow and child and a brother, Bert Adams of Detroit.

A year ago a mysterious growth appeared in Mr Adams' stomach and the doctors told him then , it is claimed by his family, that if it was not cured in some way, the brain eventually would become affected.

THE CITY SOLICITOR GIVES AN OPINION

New School Building Is Not in the City District.

City Solicitor Fred W Warner, who was asked by the board of education two week ago for a written opinion as to whether the new McKinley school building is in the city school district, declares the building is not in the city school district, although clearly in the city limits. He states further that, in order to bring the property into the city school district a resolution on the part of the school board will be necessary

County Auditor Jay Spaulding is anxious that action be taken by the board bringing the property within the school district before the assessors begin their work in the spring, as the manner in which the land is now on separate duplicates gives him a great deal of bother

MRS. R. A. NORTHUP FUNERAL SERVICES

Mrs. Northup Passes Away at Centerville Home.

Funeral services over the remains of Mrs R A. Northup, who died at her home at Centerville, Sunday evening were held at the Schilo church near Prospect, Wednesday Mrs Northup was quite well known over Marion county She was eighty-five years of age and was a widow Two weeks ago she suffered a stroke of paralysis and had been critically ill since that time. Two sons, Thomas Northup, of Centerville, and A. M. Northup, of Urbana survive. Burial was made Wednesday in the Prospect cemetery.

THREE CHILDREN IN THE PROBATE COURT

Humane Officer Ulsh Is Named as Guardian.

Three bright-faced little children, whose parents are estranged and who are living with their aged grandmother at Harpster, appeared with the latter in the juvenile court before Judge W. S. Spencer, Wednesday. The father, Thomas Tod Raymond, and the mother, Mrs, Elva Raymond, did not appear at the hearing and Humane Officer Ulsh was appointed their guardian. He made application for the appointment on the ground that their surroundings were "vicious and unfit." That was the condition prevailing when the children were living with the mother at La Rue Last December, the mother took the children to the mother of her husband and then disappeared. The father was arrested on a charge of failing to provide for the children in Lake county a short time ago and escaped imprisonment by guaranteeing the payment of three dollars a week for their support. He caused Humane Officer Ulsh to bring proceedings in the juvenile court for the appointment of a guardian The children are Cora G , aged six. Daisy B , aged four, and Delphos R , aged three years. The humane officer probably will place the children in the Waddell Children's home because the aged grandmother is not able to care for them.

JACOB SPEIDEL DIES TUESDAY EVENING

His Death Follows an Illness of Paralysis.

Jacob Speidel, aged fifty-three years, two months and twenty-two days, a native of Germany, died of paralysis and complications at his home, No 314 Avondale avenue, Tuesday evening at 6.40 o'clock. He had been in a serious condition for twenty-one weeks

The deceased is survived by his widow and eight children. The children are Mrs. C. Shaffer, of Lewistown; Henry Speidel, of Cleveland; and John, Carl, Lewis, Minnie, Fraeda and Flora Speidel, of this city.

Mr. Speidel was a member of the Modern Woodmen. He was a lifelong member of the Evangelical Lutheran church. He was a blacksmith by occupation, and quite well known.

HON. SILAS E. HURIN IS A CANDIDATE

In Race for Place on Supreme Court Bench.

Hon Silas E Hurin of Findlay, former member of the circuit court of this district has announced himself a candidate for the Republican nomination for justice of the Ohio supreme court

Judge Hurin was a candidate for circuit judge in 1902, but was defeated by Judge Caleb H Norris, Democrat, of Marion

He was a candidate for the Republican nomination for the supreme judgeship before the Republican state convention two years ago, in 1910, but was defeated by less than a score of votes, Judge Crew and Summers candidates for a second term, winning the two nominations, but meeting defeat in the Democratic landslide which followed.—Kenton Democrat.

YOUNG PEOPLE WERE MARRIED WEDNESDAY

Miss Lluelle Grace Fell and Mr. James I. Morton.

Miss Lluelle Grace Fell and Mr. James I Morton, of Caledonia, were united in marriage by Rev James Gray at the Methodist church parsonage at Brunswick, Medina county, Wednesday afternoon

The bride is a daughter of Edward Fell, of Caledonia, and quite well known. Mr Morton is a son of Thomas Morton and a popular young man

Mr and Mrs Morton will make their future home at Caledonia

LOGAN NATURAL GAS COMPANY IS ACTIVE

Will Drive a Number of Test Wells Shortly.

A Bucyrus special to the Ohio State Journal, Wednesday, says

The Logan Natural Gas company has within the last week secured leases on over 500 acres of farm land in Dallas and adjoining townships of Crawford and Wyandot counties for the purpose of drilling test wells for gas

This company at present pipes gas from the West Virginia field It intends drilling several test wells soon

STORK PRESENTS A SON TO PRINCESS

The Queen Mother, Alexandra, Unable To Go to Windsor.

Stockholm Feb 28 The stork today presented the crown princess with a ten-pound son

The queen mother, Alexandra, and Princess Victoria were unable to go to Wilsor because of illness

A Special Meeting

At a special meeting of the board of directors of the Fairbanks Steam Shovel company, Tuesday afternoon, J G. Fairbanks former president and general manager, was appointed to the position of managing director of the company He will work in conjunction with J E Marbaugh, the new general manager of the company.

GREEN CAMP NOTES OF SOME INTEREST

People Visiting the Village and Vicinity.

Green Camp, O., Feb. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Jennie Fletcher is spending the week at the M. E. Burke home at Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Shultz, of Agosta, spent Sunday and Monday with Mr. and Mrs. J. N Johnston.

Owing to the condition of the weather the members of the Baptist Missionary society were unable to get to the home of Mrs. James Biggins, Thursday, where they were to hold an all-day meeting.

Miss Iva Fish spent last week at Marion, visiting friends

Johnnie Williams is suffering an attack of lung fever.

A large company numbering about sixty-five of the friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Codding near Prospect called at their home, Tuesday night, and spent a delightful evening. The affair was planned as a farewell reception for Mr and Mrs. Codding, who will soon move to their farm near Waldo. The guests appeared with well-filled baskets, from which a substantial supper was served. Games and music filled the happy hours of the evening.

Paul Mayfield, of Ada, spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Mayfield.

Miss Ruth Bricker is at Marion this week.

The Young Men's class of the Baptist Sunday-school gave a social at the home of Mrs. J. E Berry, Friday evening. The class guests were Misses Ruth Porter, Inez Lanius, Emma Uncapher, Nora Savidge, Ruth Petty, Lucy Smeltzer, Gladys Porter, Mrs. Pearl Pangborn, Mrs. Minnie Myers, Mrs. Earl Reasoner, Messrs. Lester Rush and Henry Foos. The hours were spent in various games and contests. The prize went to C A. Sinclair for drawing the best picture of George Washington. The house was very pretty with its decoration of red, white and blue. Mrs. Berry was assisted in serving by Mrs. Leota Court.

Frank Hopkins, of Ada, and Fred Kirts, of Alger, were guests of Mr. and Mrs L. R. Hopkins, Sunday.

A company of the friends and neighbors to the number of twenty-two called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Daniels, Tuesday evening, and spent a few social hours with them.

Mr. and Mrs. William Terpany returned to Waterloo, Iowa, Thursday.

LITTLE NEWS NOTES GATHERED AT MARTEL

Village Is Quiet During the Past Week.

Martel, O., Feb. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Howard Coonsey and son, Lester, of Edison visited Mrs. John Rutherford from Friday till Sunday.

Miss Ada Rutherford was a Marion visitor, Wednesday.

Chester and Samuel Sharrock, of Bucyrus, accompanied by Bruce Sharrock, visited Mr. and Mrs Samuel Sharrock, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Pace, of Caledonia, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Rutherford, Sunday

Miss Mary Pace is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Frank Long of Cardington, this week.

Mr. and Mrs Charles Pace, of Caledonia, visited Mrs Elizabeth Reese and family, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cyphers, of Wadsworth, are the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs P. Watts, and family, this week.

Mrs. Mable Harrison and family, of Caledonia, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs Aleade Williams, Saturday and Sunday.

LAUGHLIN IS AFTER ANDERSON'S JOB

Enters the Race for a Place in Congress.

An Upper Sandusky special to the Ohio State Journal, Wednesday, says.

M H Laughlin, of Nevada, who two years ago was defeated by Congressman Carl C. Anderson, Tuesday took out nomination papers and will again make the race for congressman on the Republican ticket in the Thirteenth district

Laughlin says there is a good chance to defeat Anderson this time, although Anderson's majority was almost 15,000 He declines to express himself as to Taft or Roosevelt

Anderson will have no opposition for a third nomination.

INTERURBAN TRAFFIC TIED UP WEDNESDAY

The High Water Flooding the Tracks.

Service on the C , D. & M interurban was almost completely tied up, Wednesday, on account of high waters at Prospect The cars at 6, 7 and 8 o'clock made the trip, that morning, but after that time it was necessary to abandon the service

READS WITHOUT GLASSES AT 106

Allentown, Pa., Feb. 28.—Aunt Polly Neiman, 106 years old, an inmate of the Good Shepherd home, is blind in one eye, but reads the Bible without spectacles every day

STARTLING FIND OF COUNTY DETECTIVE

Starving Hogs and Cattle Found by Officer.

AN UNUSUAL CASE EAST OF SUNBURY

Two Women Are Charged with Cruelty to Animals as Result of Officer's Visit to Farm—The Starvation of Animals Not Due to Poverty of Owners.

County Detective Matthews was east of Sunbury, Monday afternoon investigating what he characterized as one of the most astonishing scenes of animal starvation that has ever witnessed. For several days complaints had reached his office that cattle and hogs on the farm belonging to Mrs. E. H. Dent, the widow of the late 'Squire Dent, had been starving to death, and learning, Monday, that there was some real basis for the allegation, Mr Matthews went to the scene, accompanied by Hosea Hopkins, of Sunbury.

The scene, he says, was almost incomprehensible. Four hogs that under ordinary circumstances should have weighed over 200 pounds each weighed not more than forty pounds mere flesh and bones There were no signs of food about their pen and the boards had been literally gnawed to pieces in efforts to satisfy their hunger. When the boards were knocked down and the hogs stumbled outside to where some timothy hay had been placed, they grabbed at the hay as an ordinary hog goes after slop.

Nearby in another field, were about forty head of cattle, in little better condition. Four of them had starved or chilled to death, and others were in little better condition. Of the four dead cattle, nothing but the bones remained, hogs that were out with the cattle having stripped the bones of all flesh as soon as death had taken place. The body of one of the hogs had also been eaten.

The comparison of the surroundings with the scenes of starvation was almost beyond comprehension in a civilized community, said Mr Matthews. "The home is worth from $6,000 to $7,000, and the owner have much land. This isn't a case of poverty. It is just one of carelessness or neglect" Neighbors told the detective that they had tried to induce Mrs Dent and her two daughters, one of them named Mrs. C. Miller, to purchase hay for the cattle and food for the hogs, but they had said they guessed the animals would get along. Mr. Matthews could not get a very satisfactory explanation from them Monday. He ordered neighbors to feed the animals and take care of them, and ordered Mrs. Dent and Mrs. Miller to appear here, Thursday for a hearing on the case. Warrants were taken out, Tuesday, in the court of Justice White.

Charges of cruelty to animals have been unusually frequent this winter, due it is said to the character of the winter. Under ordinary circumstances cattle can get a fair living in the woods and fields, but this year the ice has been such that they cannot. Some people have failed to realize this fact More than forty cases are said to have been investigated by local officials, in many cases a warning sufficing. The trouble is said not to be confined to Delaware county alone.—Delaware Gazette.

MANY EDUCATORS ARE TO BE IN ATTENDANCE

Plans for Reunion of Former O. W. U. Students Here.

A number of prominent educators from the Ohio Wesleyan university in Delaware, will speak at the reunion of the former students of the university, to be held at the Epworth M. E. church, Friday, March 8.

Mr. K H. Marshall is in receipt of a letter from President Welch accepting the invitation and stating that, including himself, there will be nine representatives from the college present at the reunion and banquet. Dr. Welch stated that Professors Parsons, Davies, Nelson and Roberts would be prepared to deliver addresses and Professor J Bendinger, of the department of music, would be prepared to render several vocal selections. Professor Hornell, Rice and Konantz will also be in the party.

Aside from the addresses and vocal music the program will include a number of phonograph records of college songs

A CALL IS EXTENDED REV. CHARLES PEARCE

The Christian Church People Hold Meeting.

Steps toward the filling of the pulpit of the Christian church on west Church street, which has been without a pastor for some time, were taken at a congregational meeting held at the church, Tuesday evening

The meeting was largely attended, and Rev. Charles A. Pearce, of Chicago, addressed the members of the congregation The church has extended a call to Rev. Mr. Pearce to fill the local pulpit, and this is now being considered by him. It is not known when he will give his answer, but it is the opinion of the members of the official board that he will accept the call.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

JOHNSON TALKS TO DELEGATES

Tells Them of Progressive Laws in California.

HE DESCRIBES THE BENEFICIAL EFFECT

Delegate Bowdle Is Hissed by the Galleries.

Bowdle's Speech Regarding License Proposition Is Greeted by Jeers When He Declares He Is Church Member, but Eats His Lunch in a Saloon—Galleries Denounced for Their Action in Matter.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—The constitutional convention this morning listened to Governor Hiram Johnson of California, who has frequently been mentioned as a Republican vice presidential possibility if Theodore Roosevelt proves to be the presidential choice of the Chicago convention. The California executive was given a cordial greeting by both delegates and spectators and his remarks were listened to with the greatest attention.

He reviewed the history of the fight in his state against corrupt corporation rule and outlined the progressive laws enacted by the legislature in the interest of self-government, including the initiative and referendum and recall of officials who prove false to the trust imposed in them. He spoke enthusiastically of the workings of all progressive laws so far enacted, and said that instead of involving the state in constant turmoil, as contended by opponents of the initiative and referendum and the recall, they had merely acted as a brake upon legislators and other officials when inclined to favor corporations in legislative acts or decisions, as they had constantly before them the specter in the shape of the initiative and referendum by which the people could nullify obnoxious laws or the recall by which they could be retired to private life. So far, he said, the people had found few opportunities of exercising their rights under the new order of legislation.

He made an urgent appeal to the delegates to give to voters of Ohio an opportunity of passing judgment on a thoroughly progressive constitution.

Bowdle Is Hissed.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—During his speech in favor of licensing the liquor traffic Delegate Bowdle of Cincinnati was hissed by the galleries. The disturbance came when he said that when he was home he usually ate lunch in a German saloon, although he was a member of the Episcopalian church and taught a class in Sunday school.

The convention was so angered at the insult to Bowdle that several of the delegates, including Anderson of Mahoning denounced the galleries, and President Bigelow said they would be cleared if there was a repetition. Delegate Marriott of Delaware declared only vipers and geese hiss. Bowdle was applauded when he finished.

NO CHANGE IN THE CONVENTION DATE

Mack Says Democrats Will Hold It on Time.

New York, Feb. 28.—Chairman Norman E. Mack of the Democratic national committee said that he had not heard of any proposal to have the Democratic national convention postponed. "We have a week now," he said, "after the Republican convention has named its candidate, before we select ours; and if they should nominate on Thursday, say, we would have eight or nine days, as we may not nominate before Friday or Saturday. And if there were any need for more time the convention could adjourn to give such time as seemed necessary, and meanwhile we would all be there on the job.

JUDGE DISMISSES THE SNEAD JURY

Jurors Unable To Reach Verdict in Murder Case.

Fort Worth, Tex., Feb. 29.—After having been out for 112 hours, the Snead jury was dismissed by Judge Swain, today. The jury had stood seven for acquittal and five for conviction since retiring Saturday and daily had reported there was no hope of an agreement.

J. B. Snead shot and killed Captain A. G. Boyce here January 13. A new trial will be ordered immediately.

TOMALE MAN SLAYS WIFE AND DAUGHTERS

Sets Fire to His Home and Then Ends Own Life.

San Francisco, Feb. 29.—Samuel Fisher, proprietor of the Elk tomale factory, today shot and killed his wife and two daughters, Ruth, aged eighteen, and Irene, aged sixteen. He then set fire to his home and when the fire reached him, blew out his brains. The man is believed to have been insane.

When a conceited man meets a pretty girl he feels that she is to be congratulated because of their meeting.

WOULD BAR T. R. AND J. P.

Chicago, Feb. 29.—An address by Judge Peter S. Grosscup, former federal judge, in which he suggests ostracising men like Theodore Roosevelt and J. Pierpont Morgan, has aroused wide discussion here. In his address the former jurist said:

"In Greece they ostracised men who became too powerful; they were driven out for the benefit of society. Some day somebody will propose this for J. P. Morgan, Theodore Roosevelt and other American leaders. They will propose asking them to take an enforced sojourn in Europe."

COMMITTEE THINKS WELL OF COLONEL

Richland County Men Say Roosevelt Is All Right.

Mansfield, O., Feb. 29.—Led by Chairman Huntington Brown of Mansfield, the Richland county Republican executive committee has come out for Colonel Roosevelt, and by vote has said that he is "the man nearer to his fellow countrymen and the man who can carry the Republican party to victory."

Coal Picker Fatally Injured.

Massillon, O., Feb. 29. — Mrs. Albert Middaugh saw her husband and daughter struck by a fast Pennsylvania passenger train. The father will die, but the daughter escaped with a broken arm and other injuries to the body. Middaugh and the girl were picking coal along the tracks when the accident occurred.

Burns Fatal to Baby.

Wellston, O., Feb. 29.—Helena, 2-year-old daughter of Samuel O'Neil, was burned to death at its home on the West Side. The mother was absent when the child's clothes became ignited and it was fatally burned before assistance arrived.

Heavily Fined For Bootlegging.

Pomeroy, O., Feb. 29.—W. F. Price, druggist, who was arrested Feb. 19 on a charge of selling intoxicants illegally, appeared in the probate court and pleaded guilty. He was fined $1,000 and costs.

Sidney Man Dies Suddenly.

Lima, O., Feb. 29.—C. D. Ordean, a wealthy business man of Sidney, was found dead in bed at a local hotel.

HEAD OF RAILWAY PLEADS IGNORANCE

President Sheldon Denies Knowledge of Coal Agreement.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—The testimony of President F. B. Sheldon of the Kanawha & Michigan railroad took up almost the whole of the session of the trial of the six Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania railroads and three coal companies charged with a violation of the Sherman anti-trust act.

President Sheldon declared that if there was any agreement between the C. & O. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and K. & M. to divide up the tonnage and profits of the T. & O. C. and Hocking Valley, he knew nothing of it. He admitted that the coal from the Sunday Creek coal fields was practically all shipped north over the Hocking Valley and the empty cars brought back over the T. & O. C., but said it was merely a matter of transportation with the roads.

BYESVILLE MAN MAKES APOLOGY

He Regrets Writing Initials on the Dome of Statehouse.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—The conscience of Roy Gadd of Byesville, O., has troubled him ever since he wrote his initials on the wall in the statehouse dome several years ago. The following letter was received from Gadd, addressed "Statehouse, Columbus:"

"Dear Sir—I will write you a few lines as the Lord directs. I was in Columbus a few years ago and was in the statehouse and in the dome looking over the city, and I wrote my initials on the wall and you had a notice up not to do so. I'm very sorry for this, as the Lord has saved me from this. The Lord bless you."

DR. WILEY MAY QUIT THE OFFICE

Says He Is Tired of Bickerings in the Department.

Washington, Feb. 29.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, pure food champion, is seriously considering resigning his position as chief of the bureau of chemistry in the department of agriculture. Admitting this in an interview, Dr. Wiley said that while he had not yet determined to offer his resignation, it seemed that he could not be successful in his efforts to secure harmony as long as there are "incongruous elements" in the department.

KRUMBEIN FAMILY WELL SCATTERED

Four Members Are in Prisons and Jails.

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 29.—The Krumbein family is well scattered today. Raymond left to occupy a cell in Auburn prison for two years for grand larceny; August is in Elmira on a burglary charge; Louis went to spend six months in the penitentiary, and Charles, his younger brother, accompanied him to serve thirty days.

Roughened plates which may be attached to a shoe have been invented to keep a man's foot from slipping as he climbs a ladder.

WOMEN PLAN A CAMPAIGN

Those Opposed to Suffrage To Hold Meeting.

CALL ISSUED FOR A STATE CONVENTION

Constitutional Delegates To Hear Other Side.

Anti-Suffragettes Declare Exercise of Right To Vote by Women Would Tend To Discourage Matrimony and Strike a Deadly Blow at the Home, Which Is the Cornerstone of American Life.

Columbus, O., Feb. 29.—The Ohio association opposed to women's suffrage, setting forth the grave possibilities that the Ohio constitutional convention may submit a proposition permitting women to vote, has issued a call for a state convention of all women interested in its cause, to be held in Columbus Wednesday, March 6. All organized bodies of women throughout the state are asked to send delegates. The call is signed by Mrs. Herman Hubbard, president, and Mrs. T. Ewing Martin, secretary, of the Columbus organization.

In making the call, the local organization announces: That the present movement for suffrage for women is backed by less than 10 per cent of the women of voting age in Ohio; that a vast majority of women, particularly the wives and mothers, do not desire to vote; that the injection of 1,200,000 votes into next election would be fraught with gravest dangers to established institutions; that the exercise of the franchise by women would militate against the moral, mental and physical well-being of the sex; that the exercise of the right to vote by women would tend to discourage matrimony; that the exercise of the right to vote by women would strike a deadly blow at the home which is the cornerstone of American life and the foundation of Christian government, and that a degree of social chaos unknown since the degenerate days of the Roman empire would follow the granting.

BASEBALL.

Lancaster Active.

More than talk is being done in Lancaster on the proposition of entering that city in the Ohio State league. According to reports made to the circuit committee last night, one gentleman has declared himself ready to post the season's guarantee of $1,000. He will not be called upon to do so until other citizens get together and make ready to tide the club over any rocky paths that may be encountered. It is very evident that the committee, which was at the league meeting Monday, when it was announced that the Toledo club would not be able to continue with the Lanks, lost no time in getting busy. In two days, marked progress toward a solution of the problem has been made. A final declaration of intentions is expected after a general meeting to be held in Lancaster, Friday night, with one individual ready to post the guarantee, it is thought that many will come forward and bind themselves to see the team through not only the coming season, but others to follow. It should be understood, especially the interested Lancaster people, that the league is holding a bunch of players who belong to the franchise that Toledo relinquished. In addition to several who played there last year, there are a number of recruits in the bunch. Most of these youngsters were picked up by W. R. Armour last fall before he retired from the Toledo club. While in Columbus, Monday, President Gableman of the Portsmouth Ohio State League club, signed Pitcher Ed Donalds.—Ohio State Journal.

Al "Posey" Hummell, who covered the second sack for Marion during the past two seasons, is calling on friends in Marion. Hummell left after the close of last season and went to Los Angeles, California, where he played with a fast independent team until a short time ago. After Hummell's showing in the West, he had several chances to sign with teams in the Coast league, but declined the offers made him. Hummell stated, this morning, that he had not fully decided what team he would sign up with the coming season. Manager Lewis, of last season's team, who is now the manager of the Paris team, of the Blue Grass league, has been trying to secure the services of Hummell, but he has not considered any of the offers made him by the former Digger manager.

Knox's Speech Applauded.

Panama, Feb. 29.—The Panaman government gave a dinner at the Central hotel in honor of Mr. Knox, the American secretary of state. There were 200 prominent guests present and they listened attentively to the message of good will and interest in the republic which Mr. Knox delivered. At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Knox was enthusiastically applauded.

MEXICAN TALES ARE DISQUIETING

President Confers with Members of Cabinet.

AZCONA'S STORY IS DISCREDITED

State Department Considers the Threat.

Azcona's Declaration That Invasion of Yankee Troops Would Be Signal for Slaughter of 40,000 Americans South of Rio Grande Held To Be Absurd — Crespo Asks About Juarez Port.

Washington, Feb 29.—The Mexican revolution, following the peaceful capitulation of the important border city of Juarez to the rebels, took a new turn, presenting a number of serious and delicate questions to the American government. Reports, which later were found to be exaggerated, that rebel forces had captured a number of towns near Vera Cruz and were advancing into the big oil district near there, were received at the state department. Many Americans have large interests in this district.

Following the receipt of these reports Secretary of the Navy Meyer and Acting Secretary of State Wilson united in a conference with the president. The fact that the secretary of the navy was called in led to the belief that this conference was directly due to the Vera Cruz situation and considered the possibility of warships being rushed from Cuba to that port.

Discredit Secretary's Threat.

The state department declined to give credence to a statement supposed to have been telegraphed from Mexico by Sanchez Azcona, private secretary to Madero. This purported to be a warning from the president's secretary for Americans not to enter Mexico, declaring that the arrival of the first member of the military within that country would prove the signal for the slaughter of the 40,000 men, women and children living or visiting in that country. A high official of the department characterized this statement as too absurd for consideration.

Sanchez Azcona is the Mexican who was arrested in Washington a year ago at the instance of the Mexican embassy on a charge of embezzlement. Senor Crespo, the Mexican ambassador, called upon Secretary Wilson and stated that he had been notified that the port of Juarez has been closed by an executive decree. Accordingly his government demanded that the United States prevent further shipment of arms, ammunition and provisions from El Paso into Juarez. This question will be discussed at a conference among Mr. Wilson, Attorney General Wickersham and Acting Secretary Curtis of the treasury department today.

Ready To Move.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 29.—The Vasquista movement upon Chihuahua will begin tomorrow, when 2,500 Vasquistas will leave Juarez by train for Sauz, at which point they will detrain and march to Chihuahua. This was decided by the Vasquista commanders in Juarez. There are now 2,700 Vasquistas in Juarez, they say. Two hundred will be left to garrison the town, and all the others will move upon Chihuahua. They will carry two heavy field pieces, two machine guns and 100,000 rounds of ammunition, in charge of two Americans, S. Drehen of Philadelphia and F. C. Rachardson of Oklahoma City.

The rebels will go on trains if they can get them. That was their intention when they held their meeting, but shortly after all railroad equipment in Juarez was slipped over to El Paso, and unless they can get some from south of Juarez, the Vasquistas may be delayed in their departure.

All gambling has been suppressed in Juarez. This includes the keno houses. All saloons have been closed temporarily and all dance halls put out of business. This drastic action was taken by General Salazar to insure good order during the presence of the Vasquista troops in Juarez.

The postal service has been resumed with the old postoffice force, and efforts are being made to have mail delivered from El Paso.

General Antonio Rojas and command arrived in Juarez, bringing all the Vasquistas in northern Mexico into the city. Perfect order is being maintained and the Mexico Northwestern has been permitted to resume operation of trains. The races resumed and the captured city is as orderly and quiet as it has ever been in its history.

There is a difference of opinion regarding the status of the El Paso Juarez port. The Mexican authorities say that as far as the federal government is concerned, the Juarez custom house and port is closed, as all of the federal officials are now in El Paso and there is no one there in authority to receive goods. The American customs officials say they have nothing to do with the Mexican situation, and as far as they are concerned and until the treasury department advises them to the contrary, they will continue to export anything which is properly manifested. The rebels appointed their own customs officers.

LOBBY SEEKING WILEY'S SCALP

Campaign of Corruption Being Waged.

CHARGE MAY LEAD TO INVESTIGATION

Pure Food Expert Bitter Over Affair.

When These Impure Food People Begin To Howl, Every One Is Convinced That Wiley Is Doing Right Thing, Declares Richardson, of Alabama, in Speaking of Wiley Matter Today.

Washington, Feb. 29.—Grave charges that a "powerful lobby," backed up by unlimited money, is systematically pursuing a campaign of corruption and lobbying to "get," Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, government chief chemist, today, threatened to cause a congressional investigation. Wiley himself was bitter over a story that he intended to resign with the idea of becoming a candidate for the vice presidency on the Democratic ticket.

At the capitol today, Wiley's friends asserted that for weeks agents of certain interests have been working to discredit him. Correspondents here have been flooded with "copy," sent in plain envelopes, all containing attacks on the chief chemist. The principal charge was that Wiley had illegally protected certain baking powder companies.

Representative Richardson, Democrat, of Alabama, leading Democratic supporter of the pure food law, this afternoon declared that if Wiley wanted protection or an investigation, congress would grant it.

"When these impure food people begin to howl, every one is convinced that Wiley is doing the right thing," he said. "He will be protected in his duty."

Wiley Makes Denial.

Washington, Feb. 29.—"Stories that I am to resign and seek political preferment are manufactured and circulated by anonymous enemies. I can't fight an enemy in the dark, let him come out in the daylight and I will fight him."

This was the denial today of Dr. Wiley, chief chemist, of the story that the food champion would resign to try for the vice presidential place on the Democratic ticket. Wiley said it came from the same "lobby that for several weeks has been circulating anonymous attacks, charging that I 'protected' certain baking powder interests."

"I have asked the secretary to lay the matter before congress," Wiley said today. "I would like to know the identity of this lobby and who is paying its expenses. The charge that I protected certain companies is absolutely false."

Wilson Is Defended.

Washington, Feb. 29.—Oratorical bludgeons in defense of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson figuratively whacked the heads of representatives today when Representative Higgins, of Connecticut, spoke in the house. Higgins "walloped" Chairman Moss, of the house committee investigating the department of agriculture scandal, denying "Tama Jim" is a "tool of the great corporations, a corrupt administrator of the law and the enemy of pure food reforms."

Higgins criticized Moss for attacking Wilson and Solicitor McCabe and for "glorifying Dr. Wiley and charging Wilson with willful assumption of power in defiance of law."

That elimination of a $30,000 appropriation for continuance of the referee board in charge of the pure food work would "contribute to the gratification of food adulterators," Higgins asserted.

Local investors as well as railroad men have been watching the course of the stock of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railway, or the "Panhandle" as it is generally known. The road is a part of the Pennsylvania lines, west of Pittsburgh, Southwest system, and is the part of the system running through Columbus. The stock has been steadily going up and it is believed that its dividend is to be advanced from five to six per cent. It is a big money-maker for the Pennsylvania, as it earns $7,700 a mile more than the Baltimore & Ohio, while capitalized for $39,000 a mile less. The stock has now advanced to above 107 and seems not to have reached the top.—Ohio State Journal.

THE MARKETS.

EAST BUFFALO

East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 29.—Cattle—Receipts 150 head; market, steady; prime steers, 7.50@8; butcher grades 3.50@7.

Calves—Receipts 150 head; market active; cull to choice 6@10.75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 6,000 head; market slow; choice lambs, 7@7.15; cull to fair, 5.50@6.90; yearlings 5.50@6; sheep, 2@4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,400; market, steady; yorkers 6.80@7.10; pigs, 6.65; mixed, 6.90@7; heavy, 6.60@6.90; roughs, 5.75@6.25; stags, 4@5.50.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Union Stock Yards, Feb. 29.—Hogs—Receipts, 41,000; market, dull, 10c lower; mixed and butchers, 6.15@6.45; good heavy, 6.15@6.45; rough heavy, 6.15@6.25; light, 6.15@6.45; pigs, 4.60@6.25.

Cattle—Receipts, 9,000; market, slow, 10c to 15c lower; beeves 4.90@8.60; cows and heifers, 2.15@6.65; stockers and feeders 4@6.20; Texans, 4.60@5.30; calves, 5.75@8.25.

Sheep—Receipts 20,000; market, steady to 10c lower; native, 3.25@4.80; western, 3.75@4.80; lambs, native, 4.50@6.95; western, 5@7.

PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 29.—Cattle—Receipts light; market steady; choice 7.75@8; good 6.25@6.85; fair 5@5.60, veal calves 9.50@10.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts fair; market strong; prime wethers 4.85@5.10; good mixed 4.30@4.75; fair mixed 3.75@4.25; spring lambs 4@7.25.

Hogs—Receipts 15 doubledecks; market slow, lower; prime heavy hogs 6.75@6.95; mediums 6.90@6.95; heavy yorkers 6.90@6.95; light yorkers 6.50@6.75; pigs 6.25@6.50; roughs 5.75@6; stags 5@5.50.

CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, Feb. 29.—Hogs 2,000; 10c to 15c lower; heavies and mediums 6.65; mixed 6.70; yorkers and lights 6.75, pigs 6.25@6.10.

Cattle—5 cars; steady.

Sheep and lambs—15 cars; 6.85 top.

Calves—100; 11 top.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., Feb. 29.—Wheat—Cash 1.00¼; May 1.02; July 98⅜; September 96¼.

Corn—Cash 67¼; May 71; July 71⅛; September 71⅜.

Oats—Cash 54¾; May 55¼; July 50¾; September 43½.

Rye—Cash 93.

Cloverseed—Cash, February and March 13.20; No. 2, 12.95; No. 3, 12.65; rejected 12.45.

Alsike—January and March 13.25.

Timothy — January and March 6.90.

Butter, eggs and hay, unchanged.

BOSTON WOOL.

Boston, Feb. 27.—The demand for old wool is less pronounced, although values hold steady. Interest centers in the bidding for the new clip in the Far West, where sales are reported from 14c to 18c. Several lots of old Ohio one-quarter blood fleeces changed hands recently and a renewed inquiry is reported in Michigan stock. Sales of territory have fallen off in nearly all grades, but pulled wool continues fairly active. The leading domestic quotations range as follows: Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces, Delaine washed, 32c; XX, 28@29; fine unmerchantable, 23c; half-blood combing, 30c; three-eighths blood combing, 30c; quarter-blood combing, 29c; Delaine unwashed, 26c; fine unwashed, 21½c. Michigan Wisconsin, New York fleeces: Fine unwashed, 20½c; Delaine unwashed, 24c; half-blood unwashed 28c. Kentucky, Indiana and Missouri: Three-eighths blood, 28c; quarter-blood, 29c. Scoured basis, Texas: Fine 6 to 8 months, 48c; fine 12 months, 53@54c, fine fall, 43c. California: Northern, 50@52c; middle county, 48@50c; southern, 46@47c; fall free, 42@44c. Oregon: Eastern No. 1 staple, 58c; Eastern clothing, 50c; Valley No. 1, 17@18c. Territory: Fine staple, 62@63c; fine medium staple, 58@60c; fine clothing, 55@56c; fine medium clothing, 51@53c; half-blood combing, 58@60c; three-eighths blood combing, 51@52c; quarter-blood combing, 47@49c. Pulled: Extra 55@58c; fine A, 53@55c; A supers, 51@53c.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 29.—Opening grain: Wheat—May up ⅛; July unchanged. Corn—May up ⅝; July up ¼. Oats—May unchanged; July up ⅛. Provisions steady.

Noon—Wheat—May, up ½; July, up ⅛. Corn—May, up ½; July up ⅝. Oats—May up ¼; July up ⅜.

Close—Wheat—May down ¾; July down ⅝. Corn—May, unchanged; July up ¼. Oats—May down ⅛; July up ⅛. Provisions higher.

The following quotations show the opening, high, low and closing markets in the order named of the various products:

Wheat—May, 1.02½, 1.03⅛, 1.02, 1.02⅛; July 96⅞, 97⅛, 96¼, 96¼.

Corn—May, 69¾, 69¾, 69⅜, 69⅜; July, 69¼, 69⅜, 69¼, 69½.

Oats—May, 52¾, 53, 52⅝, 52⅝; July, 48½, 49, 48½, 48⅝.

Pork—May, 15.25, 15.42, 15.25, 15.35; July, 15.55, 15.72, 15.55, 15.62.

Lard—May, 9.15, 9.25, 9.15, 9.22; July, 9.32, 9.42, 9.32, 9.37.

Ribs—May, 8.57, 8.62, 8.55, 8.55; July, 8.62, 8.67, 8.60, 8.62.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Feb. 29.—Flour—Quiet and firm.

Pork—Firm; mess, 17@17.50.

Lard—Firmer; Middle West spot 8.90@9.

Tallow—Inactive; city, 6; country, 5¾@6¼.

Hay—Steady; prime, 1.35; No. 3, 1.00@1.10; clover, 1.00@1.20.

Dressed poultry—Quiet; turkeys, 12@21; chickens, 12½@24; fowls 13@16; ducks 12@22.

Live poultry—Active; geese, 11@12; ducks, 16@17; fowls, 16@17½; turkeys, 18; roosters, 10; spring chickens, 12.

Butter—Firm; receipts, 1,582; creamery extra, 30½; state dairy tubs, 23@30; imitation creamery firsts, 26.

Eggs—Firm; receipts, 21,043; nearby white fancy, 34; nearby mixed fancy, 30½; fresh firsts, 30½@32.

CHICAGO DAIRY.

Chicago, Feb. 29.—Butter—Extras, 28; firsts, 26; dairy extras 26; firsts, 24.

Eggs—Firsts 26½@27; ordinary firsts 23@24.

Cheese—Twins 16¾@17; Young Americas 17¼@17½.

Live poultry—Fowls 15@15½; ducks 15@16; geese 10@11; spring chickens 15½@16; turkeys 13@13½.

LOCAL GRAIN.

The Marion National mill quotes: Wheat, 95; corn, 62; oats, 50.

FORMER SCHIFF VALET RELEASED

Brandt Leaves Tombs Prison in a Taxicab.

SURETY CONCERN GOES ON BOND

Former Valet Will Testify in Conspiracy Case.

Will Be Well Guarded Until He Tells the Grand Jury What He Knows of Alleged Burglary and Scandal That Follows—Brandt Will Then Go To Live in State of Minnesota. The Details.

New York, Feb. 28.—After having served five years of a thirty-year sentence imposed on his plea of guilty for burglary, which sentence was declared illegal a few days ago by Justice Gerard of the supreme court, Foulke E. Brandt, the former Schiff valet, was released on bail today. A surety company qualified on his bond of $7,500, and he left The Tombs prison in a taxicab.

Brandt went directly to the office of his lawyer, Mirabeau L. Towns, who said he had arranged a place where Brandt would be guarded until he has testified before the grand jury which is investigating the conspiracy charge in connection with the original sentence imposed on the valet. Then he will be taken to a place in Minnesota arranged for him by United States Senator Knute Nelson.

Brandt told his lawyers that he was afraid to be left alone and asked that arrangements be made to have him guarded until the case is disposed of.

Two indictments are pending against him, one for burglary and the other for assault. The burglary indictment will probably be dismissed.

OHIO MAN TELLS OF A SWAMP DEAL

Ohioan Drops Out for Fear of a Defective Title.

Washington, Feb. 29.—How Assistant Secretary Hays of the department of agriculture offered to take stock in a company to develop swamp lands in Dismal Swamp, N. C., was brought up before the house committee on agricultural expenditures.

John Selp of Chillicothe, O., the promoter of the proposed corporation, told the committee that he abandoned the plan because of J. O. Wright's attitude. He testified that Wright, who was drainage engineer in the department, was to receive a commission of $5,000 from the state for making the sale of Lake Mattamuskeet and a gift from him of $40,000 in stock in the company when it was organized. This double connection, Mr. Seip said, led him to drop the affair, because he feared it would make impossible a clear title to the property.

COMMON PLEAS COURT.

In the suit of Mrs. Bessie Bender against Van H. Messenger and others, a motion for a new trial was filed in the common pleas court, Tuesday by the defendants, through Attorneys C. C. Fisher and H. Edmond Hill. Newly-discovered evidence is the principal ground set up for asking for a new trial.

Coroner W. H. Hinklin filed his finding in the death of James Wilson with County Clerk W. W. Klinefelter Tuesday morning. He submits the testimony of the suicide's widow, Mrs. Louise Wilson, and his son, Willis H. Wilson. The son, in his testimony to the coroner, says he found his father hanging by the neck and that Wilson disappeared from his home about 5:30 p. m., February 19. Mrs. Wilson says she saw her husband the last time when she went to work in the morning, and both say that the husband and father had threatened to kill himself several times when he was out of work.

Coroner Hinklin also filed his finding in the death of Amelius Franklin Chapman, who was found dead in bed by his daughter, Mrs. N. E. Arnold, February 18. He died of paralysis of the heart.

In the suit of E. Anderson against Benjamin Tonguet and others, Christian Houk has filed a demurrer to the reply of Daniel Brady. He asks that Brady's reply be dismissed because it does not state sufficient facts to constitute a defense to his answer. The suit is an action in foreclosure started in March, 1901, and is the oldest cause now pending on the present docket. From the records, it appears that Christian Houk bought the Tonguet farm in the western part of the county, and that the plaintiff at the time had a judgment against the land. He is seeking to have his judgment satisfied.

Taft Is Endorsed.

Washington, Feb. 29.—The Republican state committee of North Carolina indorsed the Taft administration. This is one of the states into which the Roosevelt people had been hoping to break.

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Big Line New Spring Caps 50c to $1.50

SPRING HATS OF FASHION

The only complete showing in Marion, embracing every new style for the new season. Whatever your taste you're sure to find it here. Price range ..... $1.50 to $5

KLEINMAIERS

THE REVIVAL SERVICES AT EPWORTH CHURCH

Much Interest Is Being Shown in Gatherings.

DR. C. R. HAVIGHURST TALKS TO THE PEOPLE

The Experience of Paul in Dealing with the Sinners of His Day. Many in Marion Who Know Nothing of the Holy Spirit—A Fine Altar Service.

A fine congregation was in attendance at the revival meeting at the Epworth M. E. church, Wednesday evening, and great interest was manifested in the services.

An enthusiastic song service and prayers occupied the first thirty minutes of the meeting, and a solo by Miss Carmen Blow was specially impressive.

Dr. C. R. Havighurst spoke on "The Revival and the Holy Spirit," choosing for his text, Acts 19:2, "Did ye, having believed, receive the Holy Spirit? And they said unto him, we have not so much as heard whether there be any Holy Spirit." The speaker said that the Holy Spirit was the great Revivalist. He alone can revive, can bring to life again those who are dead in trespasses and sins.

"If we want a revival," said Dr. Havighurst, "we must get intimately acquainted with the Holy Spirit. When the first disciples got thoroughly acquainted with Him the great penticostal revival came. How many there are, today, walking the streets of our city, and even this very night, who are almost total strangers to the Holy Spirit, scarcely having heard whether there be any Holy Spirit."

There was deep interest and serious thoughtfulness manifested throughout the discourse and an earnest altar service followed the sermon. There is every indication that the services will result in great good. The audiences are growing, the spirit of religious inquiry is manifesting itself and conversions have already been made.

The meetings will continue every night, except Saturday night.

CITY IN BRIEF.

A Small Blaze—A spark from a chimney at the home of William Short, on Foster lane, set fire to the roof of the house about 10:30 o'clock, Thursday morning and fire departments were called out by telephone alarm. The blaze was soon extinguished, and but little damage was done.

A one sided view is all right if it is the right side.

A MOTION TO QUASH SERVICE IS ARGUED

The Matter of Loring J. Smith in Supreme Court.

A motion to quash service of summons-in-error on Attorneys Scofield & Durfee, as counsel for Loring J. Smith, convicted and sentenced to the Ohio penitentiary for embezzlement, was argued in the supreme court, Thursday.

Prosecuting Attorney Charles L. Justice and Attorney W. P. Moloney opposed the motion for the state, and Attorney E. B. Durfee appeared in behalf of Smith, who filed the motion through his attorneys. In the event that the supreme court overrules the motion, as it did a similar motion filed by Attorneys Scofield & Durfee, the Smith case will be heard on its merits in the supreme court, March 5. However, if the supreme court sustains Smith's motion that will be the end of the case and Smith will go free, for the circuit court has already reversed the lower court's conviction.

FUNERAL SERVICES OF ETHEL MAY HOY

Little One Dies as Indirect Result of Accident.

The funeral services of Ethel May, eight-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Hoy, of Rosewood addition, who died at the family residence, Wednesday morning at 4:30 o'clock, as an indirect result of injuries received by being struck by a Big Four passenger train a little over two years ago, was held at the Wesley M. E. church, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. D. N. Kelly officiating.

In November, 1909, little Miss Hoy, when returning home from school, was hit at the Center street crossing of the Big Four and hurled a considerable distance. She was picked up unconscious and removed to her home, where she was found to be suffering from internal injuries. Since then she had been an invalid. Inflammation of the lining of the heart is given as the direct cause of death.

The parents, two sisters, Helen and Rhea, and a brother, Merle, survive.

DIES OF PNEUMONIA AT PARENTS' HOME

Little Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Packer.

Florence Gertrude, aged twenty months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Packer, of No. 673 Mark street, died of pneumonia at the family residence, Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock.

The remains will be shipped to Iola, Hardin county, Saturday morning, for interment. Funeral services were held at the family residence, Friday afternoon.

Arkansas last year sold lumber, shingles, etc., to the value of $195,000,000.

EVANGELIST TALKS OF WORK WITH PRISONERS

Rev. Charles Evarts Now at Trinity Baptist Church.

HIS EXPERIENCE AT SING SING

Rev. Mr. Evarts Describes Life in Famous Prison and Tells of Some of the Criminals He Has Met and Consoled with Religious Thought—An Interview.

Rev. Charles L. Evarts, who is conducting evangelistic services at the Trinity Baptist church, has during the week several times referred to his experiences outside of his regular work. Among these incidents he mentioned facts concerning his work among the condemned men in Sing Sing prison. This led a Star reporter to call on Mr. Evarts today to obtain an interview. Mr. Evarts is a most pleasant man to meet, being genial and a polished conversationalist. During the interview it developed that he happened once to occupy the pulpit of the Emanuel Baptist church at Cambridge, Massachusetts, where Rev. Clarence C. V. T. Richeson was pastor when arrested charged with the murder of Avis Linnell.

Mr. Evarts described Richeson as a man of striking personal appearance, a typical southerner, and recalled his mannerisms, which were more or less affected. However, as Mr. Evarts' prison work has been confined to New York state, he has had no experiences in the accused clergyman's prison life.

Among the accused men who have figured prominently in the press of late and whom Mr. Evarts has met in Sing Sing are Albert Wolter, who was found guilty of the murder of Ruth Wheeler, a fifteen-year-old New York girl, and who was electrocuted during the week of January 29. It will be recalled that in March, 1910, the body of the girl was found under conditions that indicated that she had been probably burned alive in the apartments of Wolter. The case will be recalled as one of the most sensational of modern years. The girl was a student in a business college and it is alleged was sent to Wolter's home in answer to a request of Wolter, who represented that he wished to employ a stenographer.

Wolter was a young man of unusual intelligence and letters which he wrote to Mr. Evarts showed him to be of scholarly attainment. The missives are written in a style of penmanship which approaches copperplate perfection. The spelling is perfect, as is also the phrasing. The young man was a student of literature. On a recent visit to the condemned man, Mr. Evarts was informed by Wolter that he was glad that he had been sent to Ossining, for the reason that it was thus that he met the evangelist, from whose spiritual advice he had derived much consolation. He added: "I would rather go to heaven by way of Ossining than to hell by way of the streets of New York."

Another condemned man whom Mr. Evarts has ministered to was Frank Schermerhorn, who was very recently executed for the murder of a nurse in Duchess county. Schermerhorn was a coachman in the employ of a wealthy family. The nurse was found dead in her room. A Japanese butler was for a time under suspicion, but finally was declared innocent. Schermerhorn, at his trial, stated that he did not know if he committed the deed or not, claiming that for two days he had been under the influence of a drug. However, the girl's watch and ring were found in his trunk. After a trial he was found guilty and executed.

Mr. Evarts, in speaking of Schermerhorn, stated that he was aged twenty-one and was a born wit. An original characteristic remark will show the humor of Schermerhorn. He remarked, "For some time I was a sinner and recently having been confirmed, I might now term myself a confirmed sinner."

Mr. Evarts recalls another instance where a man, after being convicted of one murder, confessed to having committed a murder some years previous, for which crime an innocent man was confined in Joliet prison, and on the strength of the real murderer's confession the innocent man was released.

The success of Mr. Evarts' personal work has been so great that he has been allowed to speak to assemblages of as many as 800 prisoners. In the company which recently faced Mr. Evarts were many desperae men, including thirty or forty life prisoners. Since it has become known that Mr. Evarts has come into contact with the prisoners, many friends of the prisoners have come to Mr. Evarts with requests to see or help their friends.

In one instance he spoke for an hour to a large assemblage of this class of men. At the conclusion of the talk fully 200 requested prayers for themselves and stated their determination to lead a new life.

The prisoners in the death cells play checkers for an occupation, says Mr. Evarts. Their method is a unique one. Each man has a board with numbered squares in his cell and two are selected to play. Each man, of course, is in a separate cell and as he makes a move he announces it in a loud tone so the men in the neighboring cells hear him. His opponent in turn calls out the number of the move. Thus, while no one man can see another, all, by aid of their own numbered boards, keep in touch with the progress of the game. The "spectators" in their cells become greatly interested and call out words of encouragement to the two players.

Mr. Evarts is a native of Wisconsin, where he was born in the period of the great revival wave of 1857-8. His parents were of spiritual character and have left their impression on Mr. Evarts, who has always taken an interest in the spiritual life. When he was six years of age his parents went East. His father was a veteran of the civil war and his mother was one of the pioneer women in the W. C. T. U. work. He has served three associations in the capacity of secretary, but for fifteen years has been giving his entire time to evangelistic work. Mr. Evarts is married and has two daughters. The elder, Miss Louise, is of the faculty of the Northfield school, while the younger, Christine, has recently entered Boston university. The elder daughter was president for a while of the Y. W. C. A. of Boston university.

The work of Mr. Evarts in this city has attracted much attention on the part of the public and already he has done much good work. Aside from his church and prison work, Mr. Evarts has had considerable experience in religious work in the slums and Chinatown in New York.

THE ERIE WORKERS ARE MOVING TO MARION

Officials and Others Who Will Live in City.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS BEING TRANSFERRED

The Plans of the Erie Company as to the Division Offices and the Operation of Crews—Wires to the Huber Building in Place—Railway News Notes.

During the past few days, the handling of cars of household goods from Galion to this city has been quite an item in the local Erie railroad work. One or two, and in some cases, more cars are brought in here each day thus giving a good indication of the number of men who are moving to Marion to permanently reside here. As stated before, about thirty men with their families are to reside in the city when the division offices are moved here early next week, and they are now moving their household goods. A great many of the men on the crews of Cincinnati division west, now turning here instead of at Galion, are also moving here. The crews on Cincinnati division east will be turned here as soon as the division offices are established here.

The wires connecting the offices in the Huber building with the Erie lines were tested, Thursday. The equipment is now practically in place. It is planned to have a part of the force of dispatchers of the Erie here, Sunday, to watch the work so that, Monday morning, operations may follow without the least delay. C. A. Allen, division superintendent; W. P. Kimble, superintendent of maintenance-of-way, W. H. Pelham, master carpenter, and others with their secretaries and the corps of clerks will be located here Monday or Tuesday.

BIRTHS.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Schott, of Mound street, are the parents of a son born Tuesday afternoon.

Born, Tuesday night, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fout, of east George street.

If a young man thinks a girl's piano practice is music—that is love.

Spring Silks — Spring Suits

The Warner Edwards Co

Store News for Friday, March 1, 1912.

News of a Sale of New Messaline Silk Petticoats

Not a Petticoat will be sold before Saturday morning. Read tomorrow's paper for particulars of this sale.

(See Window Display.)

Spring Suits

There is the breath of spring in the mere thought of them—and here they are before the first robin.

Tailored Suits

Made of imported cloths, whipcords and serges. They are distinctive in line and style and the price range is from $25.00 up.

The Silk Section

Is filled with Spring Silks.

First in interest are Foulard Silks.

They were never more in style—especially the new bordered foulards.

One pattern in each piece, so you can be sure there won't be another dress like yours.

You can't possibly get a dress of more stylish design. $2.50 yard.

Ninety-nine out of every hundred of the

New Spring Dresses are Lace Trimmed

Such a marked fashion foretells a great demand for lace. This demand Warner & Edwards are prepared to meet with the most complete assortment they have ever had.

Macrame Bands.

In both white and cream, these will be used. 75c up.

Shadow Laces.

A number of designs of shadow laces with insertion and allover to match.

Scotch Ginghams

For girls' dresses and summer frocks these ginghams are unequaled, when you consider the wearing qualities and attractive patterns.

New Embroidered Sailor Collars at 25c.

Just here from New York a special display of 25c Collars. These collars are made to be worn with coats and dresses.

They're three styles and every one is new, with the large revers. They won't be here long at the special price of 25c.

Many other new large collars are here in heavy Macrame Laces.

Waists for Spring

Pretty little Spring Waists of fine batiste, very sheer, $2.25.

POLICE COURT.

Officer Thompson was called to the home of J. S. Woods, of Hurr street, Tuesday afternoon, to arrest James Allen, a boarder at the Woods' home. Allen was taken to the mayor's office where Mrs. Woods filed an affidavit against him charging him with disorderly conduct by using profane and vulgar language. Allen pleaded not guilty to the charge and was held under a $50 bond for his appearance Wednesday. Not being able to furnish the bond he was committed to the city prison.

In the trouble at the Woods home, the woman struck Allen on the head with a stove shaker, cutting a large gash. He was later given surgical attention at the prison. Wednesday the woman appeared and wanted to withdraw the affidavit she had filed. She stated that she could hardly eat supper, and could not sleep over the thought of Allen being locked up, and that she believed he would do better. The mayor told her that the costs in the case, which amounted to $3.15, would have to be paid, and she started out to raise the amount necessary to secure the release of Allen.

Affair at Martel.

The first number on the lecture course of the Martel band was given in the Methodist church at Martel, Wednesday evening. The attendance was good and the entertainment was greatly enjoyed. The next number will be a home-talent production and will be given in the very near future.

Many a man who calls a spade a spade applies other names to a snow shovel.

Liquor License.

Thursday, County Auditor Spaulding granted a liquor license to Joe Peracchio, who will conduct a saloon at No. 242 north Main str

¼ OFF Your Last Chance ¼ OFF

also

The Last Day of Our

February Sweep Sale

If there be any piece of furniture you will be needing in the spring, come in and pick it out and let us lay it away for you. Our terms are easy. Your credit is good. Come in and look us over, before buying elsewhere.

¼ Off THE HOOVER-ROWLANDS CO.

111 N. Main St. Makers of Happy Homes

Last Day of Our Corset Demonstration

WE were able to engage Miss Darnell's service for only a limited period which ends tomorrow. If you have not already consulted her, we urge your early attendance.

Miss Darnell's demonstration of *Henderson* and *La Princesse Corsets* is one of the most educative events that women of this locality will have the privilege of attending. The many necessary and important details of lacing and fitting are comprehensively explained by Miss Darnell.

We indeed appreciate the enthusiasm that has been shown about the *HENDERSON* and *La Princesse Corsets* that are on exhibition.

HENDERSON Fashion Form Corsets

The women who have been fitted with these corsets have been delighted with the stunning figure effect that has been produced and the comfort and ease with which these corsets can be worn.

HENDERSON FASHION FORM CORSETS

Henderson and *La Princesse Corsets* retain their shapeliness until actually worn out.

We extend an urgent invitation to attend the last day's demonstration and consult Miss Darnell before her departure.

Frank Bros. & Co.

RUG STORE THIRD FLOOR — Uhler-Phillips (MARION'S BEST STORE) — RUG STORE THIRD FLOOR

A Noteworthy Showing of Oriental Rugs:

A famous New York City Importer has brought Thousands of Dollars Worth of his finest Specimen Here for a Special Display & Sale

$35000.00 Worth of genuine Orientals at Reduced Prices while in Marion

MR. S. Zahlute's choice stock of handsome genuine Orientals (including the most rare and beautiful patterns in Kermanshahs, Saroucks, Khiva Bocaras, Kayaks, Mosuls, Beloochistans, Sennas, Daghestans, Sarabis, etc.,) will be on display and sale on our 3rd floor for the next few days.

This is unquestionably the finest selection of genuine Orientals ever seen in Marion—including a large variety of Rugs for as little as $15, $20 to $25.

And from these prices ranging up step by step to the rare and gorgeous 9x12 SILK PERSIAN RUG—shown in one of our Prospect Street Windows—at $3,000.00.

ESPECIALLY NOTEWORTHY is his surperb assortment of Orientals at from $100.00 to $150.00.

Everybody is invited to come to our 3rd floor and enjoy this exceptional showing.

During the same time we will feature

Our Own Big New Spring Stocks of Domestic Rugs at very Special Prices

A few of the matchless special offerings—

Serviceable new 9x12 size heavy Tapestry Rugs that are worth $14.50 at $9.69.

Beautiful 9x12 seamless Velvet Rugs, regularly worth $20.00, our low prices is $13.75.

9x12 Phillipsburg extra heavy and seamless Brussels Rugs—extra special at $13.95.

Large 10.6x12 seamless heavy Brussels Rugs worth $22.50, our special price $15.95.

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ROOSEVELT IS NOW IN RACE

Declares He Will Accept the Nomination.

ANSWERS GOVERNORS IN VERY FEW WORDS

Ready To Bow to Party's Will If Named.

The Colonel Says He Ignores His *Own Interest*—*Advocates* Primary System—Declares People Should Be Given Chance To Express Their Choice for Presidential Nominee. Taft Feels Aggrieved.

New York, Feb. 26.—"I will accept the nomination for president if it is *tendered to me*," Colonel Roosevelt tells the seven governors who asked him a fortnight ago to be frank about it as soon as convenient. This is the letter, dated on Saturday last:

"I deeply appreciate your letter and I realize to the full the heavy responsibility it puts upon me, expressing as it does the carefully considered convictions of the men elected by popular vote to stand as the heads of government in their several states.

"I absolutely agree with you that this matter is not one to be decided with any reference to the personal preferences or interest of any man, but purely from the standpoint of the interests of the people as a whole. I will accept the nomination for president if it is tendered to me, and I will adhere to this decision until the convention has expressed its preference.

Stands For Principle.

"One of the chief principles for which I have always endeavored and always shall endeavor to reduce to action, is the genuine rule of the people; and *therefore*, I hope that, so far as possible, the people may be given the chance, through direct primaries, to express their preference as to who shall be the nominee of the Republican presidential convention."

The letter from the governors to Colonel Roosevelt, which is dated at Chicago Feb. 10, is as follows:

"We, the undersigned Republican governors, assembled for the purpose of considering what will best insure the continuation of the Republican party as a useful agency of good government, declare it our belief, after a careful investigation of the facts, that a large majority of the Republican voters of the country favor your nomination, and a large majority of the people favor your election as the next president of the United States.

"We believe that your candidacy will insure success in the next campaign. We believe that you represent, as no other man represents, those principles and policies upon which we must appeal for a majority of the votes of the American people, and which, in our opinion, are necessary for the happiness and prosperity of the country.

Ask Prompt Reply.

"We believe that in view of this public demand you should soon declare whether, if the nomination for the presidency come to you unsolicited and unsought, you will accept it.

"In submitting this request we are not considering your personal interests. We do not regard it as proper to consider either the interests or the preference of any man as regards the nomination for the presidency. We are expressing our sincere belief and best judgment as to what is demanded of you in the interests of the people as a whole. And we feel that you would be unresponsive to a plain public duty if you should decline to accept the nomination, coming as the voluntary expression of the wishes of a majority of the Republican voters of the United States, through the action of their delegates in the next national convention."

Waves Reporters Away.

Boston, Feb. 26. — Colonel Roosevelt had nothing further to add to his letter to the several governors who wished to know if he would accept the Republican nomination for president. He received the reporters at the home of Judge Robert Grant, with whom he is stopping, and chatted on various topics, but always parried any question as to the "letter of acceptance" if he gets the nomination, with a wave of the hand such as a traffic policeman uses when stopping an automobile, and remarked, "Absolutely nothing to say."

The reporters told the colonel that there appeared to be considerable confusion in the public mind as to just what he meant in his Columbus speech in regard to the recall of judges and judicial decisions, and he said: "I shall reiterate by statement later and put it in plainer language."

Taft Feels Aggrieved.

Washington, Feb. 26. — President Taft and his political managers had no public comment to make on the Roosevelt statement, but to a United States senator who talked with Mr. Taft in regard to the statement the president said: "I know we are right, and I am confident that we will be successful."

The statement was received by Republicans with varying opinions, but all agree that it was stronger and more to the point than they had anticipated. Colonel Roosevelt, in their opinion, has said not only that he would accept the nomination if it comes to him, but also, "I am a candidate; nominate me."

The decided turn in the situation has again revived talk of Associate Justice Charles E. Hughes as a possible compromise candidate. It is the belief in Washington that the president, in the event of Roosevelt's gaining the upper hand in the Chicago convention, would throw his support to Hughes or to some other candidate before he would see the honor conferred upon Roosevelt.

The president is said to have received Roosevelt's statement not in anger, but in great pain. The receipt of the statement meant to him the blasting forever of a friendship that had for years been warm and intimate.

The Roosevelt headquarters issued a statement denying the report that Roosevelt intends, if defeated in the Chicago convention, to organize a third party.

THE LID LIFTERS.

Colonel Roosevelt's letter announcing that he would accept the Republican presidential nomination, if tendered him, was sent to the following governors, who asked him for a straight out-and-out answer as to whether he would head the national ticket if the honor came unsolicited:

Chester P. Aldrich, Nebraska.
Robert P. Bass, New Hampshire.
William E. Glasscock, West Virginia.
Herbert S. Hadley, Missouri.
Joseph M. Carey, Wyoming.
Chase S. Osborn, Michigan.
W. R. Stubbs, Kansas.

SURRENDERS TO THE VASQUISTAS

Ciuded Juarez Now in Hands of the Rebels.

SKIRMISH LASTS FEW MOMENTS

Citizen Guards Soon See Folly of Keeping Up Fight.

Realizing That They Are Outnumbered and Could Not Hope To Cope with Rebel Forces, Citizens, Armed by Madero, Retire, Abandoning the City to the Vaquistas. *Order Restored in City.*

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 27.— Ciuded Juarez surrendered to the Vasquistas under General Emilio Campa shortly after 10 o'clock this morning, after a skirmish lasting only a few moments.

After waiting for two hours, supposedly for reinforcements, General Campa ordered the attack on the city.

The 400 citizen guards who had been armed by the Madero government, formed at the outskirts of the city and fired on the approaching rebels from their housetops.

The Vasquistas returned the fire and for a few moments a fierce fire continued.

Realizing that they were outnumbered and could not hope to cope with the rebel force, the citizens guards retired, abandoning the city to the rebels. The firing ceased and General Campa made an effort to restore order in the city.

Cowboys in Battle.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 27.—A band of American cowboys from Marfa today engaged a force of Mexicans on the Nelson-Morris ranch opposite Sierra Blanca, according to reports received here. The outcome of the fight is not yet known. The reports declare the rebels approached the ranch yesterday afternoon and demanded stores, saddles, horses and guns. Brown Pascual, manager of the ranch refused, and with four Americans and five Mexicans, withdrew to the ranch where they were immediately besieged by the rebels. Shots were exchanged throughout the night and a Mexican blacksmith is reported to have been killed.

A special train carrying troops to Juarez passed through Sierra Blanca last night and a Mexican blacksmith is reported to have been killed. The commanding officer refused to send a detachment to the relief of the Morris outfit, and a band of cowboys, heavily armed, set out to the relief of the beset ranchers.

Both El Paso and Juarez spent a restless night. By midnight, the rebels had moved around Juarez and were camped northwest of the town only about a mile from El Paso. This is the same point from which Madero started his attack. A general attack was expected this morning, and by daylight occasional firing was heard from the rebel camp.

Patrol Established.

The American troop patrol was immediately established and Americans began flocking down to the river to witness the expected conflict.

Officers today declared a thorough investigation would be made of the firing on K company, of the Texas militia, during the night. The militiamen were guarding the El Paso electric light plant when a score of shots were directed at them from behind box cars on the Mexican side. Maxim silencers were used on the guns and for a time the guardsmen could not determine the direction from whence the shots were coming. One bullet pierced the hat of one of the guardsmen.

The situation was extremely critical this morning and the citizens of El Paso declare that if the bullets menace the city during the fight today they will cross the border, engage the rebels and protect their own homes if the regular troops fail to act.

Battle All a Farce.

Washington, Feb. 27.—There was almost a fearful, sanguinary battle at Juarez, Mexico, today—almost. And, according to official dispatches to the war department, it was all a mistake.

Colonel Steever, commanding the American troops at El Paso, wired Major General Wood all about the horror that nearly transpired. It seems, according to Steever, that the federals at Juarez were really anxious to greet the Vasquistas. They got upon housetops and thought it would be splendidly appropriate to fire a salute in honor of the approaching and conquering heroes.

They fired the salute, but found to their utter dismay that the invading army mistook their friendly greeting for a hostile demonstration. The Vasquistas returned the fire with a vengeance, and then the would-be saluters had to fire back.

Steever closed his dispatch with the statement that there was all sorts of merrymaking in Juarez today, although some of it was riotous. No shots crossed the border.

DETECTIVE STILL AFTER M'NAMARAS

Burns Tries To Connect Them with Quebec Bridge Disaster.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—That the Quebec bridge which fell into the St Lawrence river late in August, 1907, killing 64 men and doing millions of dollars damage, was wrecked by agents of the bridgemen's union, operating under the direction of the McNamaras, is believed to be the theory on which American detectives in Canada are now working.

For weeks past many inquiries have been made here, in Quebec and in Ottawa, and examination of the evidence taken by the royal commission has been made by men believed to be in the employ of the Burns detective agency. William J. Burns himself has visited Canada several times during the past year, having been here and in Ottawa, and it is said that his attention has been called to the possibility of the connection of the McNamaras with the terrible catastrophe of 1907.

Never offer a man advice until you find out just what kind he wants.

ONLY MAN WH CAN RUN THI

He Is Roosevelt, the B of Traditions,

DECLARES COLONEL HENRY WATTE

True Character of Ex dent Is Painted.

Roosevelt's Egotism Is Ill Unparalleled in Any Gene the American People, but Doomed To Meet an Inglor feat at the Polls, Even If ted, Says Watterson.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 26. editorial in the Courier-Jou day, Henry Watterson re Roosevelt's announcement lows:

"Theodore Roosevelt is formally-announced candid the presidency. His letter that fact is an answer to on him by seven governors tw ago, urging that he should whether, if the nomination him unsolicited and unsoug would accept it. His repl will accept the nomination dent if it is tendered to m will adhere to this decision convention has expressed it ence.'

"It is not likely that this prise many intelligent peo there are not many left v not believed for months would accept another nomi he could get it. Certainly, adopted the policy of si answer to all inquiries wh would accept, there has been for doubt on that point.

A Promise Breaker

"There may be a few now-proclaimed decision w but those few could never ized the true character of One who broke every prec tradition of his office whil in the White House—and almost every day—can only to break the third-term about the only one he ha broken. It would cap his ambition to be recorded as the first man bold er brush aside that tradition the presidency for a third

"Besides, the egotism table, unparalleled in any of the American people. Ir believes that he is the to do the job of governing try as it ought to be gove for that matter, to do a job as it ought to be don has got it into his head inhabitants of this count of all other countries, be also.

Pump Wrong Wa

"The effort to secure fo nomination will now becom interesting. His partisans several weeks have been in attempting to pump up 'e eous demand' for him, wi forced and go to work doubled energy. But, in t Journal's opinion, the pum used, before very long. fiate a boom, but in a to expel the water from ship.

"The Courier-Journal think that he has a cha nomination, but if, by hoo he should get it, no predic he better warranted that would come to his own in ious defeat at the polls."

EQUALIZATION BOARD FINISHES ITS WORK

Will Not Convene Again Until Next Fall.

SOME OF THE WORK DONE BY THE BOARD

The Members of the Board State They Complete Adjustment of Valuations Without a Great Deal of Trouble and With a Fair Measure of Satisfaction.

Members of the county board of equalization, composed of County Auditor Jay Spaulding, County Surveyor George E. Dwyer and County Commissioners Henry Seiter, A. K. Trout and J. K. Leeper, finished up its work Saturday afternoon, and will not convene again until next fall.

The board members say they completed the adjustment of complaints without much difficulty, apparently to the satisfaction of all. Comparatively few complaints were filed.

Saturday afternoon the board adjusted the last complaints filed. These involved the property valuations of Erman Finch and E. D. Leach, of Green Camp; C. R. Conklin, J. P. Augenstine and Roxanna Pierce, of Waldo, and John Baldinger and the late P. W. Holverstott in Claridon township.

No changes were made in the Green Camp valuations, while at Waldo the only change made was to take $250 off the property of C. R. Conklin and place it on the property of J. P. Augenstine. In Claridon township the valuation on the farm land of John Baldinger was reduced three dollars an acre and added to the land valuation of the P. W. Holverstott estate, which had been appraised at $51.12 an acre. The Holverstott farm adjoins the Baldinger farm.

The city board of review will begin its work the first Monday in May.

FRANCES WILLARD MEMORIAL SERVICE

Gathering Is Held at Wesley M. E. Church Sunday.

A Frances Willard Memorial service was held at the Wesley M. E. church, Sunday evening, and was very largely attended. The service was held under the auspices of the Florence Richards W. C. T. U. and during the evening two new members were received by the union.

The program was opened with devotions conducted by Mrs. S. T. Elliott, followed by a vocal duet by Misses Hazel Davis and Laura Holmes.

Mrs. A. O. Jennings, county president, gave an interesting reading and a song was rendered by the union. Mrs. T. F. Spragg gave a reading. Miss D. N. Kelly contributed a piano solo as did also Mrs. Bertha Brobeck. Miss Hazel Davis also gave a reading and Mrs. E. Sherwood gave a vocal solo. A reading by Mrs. David Taylor was very interesting. Rev. D. N. Kelly, pastor of the church, gave a fine address along the line of the W. C. T. U. work.

CONTRACTS FOR THE QUARTERLY SUPPLIES

The County Commissioners Let the Contracts Saturday.

Contracts for quarterly supplies of the various county officials were awarded by competitive bidding by the county commissioners, Saturday afternoon, the successful bidders being as follows:

W. H. Staaage, of Columbus, stationery, etc., $107.50; Richard Horn, of Marion, legal blanks, $28.85; W. H. Staaage, of Columbus, specials for county surveyor's office, $35, and the Monarch Printing company, printing, $59.35.

Even a cat has too much sense to cry over spilled milk.

RUN ON A BANK PROVES DISASTROUS

Columbus Trust Company in Hands of State Official.

Columbus O., Feb. 27.—Following a steady withdrawal of deposits since the first part of December, F. E. Baxter, state superintendent of banks and banking, took charge of the Columbus Savings and Trust company, and its affairs will be liquidated by the state department of banks and banking.

It is stated by the state superintendent and by officials of the closed institution that, while a good proportion of the stock may be absorbed in the process of liquidation, depositors and other creditors of the institution will be paid in full. However, under the state banking law, no dividend can be paid to depositors until 90 days have elapsed from date of closing.

Cement Coffins Latest.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Cement coffins for dogs is the latest "innovation in the use of cement," shown at the cement exhibit just opened here.

A COLUMBUS LAD KILLS WEE BROTHER

Blows Babe's Head Off with a Shotgun Early Today.

Columbus, O., Feb. 26.—Surrounded by his three brothers and sisters, all of them clad in their night clothes, and playing in their bedroom, Elmer Schneider, eight, blew off the head of his brother, Lester, three, with a shotgun early today. The mother, who was in the yard of the home, rushed to the children's bedroom and fainted as she attempted to lift the headless body of her youngest child from the pool of blood in which it was lying.

While all other articles of diet cost a great deal more in London now than they did in 1900, yet rice and potatoes are a great deal cheaper than they were.

QUARTET OF YOUNG WOMEN IS ARRESTED

They Plead Guilty Before Mayor And Are Fined.

THE FINES ARE PAID AND RELEASE SECURED

An Italian Junk Dealer Is Robbed and Complains to the Police—An Arrest May Follow as Result of a Clue—Some Police Court Items of Interest.

Between 10 and 11 o'clock Saturday night, Chief McDonough and Captain Boud made the rounds of the West End and, as a result of the inspection trip, they found a house where four young women were harbored. The indications were that the women were inhabiting a house of ill fame and, as a result, affidavits were filed against the quartet Monday morning.

The four persons were ordered to appear before the mayor and were not long in complying with the order. They gave their names as Maud Davidson, Mabel Brown, Sarah Evans and Violet Snodgrass. They were all charged with frequenting a house of ill fame and each entered a plea of guilty to the charge. The Davidson woman was fined $25 and each of the other three $10. They settled the fines and were released.

An Italian junk dealer, who disposes of his merchandise at Brown's junk shop, reported to the police, Saturday night, that some person broke into his wagon and stole about four dollars' worth of rubber. About a week ago the man reported the loss of several hides in a similar manner, but an effort to locate the stolen property was without success. The police have a slight clue to the guilty party and an arrest may follow.

NOTE FROM MOTH RECEIVED BY TI

"My Boy Ain't No Rose. B but Teach Him."

"My boy ain't no r smell him, but teach him." the text of a note written b to a teacher in West Ma the teacher sent the boy h note to his mother tellin he needed a bath. "The sitting close to him in complaining," said the tea

Sunday was a busy day pils of the Davids Street b of whom, numbering 280 dered to take a series of t cated baths for the itch ar lice, the first to be take However, the pupil, who wrote the note quoted to t is not a student of the Da building.

So far as known the t the 280 pupils took the bath ordered for Sunday, to directions of the board and, so far as is now kno them took the other dered for Wednesday and this week.

"Everybody looked decid Monday," remarked Supe H. A. Hartman when aske ing the wholesale baths.

A Transfer Made

A deed transferring 12 Salt Rock township by E Alice Browne to William Samuel E. Morral was record in the office of C corder E. F. Tittelbaugh morning. The price was $

If you are poorer than tions it is easy for you them.

SPRAYING MATERIALS AND Spray Pumps

You will find our stocks complete with the better kinds of all styles of

Small hand Spray 35c to 75c.
Myers' Brass Bucket Pumps, $3.50—$4.00.
Myers' Brass Bucket or Barrel Pumps $5.00.

Barrel Pumps

$8.00 and $10.00

Large Barrel Pumps, complete, ranging in price according to connection wanted.

DOW Lime and Sulphur

A clear and uniform solution, containing no sediment, 33 degrees Beaume. It is used by the largest fruit growers everywhere, also in this county, which is exclusive proof of its better qualities. Insist on having DOWS' Lime and Sulphur. Any quantity from gallons to barrels.

Thibaut & Mautz Bros.

HARDWARE

REV. HOMER E. ELLIOTT SELECTED FOR CHARGE

Will Be the Pastor of a Platteville Church.

Rev. Homer E. Elliott, of this city, has been named as pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Platteville, Shelby county, and will take charge of his new field at once. The appointment was made by District Superintendent David H. Bailey, of Bellefontaine, and is the first regularly-appointed assignment ever held by the young Marion minister, who has been engaged in evangelistic work in Indiana.

Rev. Mr. Elliott's appointment was made possible by District Superintendent Bailey as a result of the tragic death of the Platteville minister, who was killed by an interurban car about two weeks ago.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE JOINED IN MARRIAGE

Miss Elva Thomasson and Mr. W. G. Gillespie.

Miss Elva Thomasson and Mr. Wingot Gale Gillespie, both of Agosta, were united in marriage by Justice Charles E. Gompf in the probate court-room, Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

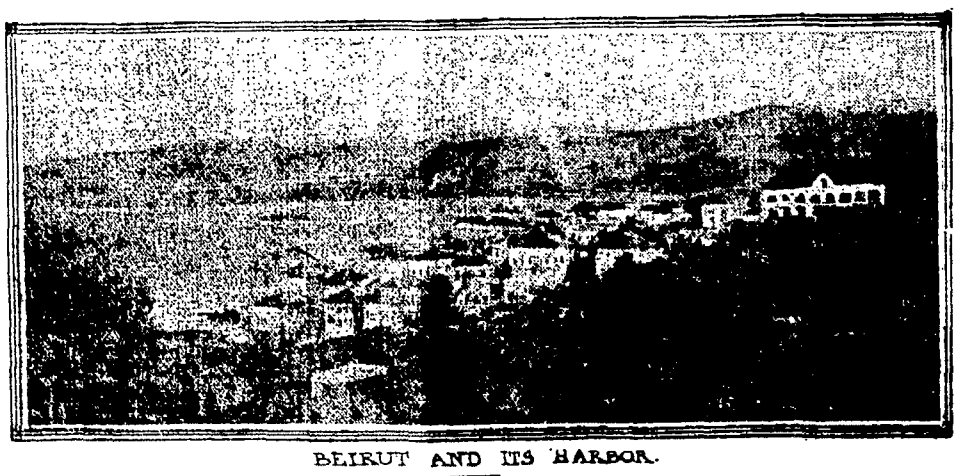
Mr. and Mrs. Gillespie will make their future home at Agosta.

Tatton to Penitentiary.

Sheriff John G. Stark took Carl McClain to the Ohio State penitentiary, Monday afternoon. McClain was sentenced to serve four years for burglarizing the Strallis clothing store.

Industry is the magnet that starts things our way.

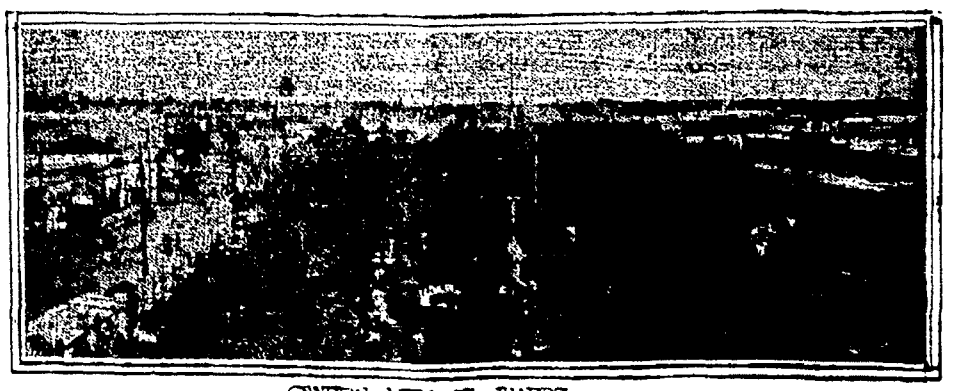
RENEWED ACTIVITY IN TURKISH-ITALIAN WAR; BEIRUT SHELLED.



BEIRUT AND ITS HARBOR.

Renewed activity in the Turkish-Italian war has suddenly developed. The Italian fleet attacked the city of Beirut, a Turkish port in Syria, and killed about sixty persons. The bombardment lasted only a short time, but it is expected that it will be renewed.

MEXICAN SITUATION SERIOUS; U. S. TROOPS TO PROTECT AMERICANS.



GENERAL VIEW OF JUAREZ

There is considerable unrest throughout Mexico, now that Pascual Orozco has turned rebel and taken the field against the Madero government. So serious has become the situation that the United States troops will cross the line if any American lives are endangered. Juarez is one of the hotbeds of rebel activity.

THE PENNIES IN THE BOX.

I'm Uncle Sam's most favored pet,
I'm hearty and I'm hale.
I've nothing in this forld to do
But glide round with the mail,
But one thing almost breaks my heart
And my nerrous system shocks;
It's the everlasting pennies
That I'm fishing from the box.

I carry stamps and envelopes
And postal cards, and such,
And I would like to sell a few—
'Twould please me very much:
But a man can't sell unless you buy,
No matter how he talks,
So I have to keep on diving
After pennies in the box.

It's all right in the spring time,
Or when the summer breezes blow;
But a different proposition
When it's thirty-two below;
When all your fingers and your toes
Are frozen hard as rocks
It's almost anything but *funny*
Scratching pennies from the box.

And now quite confidently,
I'll tell you something more:
A rural carrier—way out west—
Forgot himself and swore;
Said he, "I can stand the snowdrifts,
I can stand the frozen locks,
But blast the measly pennies
In the blasted measly box!"

When the roll is called up yonder,
And we all have gathered there,
They'll never let a mail man in
If they know he's learned to swear;
If you want the gate wide open
When your rural carrier knocks,
Buy stamps, and don't be guilty
Of putting pennies in the box.

Moral: Buy stamps of your carrier and don't compel him, when his fingers are benumbed with cold, to scratch around in the box for pennies.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SET PRICES AT GARY DINNERS

Report Is Made to the Stanley Steel Probers.

NO JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SCHEME

Home Competition Is Throttled by Steel Trust.

The Report Draws the Conclusion That Gary Dinner Agreements Between Manufacturers Are Just as Binding as "Pool" Agreement of the Old Days—The Business Controlled by Corporation.

STEEL CORPORATION FROM THE INSIDE

Stanley steel committee expert reports that

The United States Steel corporation operates in restraint of trade and controls eighty per cent of the country's steel trade

It manipulates prices through the "Gary dinners"

Eliminates competition through control of raw materials and interlocking control of companies.

J P Morgan & Company was given nearly $70,000,000 in profits for promoting the trust

In the first nine years of its existence, the trust made aggregate profits of more than $1,000,000,000.

Steel Report Made.

Washington, Feb. 28.—That the social functions known as "Gary dinners" control absolutely all the prices in the steel industry and that the United States Steel corporation is in restraint of trade through this price and control and its domination of raw material, were the conclusions reported to the Stanley steel committee of the house, today, by Farquhar J. MacRae, the committee's expert accountant.

MacRae's report was the result of a detailed examination of the books of the Steel trust, made while the books were under subpoena by the committee. In several particulars, the report contradicts testimony given by officials of the trust before the committee.

The Gary dinners, the report says, operate to maintain prices and exclude competition.

"The arrangement is designed and intended so to operate," it continues, "and it does so operate, as to steel rails, although it is claimed that the so-called independent companies can cut prices without fear of penalty, except the dishonor of declaring in favor of the named price and then selling at some other price."

At the Gary dinners, representatives of the Steel corporation and independent concerns meet, and agree "to reduce their production conformably to the estimate demand existing."

No Justification.

"It can be no justification of the cooperation of the participants in the Gary dinners that no penalty attaches to a violation of the declarations mutually exchanged," the report commented, "because, perforce the anti-trust act would prevent the enforcement of any penalty for reducing prices or exceeding one's share of the business."

The report drew the conclusion that the Gary dinner agreements were in reality just as binding on steel manufacturers as the pool agreements of the old days, which were legislated against in the Sherman act.

A fabulous profit was made out of the formation of the Steel trust by J P. Morgan & Company, which framed the combination, the report says the Steel trust books show. A total of $69,300,000 was paid the Morgan concern for financing the syndicate that organized the trust. Of this, $62,500,000 was a promoter's profit, while the remaining $6,500,000 was the profit on a bond conversion scheme In the first nine years of its existence, the corporation earned net, the report said, $1,029,657,359, instead of $980,000,311 as is set forth in the reports of the corporation officials This amounts to a net profit of $13 a ton on finished steel products

Eighty per cent of the steel-producing properties of the country are dominated by the corporation, the report says although E. H. Gary and H C Frick told the president when they absorbed the Tennessee Coal & Iron company in 1907 that the trust controlled, and desired to control less than sixty per cent. of the steel business.

Even in making its profits, the report charges, the steel corporation restrains competition by concentrating the greater part of its profits in its operations on raw materials and semi-finished products, while confining the finished product plants to a low profit

This operates, acording to the report to keep the price of raw materials up to the advantage of the corporation, and the detriment of independent competitors.

The report showed in detail the dividends paid by the subsidiary companies of the Steel trust during the first nine years of its existence. The total amount was $753,124,386.53. The fact that the subsidiary companies operating in raw material made greater dividends than the finished product concerns, was cited to show that the corporations kept the price of raw material up to the embarrassment of competitors.

A voluminous argument in fourteen sections to prove the steel trust a combination in restraint of trade, was presented in the conclusions of the report.

The Acquisitions.

"One hundred and eighty-one previously-competing corporations were concentrated under the control of a single holding security company known as the United States Steel corporation. Among these concerns, the report sets forth ore owning and mining companies now restrained from competition in the sale of ore, railroads, combined to prevent competition, blast furnace plants, the combination of which eliminated competition in the sale of pig iron, coal and coke companies, and other formerly competing concerns.

The greater concerns in the iron and steel trade, the report said, were acquired at vastly inflated values, due to the superior effect given the merger by the elimination of the competition of these companies.

"Other acquisitions were made in related lines of business," the report said, "for which no explanation appears except the visible consequence, the removal of such concerns from the independent field."

This was the case, according to the report, in the absorption of the Tennessee Coal & Iron company.

In discussing the corporation's control of ore, the report asserts that, in all, 2,500,000,000 tons out of 4,462,940,000 tons of available ore in the country are under the control of the trust.

THE OLYMPIC IS DAMAGED

White Star Liner Hits Submerged Wreck.

TEARS A BLADE FROM PROPELLER

Will Go to the Irish Ports for Repairs.

The Big Ocean Craft Smashes into Sunken Derelict That Lies in Path of Ocean Liners Off Southampton. Officers Say Accident Will Not Delay Giant Vessel from Making Its Regular Port Calls.

Southhampton, Feb. 27.—Steaming along at top speed early today, the White Star liner, Olympic, largest of ocean craft, smashed into a submerged wreck tearing a blade from her propeller, according to a wireless message received at the local offices of the line. The first report said that the big liner had been seriously damaged, but would proceed under her own steam to Belfast, where she could be docked in the yard, where she was built.

Shortly afterward, however, the officials issued a statement saying the only damage was the loss of a propeller blade; that the big liner would make her regular port calls and discharge her passengers before proceeding to the Irish ports for repairs. According to the reports, next week's sailing date will be kept by the Olympic.

No particulars of the accident reached here. This is the second mishap to the big liner, as she narrowly escaped being sunk in collision with the British cruiser, Hawke, a year ago. At that time, she was rammed by the warship in the Solent and limped back to port with her main cargo hold filled with water.

The fact that there is a sunken derelict in the path of the ocean liners has caused apprehension here and the admiralty will probably try to locate and destroy it.

PUTS ROOSEVELT IN ANARCHIST CLASS

Senator Rayner Attacks Colonel's Columbus Speech.

Washington, Feb. 28. — Senator Rayner of Maryland delivered a notable speech in the senate on Colonel Roosevelt's Columbus utterances. He characterized Mr. Roosevelt's propositions in regard to the recall of the judiciary and judicial decisions as "seditious" and as the most dangerous doctrine ever brought forward by anyone who has the slightest regard for the stability of our institutions and whose opinion is entitled to any weight or respect.

"People who regard this merely as a flippant and impulsive utterance of a candidate for public office, who is trying to attract public favor, are making a great mistake," he continued. "In my judgment the ex-president has been reflecting over this proposition for years.

'Why not have a complete anarchy?" asked Senator Rayner. "Why have only partial anarchy? Why not carry the beautiful system to the utmost limit of its complete perfection?"

TAXI BANDITS IN THE TOILS

Woman Sleuth Given Credit for Clever Capture.

THREE MEN AND TWO WOMEN HELD

One of the Men Is Said To Have Confessed.

Part of Loot Is Located in Boston, Home of One of the Robbers—The Women Held Had Nothing To Do with the Theft, but Participated in the Swag, According to the Police Commissioner.

New York Feb. 27.—In connection with the daylight robbery of $25,000 from two messengers of the East River National bank, in Trinity Place, on Feb. 15, three men and two women are held at police headquarters. The men, one of whom is Geno Montani, the driver of the taxicab, who was released in the police court last week for lack of evidence, are charged with assault and robbery. The women are held as witnesses. The police say they had nothing to do with the robbery, but one of them participated in the swag.

So confident are the police that they have three of the bandits that they said that in the home of one of the prisoners in Boston they had found $750 in the identical wrappers in which it had been delivered to the East River bank messengers at the Produce Exchange bank at Beaver street and Broadway.

Loot In Deposit Vault.

In addition another of the trio under arrest says that $2,000 of the $25,000 is in a safety deposit vault in the Bowery bank under his name. This would indicate that one of the prisoners has confessed, but Commissioner Dougherty would not admit this.

Aside from whatever work the men detectives did in getting the men accused of the holdup, Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty lavished praise on Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, the police matron, who has won her way into the detective bureau because of the work she has done in getting evidnce against fortune tellers. It was she who got evidence so important that it sent Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty hustling around the city in an automobile and resulting in the arrest of the three men. As described by the detectives who spoke in admiration of Mrs. Goodwin, she was the "roper," that is, she helped get the prisoners wanted into the police net.

One of the men under arrest is Edward Kinman, a former prize fighter.

BERT FRANKLIN ADMITS GUILT

Government Scores Again in Dynamite Case.

THE CONFESSION IS NO SURPRISE

Franklin Endeavors To Bribe McNamara Juror.

It Is Understood That Franklin Will Appear as Chief Witness for State Against Attorney Clarence Darrow, Former Chief Counsel for the McNamaras, When He Is Freed on a Bribery Charge.

Los Angeles, Calif., Feb. 27.—Bert H. Franklin, formerly chief investigator for the defense during the trial of the McNamara brothers on charge of dynamiting the Los Angeles Times, today pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with bribing McNamara jurors.

It is understood that this means that Franklin will appear as the chief witness for the state against Clarence S. Darrow, former chief counsel for the McNamaras, when he is tried on a charge of bribery.

There is a report that Franklin was promised clemency or immunity if he would turn state's evidence against Darrow.

Sues Modern Woodmen.

Bloomfield, N. J., Feb. 28.—Because he was shot in the leg with the wadding of a blank cartridge while being initiated into the Modern Woodmen, John Hetzel is suing for $10,000 damages.

IS SENTENCED ONE MINUTE IN CUSTODY

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Frank Cererch, a saloon-keeper, was sentenced to one minute in custody and a fine of $50 by Judge Landis for passing a counterfeit ten-dollar bill that somebody had passed on him.

LEAVE TAXATION TO LEGISLATURE

Convention Committee Will So Report.

JUDGE DITTEY OPPOSES PLAN

He Attacks the Proposition for Classification.

Ohio Jurist Advocates the Abolition of All State Levies and Expresses Belief in Right of Commonwealth To Tax Incomes—Calls Other Plan Illogical and Unfair—The Committee's Plans.

Columbus, O., Feb. 28.—Classification of property for taxation was denounced, argument was made against the proposition that the legislature should be left entirely free in questions of taxation: facts were produced tending to show that Ohio's taxation can be made fair and equitable with proper administration of a modernized system of tax laws; a plea was made for exemption of woodlands to encourage reforestation: suggestions were put forth that provisions be drafted under which incomes and inheritances may be taxed equitably and by which a production tax may be levied on minerals; and a detailed explanation of his plan for abolishing the direct state levies for school and universities was made by Chairman R. M. Dittey of the state tax commission in his address before the taxation committee of the constitutional convention.

Judge Dittey cited instances from other states to show that where classification was authorized or where the legislature was left free to act, no better results had been accomplished than in Ohio.

Judge Dittey suggested that attempts be made in good faith to carry the present uniform tax rule into effect. He referred to the "failure of the legislature to enact proper legislation and an unwillingness on the part of the officials to perform their duties" in the past.

Could Use Other Funds.

Judge Dittey branded the direct state levy as illogical, unscientific and unfair. He argued that the abolition of the direct levy for schools and abolition of the apportionment of the funds so raised back to the various school districts would affect in no wise weak school districts, which might be cared for out of other of the state's revenues.

Continuing, he said: "There can be little doubt of the right of the state to provide for the taxation of incomes under the present constitution, provided the requirement of uniformity of operation be conformed to, but it may be seriously questioned whether a tax on incomes arising from particular kinds or classes of property would be constitutional. The suggestion of the commission is that the general assembly be given a free hand in levying such special taxes."

It became known after the meeting that the taxation committee is to bring in a report embodying the Wisconsin plan, which leaves all questions of taxation up to the legislature

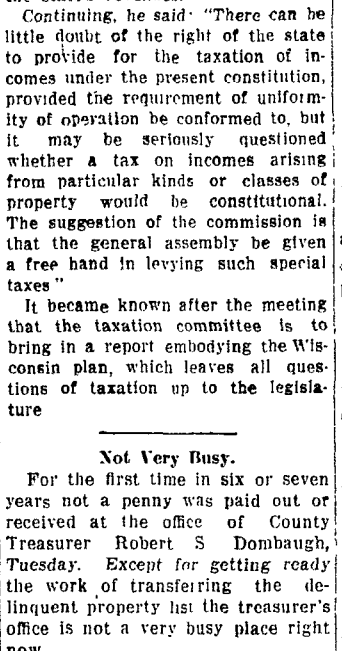
Not Very Busy.

For the first time in six or seven years not a penny was paid out or received at the office of County Treasurer Robert S Dombaugh, Tuesday. Except for getting ready the work of transferring the delinquent property list the treasurer's office is not a very busy place right now.

DIEGLE GOES TO THE PENITENTIARY

Uses Automobile in Order To Reach the Prison.

Columbus, O., Feb 27.—Rodney Diegle, convicted sergeant-at-arms of the state senate, went to the penitentiary this afternoon. With



RODNEY J. DIEGLE.

his brother and Harry Young, assistant clerk of the house of representatives, Diegle drove up to the courtbouse in an automobile got a deputy sheriff and then drove to the penitentiary.

BETTSVILLE HAS DISASTROUS FIRE

Business Section of Village Is Completely Wiped Out.

Bettsville, O., Feb. 28.—Fire at an early hour this morning completely destroyed the business section of this village and burned several residences.

The loss will be between $100,000 and $150,000. Fire-fighting apparatus was sent from Toledo and other nearby cities, but was useless as the water supply was far from the burning village. The villagers fought the conflagration with bucket brigades and hand chemicals. It is not known how the fire started. Flames were seen shooting from one of the stores shortly after midnight.

When the alarm was sounded, men and women tumbled from their beds, some barely escaping from the frame structures, which burned with almost incredible rapidity. Telephone exchanges were burned. The loss is partially covered by insurance. The village has a population of about 500.

WESTERN UNION FILES PROTEST

Declares Lives of Employes Are in Great Danger.

Columbus, O., Feb. 28.—Pleading that the lives of its employes are in danger, the Western Union Telegraph company today asked the state public utilities commission to compel the Cleveland-Painesville-Eastern railway to remove a high tension wire it is stringing parallel with the telegraph company's line between Painesville and Willoughby.

The complainant says that the high tension transmission line being strung by the railway is so close to its own line that a heavy wind or sleet storm would swing the new wire into its line and send such a high voltage into the railroad stations of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern as to endanger the lives of telegraph operators.

DIEGLE LOSES HIS BRAVADO

Breaks Down When Big Prison Gates Close.

HIS BIG FRAME SHAKES WITH SOBS

Diegle Buries His Identity in a Number.

With Former Senate Sergeant-at-Arms Safely Behind the Bars, the State Turns Its Efforts for Further Prosecution of Other Indicted Men—Andrews To Go on Trial Next Monday.

Columbus, O., Feb. 28.—No. 41,092. The identity of Rodney J. Diegle, former senate sergeant-at-arms, newspaper correspondent and story teller extraordinary, is now buried in a number.

Clad in the regulation convict uniform of gray and black, the convicted go-between in legislative bribery, today began his first full day behind the bars in the Ohio penitentiary. Diegle entered the penitentiary yesterday, and not until the massive doors closed behind him did the bravado that has been his since he was first placed on trial, disappear. His big frame shook with sobs, and tears welled to his eyes.

With Diegle safely behind the bars, the state is now turning all its efforts to further the prosecution of the other indicted legislators. Senator L. R. Andrews, of Lawrence county, charged with accepting a bribe of $200 in connection with the Whittemore insurance bill, will be the next man to face a jury.

Trial Date Fixed.

Prosecutor Turner has announced that his trial will start next Monday, and will be followed by that of Senator Huffman, of Butler county

Inasmuch as the validity of dictagraph evidence has been sustained by common pleas, circuit and state supreme courts, Prosecutor Turner announced today that the presentation of the state's case in each of the coming trials will be short The principal witnesses will be the Burns detectives and the stenographer, who took notes from the dictagraph. The indicted men say they will fight the cases to the last. The same attorneys who acted for Diegle will represent the defense in the trials to come.

Nesbitt in the Race.

W. H. Nesbitt, of Claridon township, has entered the contest for the nomination of county commissioner on the Republican ticket.

WASHINGTONIANS ARE MUCH FOR LIQUOR

Washington, Feb. 28.—Liquor worth $7,000,000 is used here annually, Webb, Democrat, of North Carolina, declared in a lecture, saying there are fifty saloons between the capitol and White House

WETS BEATEN IN CONVENTION

King License Plan Defeated by Four Votes.

PROPOSAL IS NOW CONSIDERED DOOMED

Drys Are Now Backing Winn Substitute.

The Wets Realize That They Lack Enough Votes To Put Their Program Through and a Compromise Is Expected To Result—King Proposal Is Laid on the Table—King's Own Plans.

Columbus, O., Feb. 27.—Wets were beaten fifty-seven to fifty-three in a test vote in the constitutional convention this morning when a modification of the King license proposal was laid on the table. King himself offered the modification

The vote indicates that the wets, even after giving ground and meeting some of the objections of their opponents, still lack votes to carry through their license program. The original King proposal, pending before the convention, is considered doomed and interest now centers on the nature of the compromise that is almost certain to be worked out.

The Winn substitute, on which a vote will be taken tomorrow, limits saloons to one for every 1,000 inhabitants and provides forfeiture for law-breakers. The drys are backing it.

Judge King took the floor immediately upon assembling this morning and offered the revised draft of his proposal.

The wording was changed so as to safeguard future local-option laws, to make the proposal less ambiguous and to strike out a clause which has been attacked because it was charged that it would nullify all regulatory laws and ordinances.

NO DIVORCE FOR CROKER'S DAUGHTER

Jury Finds No Wrongdoing on Part of Husband.

New York, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Ethel Crocker Breen, daughter of the old time Tammany boss, will not get a divorce from her horseman husband, John J. Breen, at present. The jury before which her action was tried reported to Justice Goff today that it was unable to agree and was discharged. It was stated that it stood eight to four for a verdict in favor of Mrs. Breen, but the four members insisted that there was no proof of Breen's alleged wrongdoing with Miss Diehl, the Toronto telephone girl.

Attorneys for Mrs. Breen announced that they will ask an immediate retrial.

NINE GOVERNORS RIDE WITH TAFT

Reserve Choice Seats in Band Wagon by Wire.

SLAP AT BACKERS OF MR. ROOSEVELT

Three Other Executives Also Claimed by Taft.

President's Washington Headquarters Gives Out Statement Showing That Taft Has Gone Roosevelt Two Better in Matter of Annexing Governors—Expects To Have More Executive Supporters Soon.

Washington, Feb. 28.—At Taft campaign headquarters it was announced that telegraphic pledges of support had been received from nine Republican governors, as follows Eberhart, Minnesota; Carroll, Iowa; Hay, Washington; Goldsborough, Maryland, Tener, Pennsylvania; Hooper, Tennessee. Spry, Utah; Pennewell, Delaware, and Pothier, Rhode Island. In addition to the signed statements made public, the Taft managers claimed the support of Governors Deneen, Illinois, Oddie, Nevada, and Mead, Vermont

The announcement from the Taft bureau is taken as an answer to the Chicago conference of seven governors, upon whose solicitation Colonel Roosevelt based his formal entry of the presidential contest

The governors who have declared for Roosevelt are Glasscock, West Virginia; Aldrich, Nebraska, Bass New Hampshire, Osborn, Michigan, Stubbs, Kansas, Hadley, Missouri and Johnson, California.

In 1910 the South, including Missouri and Oklahoma, produced 79,993,639 barrels of petroleum, or more than thirty-eight per cent of the 209,556,048 barrels produced in the United States.

Arkansas has the hottest springs in the word at Hot Springs, sixty in number.

HUNT SHAKES UP THE DETECTIVES

Five Out of Twenty-Four Safe in Positions.

OTHERS REDUCED TO THE RANKS

Colonel Winder May Learn Aviation.

Will Changes Funeral Program. When Cortege Is Almost at Cemetery—Mt. Vernon Has a $15,000 Fire — Governor Harmon Loses Two Checks for $8,150—Granville Jewelry Store Is Robbed.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 28.—A shake-up in the local detective department, which has been expected for some time, was made by Mayor Henry T. Hunt and Safety Director Dennis Cash, and proved to be one of the most radical in the history of the police department. Only five detectives out of 24 were left secure in their positions, the others being reduced to the regular ranks. The wholesale reduction in rank of the detectives was brought about by an investigation in which, it is said, detectives of a well-known agency participated.

Ohioan to Study Aviation.

Columbus, O., Feb. 28.—Lieutenant Colonel Charles B. Winder, Ohio's crack rifle shot, may learn aviation at the government aviation school at Augusta, Ga. Application for him to enter the school was made to Brigadier James L. Allen, chief signal officer of the United States, by Adjutant General Weybrecht. Colonel Winder wants to learn aviation so as to make tests in shooting from aerial craft. It is thought that the permission will be granted.

Will Changes Funeral Program.

Bridgeport, O., Feb. 28.—After funeral services over Frederick Lobenstein, a wealthy German, were held, and the cortege had nearly reached the cemetery, the procession was stopped by the deceased's attorney, who, after the funeral services had started opened his will and found that he had made a last request to be cremated. The funeral party turned back and the body was sent to Pittsburg to be reduced to ashes.

Three Buildings Burned.

Mt. Vernon, O., Feb. 28.—Three of the principal business blocks in Chesterville were destroyed by fire. The postoffice is located in one of the rooms, but all the valuables were saved. The total loss on the buildings and their contents will reach $15,000, well covered by insurance. The fire is attributed to rats gnawing matches.

Harmon Minus Large Checks.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 28.—Governor Harmon has not been able to trace two checks, aggregating $8,150, which disappeared from his pocket while he was on his way to a bank to deposit them. The governor said he does not know whether he lost the papers or they were stolen. He has stopped payment.

Smash Window; Steal Gems.

Granville, O., Feb. 28.—A brick was hurled through the window of the jewelry store of Fed Buxton. Yeggs followed the brick through the window and carried off the recorations of jewels that were on display. The loss estimated by Mr. Buxton is between $200 and $250.

Killed Under Train.

Zanesville, O., Feb. 28.—Harry S. Whitten, 25, Baltimore & Ohio railroad fireman, was instantly killed under a train here. Steam from his own engine blinded him and he stepped in front of another train. He lived in Newark.

Dying From Nosebleed.

Findlay, O., Feb. 28.—Miss Hazelane Warner, 16, of Portage, is slowly bleeding to death. Her nose began bleddding eight days ago, and since that time no remedy applied has stopped the flow.

Drys Win at Dresden.

Zanesville, O., Feb. 28.—The village of Dresden, Muskingum county, voted dry by a majority of 55 at an election held under the Beal law. The village voted 10 wet at the recent county option election.

DUKE OF FIFE'S BODY IS PLACED IN A VAULT

Simple Funeral Services Held at St. George's Chapel.

Windsor, Eng., Feb. 28.—Simple funeral services were held at St. George's chapel today for the late Duke of Fife. King George, Queen Mary and many other members of royalty were present.

The body was placed in the royal vault. It will be removed in the fall and interred on the late duke's ancestral estate at Bremar, Scotland.

Shortening sleeves mean an inevitable season of long gloves.

CAN NOT AWAKEN GIRL.

Lisbon, O., Feb. 28.—Efforts of physicians for 18 hours have failed to bring Miss Daisy M. Purcell, 22, out of a trance into which she fell while praying at a revival at the Pentecostal Church of the Nazarene.

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